

Krantiguru Shyamji Krishna Verma

KACHCHH UNIVERSITY

BHUJ-370001

Ordinances and Regulations

(As per Guidelines of NEP 2020)

&

Syllabus

For Programmes of B. Com. (3 Years)

&

B. Com. Honours/Honours with Research (4 Years)

(For the candidates to be admitted from the academic year 2023 - 2024 onwards)

Syllabus of B.Com Sem I to Sem IV
(Major, Minor & Multidisciplinary Course)

Revised Syllabus of B.Com Sem I & Sem II

Krantiguru Shayamji Krishna Verma KACHCHH UNIVERSITY, BHUJ - 370001

National Education Policy 2020

Ordinances for B. Com = O. B. Com.

Regulations for B. Com = R. B. Com.

O. B. Com. 1. Eligibility:

For Admission: A student must have passed the Higher Secondary Examination (10+2) conducted by the Government of Gujarat and other State Government and Central Government Education Board.

O. B. Com. 2. Duration:

Credit Framework under Three/Four - Years UG Programme with Multiple Entry and Multiple Exit Options:

UGC has formulated a student centric Three/Four-year Bachelor's Degree Programme. Curriculum and Credit Framework for the Under Graduate Degree Programmes incorporating a choice-based credit system for students, multidisciplinary approach and multiple entry and exit options has also been created. It focuses on major and minor subjects as per the choices of exploring learning in different institutions.

The final credit framework for different level under Three/Four-year UG programme with multiple entry and exit options as per the UGC norms (with 10% variation on higherside) are given below, which should be strictly implemented by all universities:

Credit Framework for 3 Years/ 4 Years UG Programme

NCrF Credit Levels	Qualification Title	Credit Requirements	No. Of Semesters	Year
4.5	UG Certificate	44	2	1
5.0	UG Diploma	88	4	2
5.5	Three Year Bachelor's Degree	132	6	3
6.0	Bachelor's Degree Honours OR Bacherlor's Degree Honours with Research	176	8	4

I. The course period of Undergraduate Certificate is of one year. This one academic year is comprised of Two Semesters viz. Odd and Even semester. Odd semester (I)



- shall be from June / July to October / November and Even Semester (II) shall be from November / December to April/May. There shall not be less than 90 working days in each semester. A candidate can avail maximum of 14 Semester (7 Years), in a continuous stretch of 7 Years from the date of admission to complete Bachelor's Degree. However, for repeat Semesters the candidates shall appear in internal test and end semester examinations as per the current applicable syllabus.
- II. The course period of Undergraduate Diploma is of two academic years which are comprised of four semesters. Each academic year shall comprise of Two Semesters viz. Odd and Even semesters. Odd semesters (I, III) shall be from June / July to October / November and Even Semesters (II, IV) shall be from November / December to April/May. There shall be not less than 90 working days in each semester. A candidate can avail maximum of 14 Semester (7 Years), in a continuous stretch of 7 Years from the date of admission to complete Bachelor's Degree. However, for repeat Semesters the candidates shall appear in internal test and end semester examinations as per the current applicable syllabus.
- III. The course period of three years Undergraduate Degree Programme is of three years. Each academic year shall comprise of Two Semesters viz. Odd and Even semesters. Odd semesters (I, III, V) shall be from June / July to October / November and Even Semesters (II, IV, VI) shall be from November / December to April/May. There shall be not less than 90 working days in each semester. A candidate can avail maximum of 14 Semester (7 Years), in a continuous stretch of 7 Years from the date of admission to complete Bachelor's Degree. However, for repeat Semesters the candidates shall appear in internal test and end semester examinations as per the current applicable syllabus.
- IV. The course period of four years Undergraduate Degree Programme is of four years U.G. Each academic year shall comprise of Two Semesters viz. Odd and Even semesters. Odd semesters (I, III, V, VII) shall be from June / July to October / November and Even Semesters (II, IV, VI, VIII) shall be from November / December to April/May. There shall be not less than 90 working days in each semester. A candidate can avail maximum of 14 Semester (7 Years), in a continuous stretch of 7 Years from the date of admission to complete Bachelor's Degree. However, for repeat Semesters the candidates shall appear in internal test and end semester examinations as per the current applicable syllabus.



Sr.	Year Wise Distribution of Total Credi	to among Diffe		
No.	Category of Course		Credit Require	ement
1		3- Years' UG Programme (Bachelor's Degree)	4- Years' UG Programme (Bachelor's Degree- Honours)	4- Years' UG Programme (Bachelor's Degree Honours with Research)
l ———	Major (Core) Courses (With Internship)	68	92	92
2	Minor (Elective) Courses	24	32	32
3.	Multidisciplinary/Interdisciplinary/Allied Courses	12	12	12
	AEC (Ability Enhancement Courses)	10	10	10
•	SEC (Skill Enhancement Courses)	10	10	10
•	VAC (Value Added Courses) including (IKS) Indian Knowledge System	08	08	08
	Dissertation/Research Project	-	12.	12
		-	(On-The-Job Training)	(Research Project)
	Total Credits	132	176	176

It will not be mandatory to opt for fourth year for all those students who are taking admission in first year of Four Years UG Degree Programme (FYUGP) with effect from Academic Year2023-24. The Fourth Year Honours/ Honours with Research Programme (Level 6.0) will begin with specific quality standards, effective from Academic year 2026-27.

O. B. Com. 3. Areas of Specialization: (Discipline Specific Courses: Major Courses)

Candidates can opt for Major (specialization/Principal) in any one of the following are:

- (A) Advance Accounting and Auditing
- (B) Advance Statistics
- (C) Advance Business Management
- (D) Banking & Finance



O. B. Com. 4. The National Education Policy 2020 System:

All Programmes shall be run on National Education Policy 2020. It is an instructional package developed to suit the needs of students to keep pace with the developments in higher education and the quality assurance expected of it in the light ofliberalization and globalization in higher education.

The National Education Policy (NEP) 2020 (hereafter referred to as NEP or Policy) recognizes that higher education plays an extremely important role in promoting human as well as societal well-being and in developing India as envisioned in its Constitutiona democratic, just, socially conscious, cultured, and humane nation upholding liberty, equality, fraternity, and justice for all. It notes that "given the 21- century requirements, quality higher education must aim to develop good, thoughtful, well-rounded, and creative individuals".

The NEP 2020 states, "Assessments of educational approaches in undergraduate education that integrate the humanities and arts with Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics (STEM) have consistently shown positive learning outcomes, including increased creativity and innovation, critical thinking and higher-order thinking capacities, problem-solving abilities, teamwork, communication skills, more in-depth learning and mastery of curricula across fields, increases in social and moral awareness, etc., besides general engagement and enjoyment of learning"

Further, it also recommends that "the undergraduate degree will be of either 3 or 4-year duration, with multiple exit options within this period, with appropriate certifications, e.g. a UG certificate after completing 1 year in a discipline or field including vocational and professional areas or a UG diploma after 2 years of study or a Bachelor's degree after a 3-year programme. The 4-year multidisciplinary Bachelor's programme, however, shall be the preferred option since it allows the opportunity to experience the full range of holistic and multidisciplinary education in addition to a focus on the chosen major and minors as per the choices of the student".

In accordance with the NEP 2020, the UGC has formulated a new student-centric "Curriculum and Credit Framework for Undergraduate Programmes (CCFUP) incorporating a flexible choice-based credit system, multidisciplinary approach, and multiple entry and exit options. This will facilitate students to pursue their career path by choosing the subject/field of their interest.



O. B. Com. 5. Courses in Programmes:

The B. Com. programme consists of a number of courses. The term 'course' is applied to indicate a logical part of the subject matter of the programme and is invariably equivalent to the subject matter of a "paper" in the conventional sense. The following are the various categories of Courses suggested for the B. Com. programmes.



Table 1: Credit Structure for Bachelor of Commerce (B.Com.) – Honours with and without Research

Arrangement of Credit Distribution Framework for three/four years Honours/Honours with Research Degree Programme with Multiple Entry and Exit Options for all the institutions: (As per GR No: KCG/admin/2023-24/0607/kh.1, Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar, Date-11/07/2023)

Qualification/ Certificate	Total Credit per Semester	RP/ OJT	VAC/ IKS	SEC/ Internship	AEC	Multi/Inter- disciplinary	Minor (Elective)	Major (Core)	Semester	NCrF Credit Level	
UG	22	-	(IKS)	2 (SEC)	2	4	4	8	I	4.5	
Certificate	22	(*)	(VAC)	2 (SEC)	2	4	4	8	II	First Year	
	44	-	4	4	4	8	8	16	r Total	~	
Internship in	of Summer	credits o	litional 4	edits with ado	th 44 cr	ajor course wi	ficate in M	UG certi	: Award of	Exit 1	
UG	22	or the m		01	With man	OR continue	ined course	NSQF def	ore specific	DAIC 1	
			(IKS)	Z (SEC)	2	4	•	12	ш	5.0	
Diploma	22	-	(VAC)	2 (SEC)	2	-	4	12	IV	Second Year	
	88	•	8	8	8	12	12	40	ar Total	2 nd Ye	
ternship in co F credit level	Summer I	redits of	tional 4 c	dits with addi	h 88 cre	ior course wit	loma in Ma	CTIC Dia	edits	Cre	
F credit level UG	he next NC	ırse for t	linor cou	Major and N	nue with	urse OR conti	defined co	itic MEOE	t 2: Award	Exi	
	22	-	-	2 (SEC)	T -	il se die control	8	12	spec V		
Degree	22		-	4	2				1 2	5.5 Third	
				(Internship)	2		4	12	VI	Year	
	132	-	8	14	10	12	24	64	Year Total Credits		
with Major a	R continue	cipline C	core dis	Internship in	lits and	e with 132 cre	nior cours	muss in M	LCHOD		
TIC			dit level	ext NCrF cre	for the	Minor course	ajor cours	gree in M	1 01 UG De	Awar	
UG	22	(OJT)		-	-		4	12	VII	6.0	
Honours Degree	22	(OJT)	-	-	+		4	12	VIII	Fourth Year	
	176	12	8	14	10	12	32	88	ear Total redits	4th Year	
	lits	176 cre	with total	faior course	ree in N	G Honours De	1.611				
UG	22	6 (RP)			_	-					
Honours		6 (RP)	1	-	•	•	4	12	VII	6.0 Fourt	
With	4		0					12	VIII	Year	
Degree							32	88			
		MI Askal									
research Degree	176	12	8	14	10	12 ours with Rese			I	1 V II	

Abbreviation: AEC (Ability Enhancement Course); IKS (Indian Knowledge System); NCrF (National Credit Framework); NSS (National Service Scheme); NCC (National Cadet Corps); NSQF (National Skills Qualification Framework); OJT (On-the-Job Training); SEC (Skills Enhancement Course); RP (Research Project); VAC (Value Added Course), ODL (Open and Distance Learning)

The Semester Wise and Broad Category Wise Distribution of Credit for Under Graduate Programme

	Un	der	Graduate Programme						
		Semester – I							
	Course Type	Co	urse No.	Credit					
	Disciplinary Specific Courses-Major	DS	C-M 101 A/B/C/D	4					
	Disciplinary Specific Courses-Major	DS	C-M 102 A/B/C/D	4					
	Minor Courses	MI	C 101 A/B/C/D/E/F	4					
	Interdisciplinary / Multidisciplinary Specific Courses	ID/	MD 101 A/B/C	4					
	Ability Enhancement Courses – MIL / Communication skills		C 101 A/B/C/D	2					
	Courses		C 101 A/B/C	2					
	Common Value - Added Courses	CVA	AC(IKS) 101 A/B	2					
	Total Credits			22					
	Community		Semester – II						
	Course Type		Course No.	Credit					
	Disciplinary Specific Course Major			4					
	Disciplinary Specific Cours Major	ses-	DSC-M 202 A/B/C/D	4					
-	Minor Courses		MIC 201 A/B/C/D/E/F	4					
	Multidisciplinary Specific Courses		ID/MD 201 A/B/C	4					
	Ability Enhancement Cours MIL / Communication skills	S	AEC 201A	2					
	C1-11 D-1		SEC 201 A/B/C	2					
4 = 1									
A A STATE			CVAC 201 A/B/C/D/E	2					



EXIT AFTER TWO SEMESTERS (AFTER ONE YEAR) AWARDING UG CERTIFICATE:

- Students in existing programme after securing 48 (44+4 internship) credits (1)shall be awarded UG certificate at the time of exit after successful completion of two semesters of first year in the relevant Discipline / Subject provided they secure 4 credits in workbased vocational courses offered during summer term or internship / Apprenticeship in addition to 6 credits from skill-based courses earned during 1st and 2nd Semester.
 - 4 Credits in work based vocational courses: Students shall have to earn 4 credits in workbased vocational courses offered during the summer term or Internship/Apprenticeship. Students can undertake this vocational training from anyone of the Following.
 - 1) Any Registered Chartered Accountant Firm
 - 2) Any Registered Insurance company
 - 3) Any Registered Bank
 - 4) Any Registered Organization
 - 5) Vocational training from Any Registered Higher Educational Institute
 - 6) Any Other Institute of Similar Nature
 - A student shall have to earn credits for said purpose as per the norms of (2) UGC. In this context 1 credit is equal to 45 working hours here 4 credits are allotted hence student shall have to work for 180 hours to earn such credit
 - This vocational training would commence after University examination of 2nd (3).Semester.
 - This Certificate awarding provision, college should bring to the notice of (4) students who are desire to take exit after successful completion of Semester 1 and Semester 2.
 - Students shall have to acquire vocational training completion certificate from (5) respective host Institute/Organization from where he/she has obtained Vocational Training.
 - A report of such credits earned by the students shall be sent by the respective (6)college to the Examination section of the Kachchh University as per the system developed by the Kachchh University.
 - If possible, for such kind of Internship/Apprenticeship college should undertake MOUs with relevant organizations/Institutes. A college may take the assistance of alumnus for stated training programme.
 - The registration of student shall be for the period of 7 years from the date of (8) his/her registration.
 - It shall be legitimate right of the student to get re-entry in Semester 3 within (9) 3 years and complete the degree programme within the stipulated period of 7

years. These 7 years shall be calculated from the date of registration.

- (10) If stated Vocational Training is not done by the student and she/he has discontinued his/her study after successful completion of Semester 1 and Semester 2, he/she is entitled to get re-entry in Semester 3 within prescribed duration/period. He/She will not have any claim to obtained U.G. Certificate.
- (11) On completion of registration period of 7 years student shall have to reregister with the Kachchh University and shall require to pay re-registration fee as per the prevailing norms of the Kachchh University.
- (12) A result of 2nd Semester shall not be declared by Kachchh University until the completion of stated Internship/Apprenticeship. (it is applicable to those students who has shown desire to get exit after Semester 2 with consent for such training)
- (13) A student who has successfully completed Semester 1, Semester 2 and Internship/Apprenticeship, information pertaining to U.G. Certificate along with earned 4 credits shall be disclosed in the Mark sheet of 2nd Semester of the respective students.
- (14) A certificate pertaining to Internship / Apprenticeship shall be provided by the Host Institute on its letter head duly signed by competent/authorized authority.
- (15) A copy of Internship/Apprenticeship certificate obtained by the student on successful completion of stated Internship/Apprenticeship should retain by the respective collegeas part of office record.
- (16) A specimen of Internship / Apprenticeship Certificate

To whom it may concern

	This	is	to	certify	that	(Mr/I	Ms/Mrs)				
				(Full	name of	the stud	dent as p	er admiss	sion f	orm) s	tudent
of								in full)			
compl	eted	summer-	Inte	rnship/App	renticeshi	p of	180	hours	in	the	field
of			(nan	ne of the sub	ject) fron	ito	und	er the gui	dance	of	
				(nam	e of the g	uide)	<u>,</u>				
During expose	gthe pered to diff	iod of b erent pro	is/her ocesses	Internship/A and was for	Apprentice	eship pr	ogramm	e with us	, he/s	she had	l been
We wi	sh him/h	er every	succes	ss in his/her	life and c	areer.					
For (N	ame of tl	ne compa	any)								

Authorized Signature

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Course Type	Course No.	Credit
Disciplinary Specific Courses- Major	DSC-M 301A/B/C/D	4
Disciplinary Specific Courses- Major	DSC-M 302 A/B/C/D	4
Disciplinary Specific Courses –Major	DSC-M 303 A/B/C/D	4
Interdisciplinary/ Multidisciplinary Specific Courses	ID/MD 301 A/B/C	4
Ability Enhancement Courses; MIL / Communication skills	AEC 301	2
Skill Enhancement Courses	SEC 301 A/B	2
Common Value - Added Courses	CVAC (IKS) 301 A/B	2
Total Credits		22
Seme	ster – IV Course No.	Credit
Disciplinary Specific Courses- Major		4
Disciplinary Specific Courses- Major		4
Disciplinary Specific Courses Major	DSC-M 403 A/B/C/D	4
Minor Courses	MIC 401 A/B/C/D/E/F	4
Ability Enhancement Courses	AEC 401	2
Skill Enhancement Courses	SEC 401 A/B	2
Common Value - Added Courses	CVAC 401 A/B	2 22



EXIT AFTER FOUR SEMESTERS: (AFTER TWO YEARS) AWARDING UG DIPLOMA:

- 1) Students in existing programme after securing 92 (88+4) internship credits shall be awarded UG Diploma at the time of exit after successful completion of four semesters of second year in the relevant Discipline / Subject provided they secure 4 credits in work based vocational courses offered during summer term or internship / Apprenticeship.
 - 4 Credits in work based vocational courses: Students shall have to earn 4 credits in work based vocational courses offered during the summer term or Internship/Apprenticeship. Students can undertake this vocational training from anyone of the Following.
 - 1) Any Registered Chartered Accountant Firm
 - 2) Any Registered Insurance company
 - 3) Any Registered Bank
 - 4) Any Registered Organization
 - 5) Vocational training from Any Registered Higher Educational Institute
 - 6) Any Other Institute of Similar Nature
- 2) A student shall have to earn credits for said purpose as per the norms of UGC. In this context 1 credit is equal to 45 working hours here 4 credits are allotted hence student shall have to work for 180 hours to earn such credit
- 3) This vocational training would commence after University examination of 4th Semester.
- 4) This Diploma awarding provision, college should bring to the notice of students who are desire to take exit after successful completion of Semester 1 and Semester 2.
- 5) Students shall have to acquire vocational training completion certificate from respective host Institute/Organization from where he/she has obtained Vocational Training.
- 6) A report of such credits earned by the students shall be sent by the respective college to the Examination section of the Kachchh University as per the system developed by the Kachchh University.
- The possible, for such kind of Internship/Apprenticeship college should undertake MOUs with relevant organizations/Institutes. A college may take the assistance of alumnus for stated training programme.
- The registration of student shall be for the period of 7 years from the date of his/her registration.
- 9) It shall be legitimate right of the student to get re-entry in Semester 5th within 2 years and complete the degree programme within the stipulated period of 7 years. These 7 years shall be calculated from the date of registration.



- 10) If stated Vocational Training is not done by the student and she/he has discontinued his/her study after successful completion of Semester 3 and Semester 4, he/she is entitled to get re-entry in Semester 5 within prescribed duration/period. He/She will not have any claim to obtained U.G. Certificate.
- 11) On completion of registration period of 7 years student shall have to re-register with the Kachchh University and shall require to pay re-registration fee as per the prevailing norms of the Kachchh University.
- 12) A result of 4nd Semester shall not be declared by Kachchh University until the completion of stated Internship/Apprenticeship. (it is applicable to those students who has shown desire to get exit after Semester 2 with consent for such training)
- 13) A student who has successfully completed Semester 3, Semester 4 and Internship / Apprenticeship, information pertaining to U.G. Diploma along with earned 4 credits shall be disclosed in the Marksheet of 4nd Semester of the respective students.
- 14) A Diploma pertaining to Internship / Apprenticeship shall be provided by the Host Institute on its letter head duly signed by competent/authorized authority.
- 15) A copy of Internship/Apprenticeship certificate obtained by the student on successful completion of stated Internship/Apprenticeship should retain by the respective college as part of office record.
- 16) A specimen of Internship / Apprenticeship Certificate

To whom it may concern

This	is	to	certify	that (Full	(Mr/Ms/M l name of the	student a				
of compl of	leted	summer	Intern(nam	e of the su	(name of renticeship ubject) from ne of the guid	of 180 _tou) hours	s in	the	sfully field
Durin expos	g the	period of lifferent pi	his/her In	nternship/ and was fo	Apprenticeshound diligent,	ip prograr hardwork	nme with	us, he/ quisitiv	she had e.	been
We w	rish hir	n/her ever	y success	in his/he	r life and care	eer.				
For (1	Name (of the com	pany)				11 3			
Autho	orized	Signature								



	Semester – V	
Course Type	Course No.	Credit
Disciplinary Specific Courses-	DSC-M 501	4
Major	A/B/C/D	
Disciplinary Specific Courses-	DSC-M 502	4
Major	A/B/C/D	
Disciplinary Specific Courses-	DSC-M 503	4
Major	A/B/C/D	
Minor Courses	MIC 501 A/B/C/D/E/F	4
Minor Courses	MIC 502 A/B/C/D/E/F	4
Skill Enhancement Courses	SEC 501 A/B	2
Total Credits		22
Se	emester – VI	
Course Type	Course No.	Credit
Disciplinary Specific Courses- Major	DSC-M 601 A/B/C/D	4
Disciplinary Specific Courses- Major	DSC-M 602 A/B/C/D	4
Disciplinary Specific Courses- Major	DSC-M 603 A/B/C/D	4
Minor Courses	MIC 601 A/B/C/D/E/F	4
Ability Enhancement Courses	AEC 601	2
Skill Enhancement Courses	SEC – Internship	4
Total Credits	·	22

EXIT AFTER SIX SEMESTERS:

AWARDING UG DEGREE (3 YEARS):

(1) Students who want to undertake 3-year U.G. Programme will be awarded U.G. Degree in the relevant Discipline / Subject by securing 132 credits.

HONORS

VII	
Course No.	Credit
DSC-M 701	4
A/B/C/D	
DSC-M 702	4
A/B/C/D	
DSC-M 703	4
A/B/C/D	
MIC 701	4
OJT 701	6
	22
- VIII	
Course No.	Credit
DSC-M 801	4
A/B/C/D	
DSC-M 802	4
A/B/C/D	
DSC-M 803	4
A/B/C/D	
MIC 801	4
OJT 801	6
	DSC-M 701 A/B/C/D DSC-M 702 A/B/C/D DSC-M 703 A/B/C/D MIC 701 OJT 701 - VIII Course No. DSC-M 801 A/B/C/D DSC-M 802 A/B/C/D DSC-M 803 A/B/C/D



HONORS WITH RESEARCH

HONORS	WITH RESEARCH	
Sem	nester – VII	
Course Type	Course No.	Credit
Disciplinary Specific Courses- Major	DSC-M 701 A/B/C/D	4
Disciplinary Specific Courses- Major	DSC-M 702 A/B/C/D	4
Disciplinary Specific Courses- Major	DSC-M 703 A/B/C/D	4
Minor Courses	MIC 701	4
Research Project	RP 701	6
Total Credits		22
Seme	ester – VIII	
Course Type	Course No.	Credit
Disciplinary Specific Courses- Major	DSC-M 801 A/B/C/D	4
Disciplinary Specific Courses- Major	DSC-M 802 A/B/C/D	4
Disciplinary Specific Courses- Major	DSC-M 803 A/B/C/D	4
Minor Courses	MIC 801	4
Research Project	RP 701	6
Total Credits		22

Project/Dissertation: (Guidelines)

- i. Above stated DSC-M and MIC courses should be completed in the first half of the VIIth & VIIIth Semester and in second half student should go with organization where projectis to be done or it can be done independently.
- ii. It should be original work.
- iii. It carries 6 credits in each semester.
- iv. It should be examined by the external examiner and Viva-Voce for the same is to be arranged by the examination section of Kachchh University. This test which 70% marks i.e. 70 marks for Project / Dissertation preparation and 30% marks for Project / Dissertation Viva-Voce examination, where student shall have to secure 40% marks individually from Project / Dissertation preparation and from



- Viva-Voce examination. That is project preparation 40% from 70 marks = 28 marks and Viva-Voce 40% from 30 marks = 12. Total 40 marks out of 100 are required for successful completion of project work.
- v. For Project / Dissertation preparation, guide shall be allotted by the respective college.
- vi. The title of Project / Dissertation can be selected from DSC-M or MIC or ID/MD or AEC or SEC or CVAS or IKS.
- vii. The mechanism of Viva-Voce shall be credited by the Kachchh University.

O. B. Com. 6. Credits:

An academic year is divided in to two semesters. In each semester, courses are offered in 15 teaching weeks and the remaining 5 weeks are to be utilized for conduct of examinations and evaluation purposes. Each week has 30 working hours spread over 6 days a week, consisting of lectures, courses, tutorial courses, practicum laboratory work, seminar, internship, studio activities, field practice/projects, community engagement and services.

O. B. Com. 7. Credits:

The term 'Credit' refers to the weightage given to a course, usually in relation to the instructional hours assigned to it. For instance, four hour theory course per week is given four credits. Three credit to three hour theory course per week. However, in no instance the credits of a course can be greater than the hours allotted to it. For practical subjects in Commerce 1 and ½ hours of course is given one credit.

The total minimum credits, required for completing a UG B.Com programme is 132 for 3 years UG degree programme and 176 for 4 years UG degree programme.

O. B. Com. 8. Course:

Each Course is to be designed by the competent authority of the Kachchh University in the form of lectures/ tutorials/ laboratory /field work/ seminar/ practical training/ assignments/ term paper or report writing etc. to meet effective teaching and learning needs.

O. B. Com. 9. Examinations:

There shall be university examinations at the end of each semester, for odd semesters in the month of October/November; for even semesters in April/May. A candidate who does not pass the examination in any course(s) shall be permitted to appear in such failed course(s) in the subsequent examinations to be held in October / November or April / May.



O. B. Com. 10. Evaluation System:

The evaluation process should be formulated to make a systematic evaluation of students' progress based on UGC guidelines. The evaluation must be designed with learner attributes in mind. These attributes have clear linkages to Programme Education Objectives and Outcomes. The evaluation consists of the following two components:

- 1. Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE)- Formative
- 2. Semester End Evaluation (SEE)- Summative

CCE carries 50% of the total marks allotted to a subject and the other 50% being assigned to the SEE.

In each course, every credit carries 25 marks, of which 50% marks is assigned for CCE and rest 50% marks for SEE. The 50% marks assigned to the CCE is distributed between the continuous classroom evaluation and mid-term evaluation. The pattern may be as follow:

r. No.	Evaluation	4 credit subjects (Marks)	2 credit subjects (Marks)
1	CCE (50%)	(**************************************	(Marks)
	Classroom & Mid-Term Evaluation	50	25
2 SEE (50%)	SEE (50%)	50	25
	Total	100	50

O. B. Com. 10.1 Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE)

Subject—wise CCE will be undertaken by the concerned faculty member. The mode of evaluation will be decided by the faculty member concerned with the subject. Normally CCE consists of class participation, case analysis and presentation, assignment, tutorials, slip tests (announced/surprised), quizzes, attendance etc. or any combination of these. The students are expected to submit their answer scripts/reports of internal evaluation within the stipulated time. Failure to do so may result in the script not being valued. Another part of CCE consists of mid-term written evaluation, which is compulsory for all students. It can be done in a scheduled manner. The duration of the mid-term evaluation shall be one hour.

O. B. Com. 10.2 Semester End Evaluation (SEE)

The SEE carries 50% of the marks assigned to a course. SEE shall be of 2 ½ hours for 4 credit course and 2 hours in case of 2 credit courses. The controller of the dexamination will conduct these examinations. Paper setting and evaluation will be done by the external examiners to an extent of 50% of the evaluation process. This examination shall be conducted as per a schedule which shall be notified in advance.

The backlog exam will be conducted twice a year just after the result declared of the semester evaluation. Students shall have a second chance to clear their backlog and avoid the burden to carry forward the backlog with the next semester exam.

Appearance in all the evaluations is mandatory and no exemption can be granted except in the following case:

- 1. In case of inability to attend the exam due to reasons considered genuine by the controller of examination in consultation with the Director/Board.
- 2. In case of medical emergency, a certificate from the registered medical practitioner must be produced before the commencement of exams. The evaluation board will then take final decision on the recommendation for exemption.

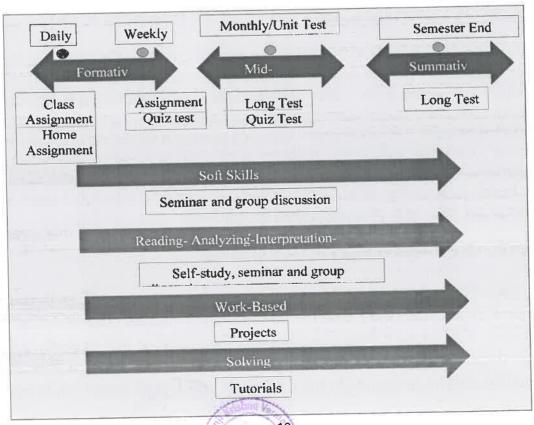
O. B. Com. 10.3 Eligibility Criteria to appear in SEE

To be able to appear for the SEE, a student must comply with the following conditions:

- 1. Should have at least 75% of attendance in all the courses put together
- 2. Should have at least 70% of attendance in each course/subject
- 3. Should not have any disciplinary proceedings pending against him/her
- 4. Should have no pending due

O. B. Com. 10.4 Continuum of Evaluation

Evaluation must be continuous which may include both formative and summative components in a timely manner for continuous feedback as follow:



19

O. B. Com. 11. Passing Minimum:

The passing minimum for CIA (Continues Internal Assessment) shall be 40% out of 50 marks (i.e. 20 marks), where the candidate is required to appear for the internal test at least once. Failed candidates in the Internal Assessment are permitted to improve their Internal Assessment marks in the subsequent semesters by writing test and by submitting Assignments. The passing minimum for University or External Examinations shall be 40% out of 50 marks (i.e. 20marks)

O. B. Com. 12. Conferment of the Bachelor's Degree:

- (i) A candidate shall be eligible for the conferment of the Degree of 3 years Bachelor of Commerce (3-years B. Com.) in the specialized subject selected by the students, (Major subject) only if he/she has earned the minimum required credits for the programme prescribed therefore (i.e. 132 credits).
- (ii) A candidate shall be eligible for the conferment of the Degree of 4 years Bachelor of Commerce (Honors) (4-years B. Com.) in the specialized subject selected by the students, (Major subject) only if he/she has earned the minimum required credits for the programme prescribed therefore (i.e. 176 credits).
- (iii) A candidate shall be eligible for the conferment of the Degree of 4 years Bachelor of Commerce (Honors with Research) (4-years B. Com.) in the specialized subject selected by the students, (Major subject) only if he/she has earned the minimum required credits for the programme prescribed therefore (i.e. 176 credits).
- (iv) A candidate who is migrating from other university to Kachchh University where no matching specialization is offered by the University of the Migrating Students shall be given degree in commerce without disclosing specialized (Major) subject.

O. B. Com. 13. End Semester Examinations:

- (i) The Colleges shall conduct the internal examination of all stated subjects of all semesters.
- (ii) The Kachchh University shall conduct the External examination of all stated subjects of all semesters.
- (iii) The examination fees for all semesters shall be decided by the Kachchh University time to time (fees for theory / practical / project / summer term / internship / apprenticeship)

O. B. Com. 14. Self - Financing Stream external candidates:

programmes in Self-Financing Stream. The above ordinances shall be applicable also for the candidate undergoing the candidates also if university offers it.

O. B. Com. 15. Grievance Redressal Committee:



The College shall form a Grievance Redressal Committee for each course in each department with the Course Teacher and the HOD (HOD and Principle for single person Departments) as the members. This Committee shall solve all grievances relating to the Internal Assessment marks of the students.

O. B. Com. 16. Transfer of Credits:

Any student migrating from other university to Kachchh University shall be given admission in Semester 3, Semester 5 and semester 7 subject to earning of minimum credits decided by the respective university of migration students.

O. B. Com. 17. Revision of Ordinances, Regulations and Curriculum:

The University may from time to time revise, amend and change the Ordinances, the Regulations and the Curriculum, if found necessary.

The schedule of papers prescribed for various semesters and paper content is as follow:

		B.COM. SEMESTER - I		
Course No.	Course Type	Title of Course	Selection	Credits
101 A	DSC-M	Advance Accounting (Financial Account – I)	(Select anyone)	4
101 B	DSC-M	Advance Statistics (Exploratory Statistics)		
102 A	DSC-M	Advance Accounting (Business Accounting – I)	(Select anyone)	4
102 B	DSC-M	Advance Statistics (Business Statistics)		
101A	MIC	Business Administration – I		
101B	MIC	Business Management – I	(Select anyone)	
101C	MIC	Banking & Finance – I		4
101D	MIC	Statistics – I		4
101E	MIC	Computer Application – I		
101F	MIC	Accounting-I		
101A	ID/MD	Micro Economics - I	(Calcat anyona)	4
101B	ID/MD	Export Import Management -I	(Select anyone)	-
101C	ID/MD	Business Environment - I	(0.1.4	2
101A	AEC	Separate basket will be provided for AEC. SEC and CVAC papers by University	(Select anyone)	
101 A	SEC	Separate basket will be provided for AEC, SEC and CVAC papers by University		2
101A	CVAC	Separate basket will be provided for AEC, SEC and CVAC papers by University	(Select anyone)	2
B. Date	(IKS)	TOTAL	The state of the s	22



Course N	o. Cours	CC2-41 0 C4	Selection	Credi
201A	DSC-	Advance Accounting	(Select any one)	
201B	DSC-I	Advance Statistics		4
202A	DSC-N	Advance Accounting	(Select any one)	
202B	DSC-N	(Business Accounting – II) Advance Statistics (Probability Theory - I)		4
201A	MIC	Business Administration – II		
201B	MIC	Business Management – II	-	
201C	MIC	Banking & Finance – II		
201D	MIC	Statistics – II	(Select any one)	4
201E	MIC	Computer Application – II		4
201F	MIC	Accounting- II		
201A	ID/MD	Micro Economics – II		
201B	ID/MD			
201C	ID/MD	Export Import Management – II Business Environment – II	(Select any one)	4
201A	AEC	Separate basket will be provided for AEC, SEC and CVAC papers by University	(Select any one)	V.
201 A	SEC	Separate basket will be provided for AEC, SEC and CVAC papers by University	(Select any one)	2
201A	CVAC	Separate basket will be provided for AEC, SEC and CVAC papers by University		2
			(Select any one)	2
		TOTAL		22

STATE STREET ASTER

	Course		Selection	Credits
ourse No.	Type	Title of Course		
301 A	DSC-M	Advance Accounting (Cost Account – I)	(Select anyone)	4
301 B	DSC-M	Advance Statistics (Sampling Techniques)	(Select anyone)	
302 A	DSC-M	Advance Accounting (Business Accounting – III)	(Select anyone)	4
302 B	DSC-M	Advance Statistics (Linear Optimization)		
303A	DSC-M	Advance Accounting (Personal Tax Planning & Management – I)	(Select anyone)	4
303B	DSC-M	Advance Statistics (Statistics for Economics)	(C. L. of anyona)	
301A	ID/MD	Micro Economics - III	(Select anyone)	4
301B	ID/MD	Export Import Management -III		
301C	ID/MD	Business Environment - III	(Select any one)	2
301	AEC	Separate basket will be provided for AEC, SEC and CVAC papers by University		
301	SEC	Separate basket will be provided for AEC, SEC and CVAC papers by University	(Select anyone)	2
301	CVAC (IKS)	Separate basket will be provided for AEC, SEC and CVAC papers by University	(Select anyone)) 2
		TOTAL ninor subject should be other than the major sul		22



Course No.	Course Type	Title of Course	Selection	Cred
401 A	DSC-M	Advance Accounting (Cost Account – II)	(Select anyone)	ts
401 B	DSC-M	Advance Statistics (Continuous Probability Distribution)		4
402 A	DSC-M	Advance Accounting (Business Accounting – IV)	(Select anyone)	
402 B	DSC-M	Advance Statistics (Optimization Technique)		4
403A	DSC-M	Advance Accounting (Personal Tax Planning & Management – II)		
403B	DSC-M	Advance Statistics (Industrial Statistics)	(Select anyone)	4
401A	MIC	Business Administration – III		
401B	MIC	Business Management – III	No least and the	
401C	MIC	Banking & Finance – III		
401D	MIC	Statistics – III	(Select anyone)	4
401E	MIC	Computer Application – III		
401F	MIC	Accounting – III		
401	AEC	Separate basket will be provided for AEC, SEC and CVAC papers by University	(Select any one)	2
401	SEC	Separate basket will be provided for AEC, SEC and CVAC papers by University	(Select anyone)	2
401	CVAC	Separate basket will be provided for AEC.		
		SEC and CVAC papers by University TOTAL	(Select anyone)	2 22





Bachelor of Commerce

Semester-I

DSC-M 101 A

Financial Account (Paper-I)

Units	Particulars	No. of Lectures \ Hours
Unit 1	INTRODUCTION TO FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING Meaning & Nature, Objectives, Characteristics, Users of financial accounting, Book Keeping and Recording business transactions (brief), accounting concepts and conventions, Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS): Need and procedures, Convergence to IFRS, Distinction between Indian Accounting Standards (Ind ASs) and Accounting Standards (ASs).	15
Unit 2	 CONSIGNMENT ACCOUNTS Introduction, Meaning and Features of consignment Consignment, Sale and Goods sent on Sale or Return The Process and Different terminologies of consignment Terms and conditions of Consignment Agreements Consignment transactions and Ledger Accounts Accounting treatments in the books of the Consignor and Consignee Practical Questions to be covered 	15
Unit 3	ACCOUNTS OF PIECEMEAL DISTRIBUTION OF CASH AMONG PARTNERS Introduction, Meaning and Objectives Classification of liabilities The order of discharging liabilities in piecemeal distribution of cash Order/Method of Payment of Cash to Partners: Surplus Capital Method (Proportionate Capital Method) Maximum Loss Method Practical Questions of both methods to be covered	15



Unit 4	JOINT VENTURE ACCOUNTS	
	Introduction-	
	Meaning and characteristics of Joint Venture	
	Accounting procedure for Joint Venture transactions	
	Various methods for Joint Venture Accounting	
	Recording Joint Venture transactions by only one partner	
May man.	Recording Joint Venture transactions by all partner	15
	Joint Venture for goods sending on consignment	
	Independent books for Joint Venture when a separate Joint Bank	
	Accounting is used	
	Memorandum Joint Venture Account	
	- Practical Questions	
	Total Lectures / Hours	60

Objectives:

This course aims at equipping the students with the basic principles ad concepts of financial accounting. The course helps to learners to acquire conceptual knowledge on financial accounting, to impart skills for recording various kinds of business transactions and to prepare financial statements.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of the course, learners will be able to:

- · Understand Concept of financial accounting, objectives and need of financial accounting;
- Demonstrate accounting process for various stakeholders;
- Prepare accounts of amalgamation of partnership firms in the books of Transfer firms and Purchaser firm
- Give accounting treatments in the books of the Consignor and Consignee
- · Prepare joint venture accounts with various methods

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Dr. M. A. Arulanandam and Dr. K. S. Raman, Advanced Accountancy (Vol. I & II), Edition 2023, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai
- 2. Robert N Anthony, David Hawkins, Kenneth A. Merchant, Accounting: Text and Cases. McGraw-Hill Education
- 3. Charles T. Horngren and Donna Philbrick, Introduction to Financial Accounting, Pearson Education.
- 4. J.R. Monga, Financial Accounting: Concepts and Applications. Mayur Paper Backs, Delhi.
- 5. M.C.Shukla, T.S. Grewal and S.C.Gupta. Advanced Accounts. Vol.-I. S. Chand & Co., Delhi.
- 6.— S.N. Maheshwari, and S. K. Maheshwari. Financial Accounting. Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi.
- Deepak Schagal. Financial Accounting. Vikas Publishing H House, New Delhi.
- 8. Bhushan Kumar Goyal and HN Tiwari, Financial Accounting, International Book House
- 9.23Goldwin, Alderman and Sanyal, Financial Accounting, Cengage Learning.
 10. Tulsian, P.C. Financial Accounting, Pearson Education.
- 11. Compendium of Statements and Standards of Accounting, The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, New Delhi

Structure of Course Examination

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) by the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

Internal Evaluation System

Internal Tests	25 Marks
Class participation / Case analysis and presentation/ assignment, utorials/ slip tests (announced/ surprised), quizzes etc.	25 Marks
Total	50 Marks

Component, the end semester examination, which will be a written-type examination of at least 2:00 hours duration, would also form an integral component to the evaluation. The ratio of marks to be allotted to Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) and to end semester examination is 50:50.

The external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the semester. The format includes subjective, objective and applications questions so the test of students can be done on parameters like conceptual knowledge, its application in actual sense, his or her memory and presence of mind. The structure is as under:

University examination will be of 50 Marks and 120 minutes (2.00Hrs.)

	Total	(50)
Q.5	Objective Questions (Equal weightage from all modules from Unit No. 1 to Unit No. 4) (any 10 out of 12 or any 5 out of 7) (It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs etc)	(10)
Q.4	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 4)	(10)
Q.3	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying	(10)
Q.2	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 2)	(10)
Q.1	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 1)	(10)





K.S.K.V. KACHCHH UNIVERSITY

Bachelor of Commerce

Semester-I

DSC-M 101B

Exploratory Statistics

TINITES	Exploratory Statistics	
UNIT	1 at ticulars	No. of Lectures \
1	Data types and Collection of Data:	Hours
	➤ Introduction of Statistics	
	Collection of Data	
	> Types of primary data collection	
	➤ Sources of Secondary data collection	15
	➤ Validity of Data	
	Classification of Data	
	> Types of Classification	
2	Presentation of Data	
	Tabulation: Different parts of Table, Type of Table Simple	
	and Complex (upto 3 variables) with simple examples.	
1 - 34,5	Charts related to Qualitative data (without Frequency). Line	
	Charts, Bar charts, Pie charts.	15
	> Charts related to Quantitative data (with frequency):	13
	Histogram, frequency polygon, Frequency Curve,	
	Cumulative Frequency Curve.	
3	Measures of Central Tendency:	
	Definition of Central Tendency	
	Criteria for an ideal measure of Central Tendency	
	Measurement of Central Tendency: Mean, Median, Mode-	
	their properties, application, Limitation and examples	15
	Combined Arithmetic Mean, Concept of Harmonic and	
	Geometric Mean.	
4 1	Measures of Dispersion :	
	Definition of Dispersion	
	Criteria for an ideal measure of Dispersion	
de Vilen	Different Measurement of Dispersion Range Quartile	
	Deviation, Mean Deviation, Standard deviation their	
A STATE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN 1	properties, application, Limitation and examples	15
artinu. T	Calculation of SD for ungroup and group data Properties of	
MATA CE	SD and examples related to properties of SD, Combined SD.	
,	Concept of Coefficient of Variation and its uses.	1



COURSE OBJECTIVES

- The objective of this course is to enable the student to understand how to collect, classify, summarize and present the data effectively.
- > To enable students to understand the basic concepts of average and variability.

COURSE OUTCOMES

- > Understanding the basic concept of Statistics.
- > Observing the data from statistical concept angel.
- > Get awareness about the fundamentals of Statistics.
- > Will be able to understand the importance of basic techniques of statistics.
- > Get awareness about the modern techniques of statistics by teaching learning process.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. An outline of Statistics theory: Goon, Gupta and Dasgupta
- 2. Business Statistics: Sancheti & Kapoor
- 3. Fundamental of Statistics: D. N. Elhance
- 4. Statistics of Management: Levin and Rubin
- 5. Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics: Gupta and Kapoor
- 6. Statistics: David Freedman, Robert Pisani, Roger Purves
- 7. Naked Statistics: Stripping the Dread from the Data: Charles Wheelan
- 8. The Visual Display of Quantitative Information: Edward Tufte

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Structure of Course Examination

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) by the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

Internal Evaluation System

Internal Tests	0516.1
Class participation / Case analysis and presentation/	25 Marks
assignment, tutorials/slip tests (announced/surprised), quizzes etc.	25 Marks
Total	50 Marks

Component, the end semester examination, which will be a written-type examination of at least 2:00 hours duration, would also form an integral component to the evaluation. The ratio of marks to be allotted to Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) and to end semester examination is 50:50.

The external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the semester. The format includes subjective, objective and applications questions so the test of students can be done on parameters like conceptual knowledge, its application in actual sense, his or her memory and presence of mind. The structure is as under:

University examination will be of 50 Marks and 120 minutes (2.00Hrs.)

	Total	(50)
Q.5	Objective Questions: (Equal-weightage from all modules from Unit No. 1 to Unit No. 4) (any 10 out of 12 or any 5 out of 7) (It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs etc)	(10)
Q.4	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 4)	(10)
- Q.3.	10 marks (Unit No. 3)	(10)
Q.2	10 marks (Unit No. 2)	(10)
Q.1	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 1)	(10)





K.S.K.V. KACHCHH UNIVERSITY

Bachelor of Commerce

Semester-I

DSC-M 102A

Business Accounting (Paper-I)

Units	Particulars	No. of Lectures \ Hours
Unit 1	ACCOUNTS OF PROFESSIONAL PERSONS	
	Introduction-Meaning	
	Important accounting terms related to professional	
	nersons	
	Accounting system: Cash Basis and Mercantile	-
	[Accrual] basis	15
	• Accounting treatment for Professional Persons'	. =
	Annual Accounts	_
	Practical Questions relating to Professional Persons	
	such as Solicitors, Chartered Accountants, Doctors	
	and Medical Practitioners Architectures, Engineers,	
	Consultants Advocates-Lawyers	- 1 SUV
Unit 2	HIRE PURCHASE SYSTEM	
	Introduction and Meaning	
	Concept of Hire Purchase Agreement	
	 Important accounting terms related to hire purchase system Difference between Installment system and Hire Purchase 	
		15
	 system Accounting treatments under Hire Purchase Equivalent 	13
	to Cash Price Method	
	Accounting treatments under Hire Purchase Trading	
	AccountMethod:	
	Debtors Method	
	Stock & Debtors Method	
	Practical Questions	

	Total Lectures / Hours	60
	- Practical Questions	
-	- Accounting Treatments: Journal ledger entry and Accounts	
- 3 -97" - 3	- Allocation of Replacement expenditures: Revenue-Capital	
	- Replacement expenditures	15
	- Classification of transactions with Examples	
	- Concept of Capital-Revenue transactions	
	- Introduction & Meaning of Replacement	
Unit 4	REPLACEMENT ACCOUNTS	
	 Practical Questions 	
	 Steps involved in calculating average due date 	
	 Introduction & Meaning of average due date 	
	C. Daily Balance Method	
	B. Epoque or Backward Method	15
	A. Forward Method	
1	Preparation of Account Current:	
***********	Introduction & Meaning of account current	
CIMI OF	ACCOUNT CURRENT AND AVERAGE DUE DATE	9 8

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Dr. M. A. Arulanandam and Dr. K. S. Raman, Advanced Accountancy (Vol.I & II), Edition 2023, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai
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- 4. J.R. Monga, Financial Accounting: Concepts and Applications. Mayur Paper Backs, Delhi.
- 5. M. C. Shukla, T. S. Grewal and S. C. Gupta. Advanced Accounts. Vol.-I. S. Chand & Co., Delhi.
- 6. S.N. Maheshwari, and S. K. Maheshwari. Financial Accounting. Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi.
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- Goldwin, Alderman and Sanyal, Financial Accounting, Cengage Learning.
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- 11. Compendium of Statements and Standards of Accounting, The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, New Delhi



Structure of Course Examination

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) by the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

Internal Evaluation System

05.35.3
25 Marks
25 Marks
50 Marks

Component, the end semester examination, which will be a written-type examination of at least 2:00 hours duration, would also form an integral component to the evaluation. The ratio of marks to be allotted to Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) and to end semester examination is 50:50.

The external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the semester. The format includes subjective, objective and applications questions so the test of students can be done on parameters like conceptual knowledge, its application in actual sense, his or her memory and presence of mind. The structure is as under:

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	Total	(50)
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Q.3	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying	(10)
Q.2	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 2)	(10)
Q.1	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 1)	(10)





K.S.K.V. KACHCHH UNIVERSITY

Bachelor of Commerce Semester-I DSC-M 102B

Business Statistics

Unit	Particulars	No. of Lectures \Hours
1	LINEAR CORRELATION	\nours
	Meaning and Definition of Correlation	
	➤ Meaning of Linear Correlation for two variables	
	➤ Karl Pearson's Product Moment method	
	➤ Properties of Correlation Co-efficient	
	Examples of correlation coefficient for Bi-variate	
	frequency table (upto order 4 x 4 only)	15
	Coefficient of Determination and its interpretation.	*
	Standard Error, Probably Error and its use to find limits of	
	population correlation coefficient.	
	> Spearman Rank Correlation Coefficient.	
2	LINEAR REGRESSION	
	➤ Meaning and Definition of Regression	
	➤ Meaning of Linear Regression for two variables	
	➤ Need for two regression lines	
- ···	➤ Definition and properties of Regression Co-efficient	
	Examples based on regression Lines for Bivariate frequency	15
	table and short sums only on the basis of Properties of	
	Correlation and Regression Coefficients.	
.3.	MULTIPLE AND PARTIAL CORRELATION & REGRESSION	
	➤ Definition and Concept of Multiple and Partial Correlation(For	
	Three Variables only)	
JF - 7	Formula of Multiple correlation and partial Correlation	
	Simple Numerical Example based on Formula	
K THING	Definition and Concept of Partial and Multiple Regression(For	
	Three Variables only)	15
	Concept of Multiple Regression Equations	
O TOTAL	Formula of Partial Regression Co-efficient and Multiple	
	Regression Lines	м ,
	➤ Simple Numerical Example based on Formula	



4	ASSOCIATION OF ATTRIBUTES	· ·
	> Concept of Qualitative Data	
	> Meaning of Association of Attributes	
	➤ Meaning and Interpretation of 2 x 2 Contingency Table	
	> Types of Association of Attributes	15
	> Methods of Studying Association	15
	Method of Observed and Expected Frequency	
	Method of Proportion	_
	Yule's Method	
	➤ Examples Based on 2 x 2 Contingency table only	
	Total Lectures / Hours	60

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- The main objective of this course is to acquaint students with the bi-variate and multivariate statistical knowledge from the standpoint**t of both theory and applications of statistics. It helps learners in exploring the applications of statistics in different areas such as - Business, Social Science, Applied Sciences and Industries.
- The other objective of this course is to enable the student to understand as well as analyze live problems and cases and to equip them in taking decisions in higher studies/research.

COURSE OUTCOMES

- Be able to calculate and interpret the relation and measure between dependent and independent variable(s)
- Be able to develop and validate models on the basis of collected information for qualitative and quantitative analysis.
- Learning of basic concept of bi-variate and multivariate statistics enable in research and decision making which help them in higher studies and solve involved decision making problems.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. V. K. Kapoor Fundamental of Mathematical Statistics
- 2. S. P. Gupta: Statistical methods
- 3. Bhat B. R. Srivenkatramana T. and Madhava Rao K. S. Statistics: A Beginner's Text
- 4. Goon A. M., Gupta M. K. and Dasupta B. Fundamentals of Statistics Vol. I
- 5. Snedecor G. W. and Cochran W. G. Statistical Methods
- 6. Waiker and Lev: Elementary Statistical Methods
- 7. D. C. Sancheti and V. K. Kapoor: Business Statistics
- 8. S. C. Gupta: Fundamentals of Statistics
- 9. P. N. Arora, Sumeet Arora and S. Arora: Comprehensive Statistical Methods



Structure of Course Examination

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) by the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

Internal Evaluation System

- Total Living Dyberia	
Internal Tests	25 Marks
Class participation / Case analysis and presentation/ assignment, tutorials/ slip tests (announced/ surprised), quizzes etc.	25 Marks
Total	50 Marks

Component, the end semester examination, which will be a written-type examination of at least 2:00 hours duration, would also form an integral component to the evaluation. The ratio of marks to be allotted to Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) and to end semester examination is 50:50.

The external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the semester. The format includes subjective, objective and applications questions so the test of students can be done on parameters like conceptual knowledge, its application in actual sense, his or her memory and presence of mind. The structure is as under:

	Total	(50)
Q.5	Objective Questions (Equal weightage from all modules from Unit No. 1 to Unit No. 4) (any 10 out of 12 or any 5 out of 7) (It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs etc)	(10)
Q.4	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 4)	(10)
Q.3	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 3)	(10)
Q.2	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 2)	(10)
Q.1	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 1)	(10)



Bachelor of Commerce Semester-I

MIC 101 A

Business Administration (Paper-I)

Units	Particulars	No. of Lectures \ Hours
Unit 1	INTRODUCTION Business – Concept, nature and scope, business as a system, business objectives, business and environment interface, distinction between business, commerce and trade, Business ethics, social responsibilities of Business Meaning and significance of Business environment, Internal and external environment, Dimensions of Business Environment; Uncertainty and business; Environmental Analysis and Diagnosis, Environment scanning techniques: SWOT and ETOP.	15
Unit 2	BUSINESS ENTERPRISES Forms of Business Organisation: Sole Proprietorship, Partnershipfirm, Joint Stock Company, One Person Company, Cooperative society; Limited Liability Partnership; Multinational Corporations; Choice of Form of Organisation; Business Combination: Need and Objectives, Forms: Mergers, Takeovers and Acquisitions	15
Unit 3	ENTREPRENEURSHIP: FOUNDING THE BUSINESS Entrepreneur-Entrepreneurship-Enterprise; entrepreneurial ideas and opportunities in contemporary business environment; Process of entrepreneurship; Forms of entrepreneurship; Skill India, Startup India, Make in India, Globalization.	15
Unit 4	CONTEMPORARY ISSUES OF BUSINESS ORGANISATIONS Emerging Issues and Challenges; Innovation in Organisational Design; Learning Organisations, Workforce Diversity, Franchising, Outsourcing, and E-commerce; Government and business interface; Sustainability; Digitalisation and Technological innovations.	15
	Total	- 60

Objectives:

The course aims to familiarize the students with the forms of business organisation and contemporary issues.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of the course, learners will be able to:

- 1. Examine the dynamics of the most suitable form of business organisations in different situations.
- 2. Evaluate the various elements affecting the business environment.
- 3. Analyse business models for different organisations.
- 4. Record and report emerging issues and challenges of business organisations.
- 5. Defend changes in the working pattern of modern organisations

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Basu, C. (2017). Business Organisation and Management. McGraw Hill Education.
- 2. Chhabra, T. N. Business Organisation and Management. Sun India Publications. New Delhi.
- 3. Drucker, P. F. (1954). The Practice of Management. Newyork: Harper & Row.
- 4. Kaul, V. K. (2012). Business Organisation Management. Pearson Education.
- 5. Koontz, H., & Weihrich, H. (2012). Essentials of Management: An International and Leadership Perspective. Paperback.
- 6. Singh, B. P., & Singh, A. K. Essentials of Management. New Delhi. Excel Books Pvt. Ltd.
- 7. Vasishth N., Rajput N., Business Organisation & Management. Kitab Mahal. Delhi. Note: Learners are advised to use latest edition of text/reference books

Structure of Course Examination

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) by the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

Internal Evaluation System	•
Internal Tests	25 Marks
Class participation / Case analysis and presentation/ assignment, tutorials/ slip tests (announced/ surprised), quizzes etc.	25 Marks
Total	50 Marks

Component, the end semester examination, which will be a written-type examination of at least 2:00 hours duration, would also form an integral component to the evaluation. The ratio of marks to be allotted to Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) and to end semester examination is 50:50.

The external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the semester. The format includes subjective, objective and applications questions so the test of students can be done on parameters like conceptual knowledge, its application in actual sense, his or her memory and presence of mind. The structure is as under:

		T.	
	Q.1	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 1)	(10)
	Q.2	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 2)	(10)
	Q.3.	10 marks (Unit No. 3)	(10)
	Ų.4	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 4)	(10)
	Q.5	Objective Questions (Equal weightage from all modules from Unit No. 1 to Unit No. 4) (any 10 out of 12 or any 5 out of 7) (It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs etc)	(10)
13 tl., .		Totalishno	(50)



Bachelor of Commerce

Semester-I MIC 101 B

Business Management (Paper-I)

Units	Particular	No. Of Lecture\ Hours
Unit 1	MANAGING AND EVALUATING ONESELF and MANAGING EVALUATION AND ASSESSMENT Mind Management, Time Management, Tackling Time Robbers, Planning workload, Active Listening, Decision Making - steps, Managing your Manager, Evaluating and building a personal development plan for oneself. Managing Performance, Appraisal methods, Role Reviews and performance management, Dealing with Poor Performers, Agreeing Performance Targets, Negative Feedback, Performance ManagementSystem, 360 Degree Feedback as a Performance Appraisal Tool.	15
Unit 2	MANAGING AND MOTIVATING OTHERS Basics of People Management and its significance, Difference between People Management and Human Resource Management; impact of individual and Organisational factors on people management, Motivating Others - Employee First Strategy: Employee First Customer Second. Developing Intrinsic Motivation amongst People - People First Strategy: Emerging cases.	15
Unit 3	BUILDING TEAM AND PEER NETWORKS Team Building Process, Managing Diversity in Teams, Competency mapping, Team Roles, Team Identity, Team Charter, Team Performance, Managing Behaviour of people in groups, 360 Degree Feedback as a Development tool. Group Dynamics, Challenges of getting work done; Significance of prioritization and assigning workto team members, Importance of peer networks in an Organisation.	15
Unit 4	Leading people to achieve the vision and mission of the Organisation. Leadership for high performance culture, Leadership Styles for creating conducive Organisational climate and culture of excellence. Managing different types of conflicts in an Organisation, Problem solving and quality improvement process	f 15
T/ 12.	Total Lectures / Hours	60

Objectives:

The course aims to provide an overview to the learners of what it means to be an effective peoplemanager. The programme is designed in such a manner so that the learners can develop leadership and communication skills and manage people in an organisation effectively.



Learning Outcomes:

After completion of the course, learners will be able to:

- 1. (a) Perform meditation techniques (Brain stilling exercise) for mind management;
 - (b) Create a personal development plan for oneself;
- (c) Demonstrate decision making skills and prepare Time Management framework in real lifesituations;
- 2. Analyse the applicability of People First Strategy in an organisation;
- 3. Demonstrate team building skills and leadership qualities;
- 4. Conduct team evaluation and assessment;

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Wellington, P. (2011). Effective People Management: Improve Performance Delegate More Effectively. London: Kogan Page Publishers.
- Thomas, M. (2007). Mastering People Management. London: Thorogood Publishing.
- Randall, J., & Sim, A. J. (2013). Managing People at Work. Abingdon: Routledge.
- Thomson, R., & Thomson, A. (2012). Managing People. Abingdon: Routledge.

Note: Learners are advised to use latest edition of text/reference books

Structure of Course Examination

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) by the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

Internal Evaluation System Internal Tests 25 Marks Class participation / Case analysis and presentation/ assignment, tutorials/slip tests (announced/surprised), quizzes etc. 25 Marks **Total**

50 Marks Component, the end semester examination, which will be a written-type examination of at least 2:00 hours duration, would also form an integral component to the evaluation. The ratio of marks to be allotted to Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) and to end semester examination is 50:50.

The external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the semester. The format includes subjective, objective and applications questions so the test of students can be done on parameters like conceptual knowledge, its application in actual sense, his or her memory and presenceof mind. The structure is as under:

University examination will be of 50 Marks and 120 minutes (2.00Hrs.) Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which Q.1 could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc (10)carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 1) Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc -Q.2 (10)carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 2) Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc Q.3 (10)carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 3) Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which an makke 4 could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc (10)carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 4) Objective Questions (Equal weightage from all modules from Unit No. 1 to Unit No. IN HELD 4) (any 10 out of 12 or any 5 out of 7) Q.5 (It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs etc) (10)Total (50)



Bachelor of Commerce

Semester-I **MIC 101 C**

Banking & Finance (Paper I)

Units	Banking & Finance (Paper 1) Particulars	No. of Lectures \ Hours
Unit 1	INTRODUCTION & EVOLUTION OF BANKING IN PRE INDEPENDENT ERA Introduction, Meaning and Definition, Characteristics / Features of Bank, Nature of banking, Origin of banking, Functions of banking in India, Fund base incomes and non-fund base incomes Introduction, Evolution of banking in Pre-Independence Period (1786-1947), Pre-Independence Banks in India, Functions of banks during pre-Independence Banks during	15:
Unit 2	Independence Banks DEVELOPMENT OF BANK IN POST INDEPENDENCE ERA Introduction, Development of banks in Post-Independence Period (1947-1991), Post-Independence Banks in India, Functions of banks during post- Independence Banks, Structure of banks in Post-Independence Period, Role of banking in economic development in Post-Independence Period.	
Unit 3	BANKING REGULATION ACT, 1949 Banking Regulation Act, 1949: History; Social control; Banking Regulation Act as applicable to banking companies and public sector banks; Banking Regulation Act as applicable to Co- operative banks	15
Unit 4	NATIONALIZATION OF BANKS Introduction and Concept, Reasons for nationalization of banks, Pre- Independence phase, Post-Independence phase, Role of Nationalized Banks in economic development in Pre and Post-Independence Period	*
	Total Lectures / Hours	60

Objectives:

- To promote and develop in India sound and progressive banking principles, practice and conventions.
- To render assistance and to provide various common services to members and to the banking industry.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of the course, learners will be able to:

- 1. Gather knowledge on banking and financial system in India;
- 2. Get knowledge about evolution of banking in pre independence era;
- -1223 Get knowledge about evolution of banking in post-independence era;
 - 4. Understand Banking Regulation Act, 1949 in detail;
 - 5. Understand reasons for nationalization of banks and role of nationalized banks in economic development in India.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Basu A.K. Fundamentals of Banking-Theory and practice; A Mukerjee and co
- 2. Sayers R.S: Modern Banking; Oxford University Press.
- 3. Panandikar S.G. and Mithani DM: Banking in India; Orient Longman.
- 4. Sundharam and Varshini, "Banking Law, Theory and Practices", Sultan Chand & Sons, 2003.
- 5. B. Santhanam, "Banking and Financial System", Margham Publications, Chennai, 2006.

Note: Learners are advised to use latest edition of books

Structure of Course Examination

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) by the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

Internal Evaluation System	
Internal Tests	25 Marks
Class participation / Case analysis and presentation/ assignment, tutorials/ slip tests (announced/ surprised), quizzes etc.	25 Marks
Total	50 Marks

Component, the end semester examination, which will be a written-type examination of at least 2:00 hours duration, would also form an integral component to the evaluation. The ratio of marks to be allotted to Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) and to end semester examination is 50:50.

The external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the semester. The format includes subjective, objective and applications questions so the test of students can be done on parameters like conceptual knowledge, its application in actual sense, his or her memory and presence of mind. The structure is as under:

			(50)
1623		Total	(50)
distro	indian :	(It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs etc)	(10)
	V	(will) TO OUL OF IZ OF ANY 3 OUR OF 7.7.	
	And the state of t	Objective Questions (Equal weightage from all modules from Unit No. 1 to Unit No. 4)	
APPENT OF	≈ Q.4	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 4)	(10)
5.7		Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 3)	(10)
0	Q.2	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 2)	(10)
	Q.1	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 1)	(10)



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K.S.K.V. KACHCHH UNIVERSITY

Bachelor of Commerce Semester-I

MIC 101 D

Descriptive Statistics (Paper I)

Unit	Particulars	No of Lectures' Hours
1	INTRODUCTION TO STATISTICS	
•	> Introduction to Statistics	
	> Definition and Scope of statistics	
	> Definition of Variable & Nature of Data	
	✓ Discrete and Continuous	
	✓ Quantitative and Quantitative	å.
	✓ Cross Sectional	***
	✓ Time Series	
	✓ Primary and Secondary	
	> Population and Sample	
	Sampling (Basic Concepts only)	
	✓ Simple Random Sampling	ŧ
	✓ Stratified Random Sampling	15
	✓ Systematic Sampling	15
	✓ Cluster Sampling	
	> Measurement Scaling	
	✓ Nominal	
	✓ Ordinal	
	✓ Internal	
	✓ Ratio	
	Data Visualization	·
	✓ Tabulation	
	✓ Graphical Presentation	
	✓ Frequency Distribution	
	✓ Cumulative Frequency Distribution and their	
	Graphical Presentation	
2	UNIVARIATE STUDY - I	
	> Introduction to Measures of Central tendency	And a responsible
	✓ Mean	
	✓ Median	12 4 0 1 Bs
	✓ Mode	15
	✓ Combined Mean	J. (151.0)
	✓ Weighted Mean	خيمت بأرياليين
	Geometric Harmonic Mean	
	Properties, Merits and Limitation of these Measures	
	> Relation between these Measures	



3	UNIVARIATE STUDY -II	
	➤ Introduction to Measures of Dispersion	
	✓ Range	
	✓ Quartiles And Quartile Deviation	
	✓ Mean Deviation,	
	✓ Variance and Standard Deviation	1.
	Their Relative Measures	15
	Coefficient of Variation and its Applications	
	Concept of Skewness and Kurtosis	
	Steam and Leaf Plot	
	➤ Box Plot	
4	BI-VARIATE STUDY	
	➤ Introduction to Bi-variate Study	
	➤ Meaning of Correlation	
	Types of Correlation	
	Method of Scatter Diagram	
	Karl Pearson's Product Moment Method	
	Spearman's Rank Correlation	
	Interpretation of Correlation Co-efficient	15
	Determination of Correlation Co-efficient	15
	Simple Example (Excluding Short Examples)	
	➤ Introduction to Linear Regression	
	Regression Line Y on X only	
	Properties of Regression Co-efficient	
	Simple Example (Excluding Short Examples)	
	➤ Introduction to Linear Regression	
	Total Lectures / Hours	60
		UV

COURSE OBJECTIVES

Descriptive Statistics is a fundamental course that introduces students to the basic concepts and techniques used to summarize and describe data in a meaningful way. The course aims to equip students with the necessary skills to organize, analyze, and interpret data sets efficiently. Below are the typical course objectives for a Descriptive Statistics subject.

PRE - REQUISITE

The pre-requisite for the subject of Descriptive Statistics can vary depending on the educational institution and the specific course level. However, in most cases, Descriptive Statistics is considered an introductory-level course in statistics. A strong foundation in basic mathematics is essential for understanding the concepts of Descriptive Statistics. Students should be familiar with arithmetic, algebra, and basic mathematical operations. While not always explicitly stated, having some familiarity with data and data representation is beneficial. Students should understand what data is, different types of data (qualitative and quantitative), and how data can be collected and presented. In many educational systems, Descriptive Statistics is taught at the undergraduate level, and high school-level mathematics is usually sufficient as a pre-requisite. A basic understanding Descriptive Statistics courses. Probability concepts like understanding events, outcomes, and probabilities can provide a good foundation for statistical reasoning.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. "Statistics for Management" by Richard I. Levin and David S. Rubin (published by Pearson India)
- 2. "Statistical Methods" by S.P. Gupta (published by Sultan Chand & Sons)
- 3. "Business Statistics" by J.K. Sharma (published by Pearson India)
- 4. "Fundamentals of Applied Statistics" by S.C. Gupta and V.K. Kapoor (published by Sultan Chand & Sons)
- 5. "A Textbook of Business Statistics" by S.P. Gupta (published by Vikas Publishing House)
- 6. "Business Mathematics and Statistics" by P. Francis (published by Cengage Learning India)

Structure of Course Examination

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) by the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

Internal Evaluation System	
Internal Tests	25 Marks
Class participation / Case analysis and presentation/ assignment, tutorials/ slip tests (announced/ surprised), quizzes etc.	25 Marks
Total	50 Marks

Component, the end semester examination, which will be a written-type examination of at least 2:00 hours duration, would also form an integral component to the evaluation. The ratio of marks to be allotted to Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) and to end semester examination is 50:50.

The external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the semester. The format includes subjective, objective and applications questions so the test of students can be done on parameters like conceptual knowledge, its application in actual sense, his or her memory and presence of mind. The structure is as under:

	Total	(50)
Q.5	Objective Questions (Equal weightage from all modules from Unit No. 1 to Unit No. 4) (any 10 out of 12 or any 5 out of 7) (It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs etc)	(10)
Q.4	10 marks (Unit No. 4)	(10)
.Q.3	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 3)	
Q.2	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 2)	(10)
Q.1	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 1)	(10)





Bachelor of Commerce

Semester-I

MIC 101 E

Computer Application (Paper I)

Uı	nit	Particulars	No. of Lecture's \ Hours
	1.	THEORY OF COMPUTER SYSTEMS	15
		Introduction To Computer Systems	13
		Block diagram of a simple Computer	
		Significance of different functional units	
		Evolution of com Computer	
		Characteristic of Computer	
		Applications of Computer	
		Types of Computer	
-		Analog Vs Digital Computer	
		Definitions of the terms: Hardware, Software	
	2.	THEORY OF MEMORY ORGANIZATION	
		Memory Organization Primary memory –	15
		Introduction to RAM, ROM, Cache, Registers, Secondary memory	
		various types and organization of secondary storage devices such as	
		Wagnetic Disks, Optical Disks, Flash memories.	
	- 1	I/O Devices :	
		Common types of Input/Output devices, such as Monitors, Keyboard, Mouse Printers	
		Eme, Dot Wattix, liket, Laser / Scanners Plotters	
	3.	PRACTICAL BASED ON SPREAD SHEET	15
	- 1	Creating Business Spread sheet	15
]	Formatting Worksheet: Objectives, Column Width and Row Height using	
		Menu Commands, Using Mouse, Formatting Worksheet AutoCorrect and	
	14	Autosum.	
	(Creating Charts, Chart Types, Modifying Chartstypes and Its Properties.	
	1	Working with Data: Data analysis with Conditional Formatting. Data Sorting,	
	S	Subtotal, Filtering Data.	
	F	Functions:	
		Statistical Functions: AVG(), MIN(), MAX(), COUNT()	
		Tell (), IVIAA(), COUNT()	
	1	Mathematical: ROUND(), ABS(), FACT(), INT(), SQRT(), EXP(),	
		EILING(), EVEN(), ODD(), MOD(), POWER() STIM()	
	լբ	maneral Function: DDB(), FV(), PMT()	-
INI 4	L	ogical Function: IF() & NESTED IF(), AND(),OR(),NOT()	
	4 P	RECTICAL OF EXCEL FUNCTION	
ME DE	MOND	ate Function: DATE(), DAY(), DATEVALUE(), MONTH(), NOW(),	15
	Y	EAR(), WEEKDAY().	
	St	tring / Text Functions: LEFT(), CONCATENATE(), RIGHT(), LOWER(),	
	U.	PPER(), EXACT(), FIND(), SUBSTITUTE().	
, .	In	stroduction to Data Analysis Tools: Pivot Table, Goal Seek, Scenarios	
Flan.		Tradity of Troots. Fivot Table, Goal Seek, Scenarios	
		Total Lectures / Hours	60



Objective

- 1. To develop computer skill in commerce students.
- 2. Computer skill helps commerce students to meet the needs of modern business.
- 3. Computer skilled students can efficiently use Information and Communication Technology as modern businesses are highly relying on it.
- 4. Computer skill increase the chances of getting hired.
- 5. To develop the skill to use spreadsheets for business and commercial purpose.

Basic Text & Reference Books :-

- 1. Tanenbaum A.S.: Structured Computer Organization, Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Rajaraman V.: Computer Fundamentals, Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Microsoft Office 2010 by Bittu Kumar V & S Publishers

Structure of Course Examination

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) by the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

Internal Evaluation System

Internal Evaluation Sy	25 Marks
Internal Tests Class participation /Case analysis and presentation/ assignment, tutorials/slip.	25Marks
tests(announced/surprised),quizzes etc. Total	50Marks

Component, the end semester examination, which will be a written-type examination of at least 1:00 hours duration, would also form an integral component to the evaluation. The ratio of marks to be allotted to Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) and to end semester examinations 50: 50.

The external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the semester. The format includes subjective, objective and applications questions so the test of students can be done on parameters like conceptual knowledge, its application in actual sense, his or her memory and presence of mind. The structure is as under:

University Theory examination will be of 25 Marks and 60minutes (1.00Hrs.)

	University Theory examination will be of 25 Marks and 60minutes (1.00His.)	(10)
Q.1	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question	(20)
	which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical	
	11to comming 10 marks (Unit No 1)	(10)
Q.2	A short questions carrying ()5 marks each UK Any one question	(10)
Q.2	which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical	
	1.1- etc. correin al Omarks (Unit No.2)	(5)
Q.3	Objective Questions (Equal weight age from all modules from UnitNo.1to	(5)
Q.5	This No. 2) (any 5 out of 7)	
	(It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs	
	etc)(UnitNo.1 AND 2)	-
	etc)(Ontavo.171422)	(25)

Practical University examination will be of 25 Marks based on unit 3 and 4.





Bachelor of Commerce

Semester-I MIC 101 F

ACCOUNTING-I (Paper I)

Units	Particulars	No. of Lecture
Unit 1	Basics of Accounting	Hours
	 ➢ Account Concepts ➢ Account Conventions & Principles Understanding of Vouchers & Transactions (Including Bank Transactions) 	15
Unit 2	Accounting Process & Finalisation of Accounts Book-keeping & Recording of Transactions with Understanding of Finalisation Process	15
Unit 3	Accounts from Incomplete Records Meaning of Incomplete Records, Reasons of Incompleteness and Its Limitations, Ascertainment of Profit or Loss, Preparing Trading and Profit and Loss Account and the Balance Sheet, Conversion Method only	15
Unit 4	Not For Profit Organizations Meaning and characteristics of non-profit organizations, Accounting records of non-profit organizations, Receipt and Payment Account, Income and expenditures Account, Balance sheet	15
	Total Lectures / Hours	60

COURSE OBJECTIVES

To make the student competent with fundamental knowledge of Accountancy Subject.

To make student capable and confident with Book-keeping and Finalisation Process of Accounting.

COURSE OUTCOME

Able to identify and record financial transactions of Profit and Not For Profit Organisations.

Functional skill of Finalising Accounts for Profit and Not for Profit Organisations.

REFERENCE BOOKS

Bhushan Kumar Goyal & Dr H.N. Tiwari: Financial Accounting, Taxmann November -2022

2. M.C. Shukla, S.C. Gupta & T.S. Grewal: Advanced Accounts, S. Chand Publishing 2017

3: T. Horngren Charles, L. Sundern Gary, et al.: Introduction to Financial Accounting. Pearson Publishing 2022

- 4. J. Madegowda: Accounting for Managers, Himalaya Publishing House
- 5. Prof. Jawahar Lal: Accounting Theory and Practice, Himalaya Publishing House

Structure of Course Examination

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) by the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

Internal Evaluation System

Internal Evaluation System Internal Tests	25 Marks
Class participation / Case analysis and presentation/ assignment, tutorials/ slip tests (announced/ surprised), quizzes etc.	25 Marks
Total	50 Marks

Component, the end semester examination, which will be a written-type examination of at least 2:00 hours duration, would also form an integral component to the evaluation. The ratio of marks to be allotted to Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) and to end semester examination is 50:50.

The external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the semester. The format includes subjective, objective and applications questions so the test of students can be done on parameters like conceptual knowledge, its application in actual sense, his or her memory and presence of mind. The structure is as under:

	Total	(50)
Q.5	Objective Questions (Equal weightage from all modules from Unit No. 1 to Unit No. 4) (any 10 out of 12 or any 5 out of 7) (It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs etc)	
Q.4	10 morks (Unit No. 4)	(10)
Q.3	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying	(10)
Q.2	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 2)	(10)
Q.1	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 1)	(10)





Bachelor of Commerce

Semester-I ID/MD 101 A

Micro Economics (Paper- I)

Unit 1	Introduction of Economics Definitions – Adam Smith, Marshall, Robbins, Samuelson, Jacob Viner; Microeconomics and Macroeconomics – Meaning and Characteristics of Utility, Law of Diminishing Marginal Utility;	Hours
	Viner; Microeconomics and Macroeconomics – Meaning and Characteristics of Utility, Law of Diminishing Marginal Utility:	
	Viner; Microeconomics and Macroeconomics – Meaning and Characteristics of Utility, Law of Diminishing Marginal Utility:	
	Characteristics of Utility, Law of Diminishing Marginal Utility	
		15
	Indifference Curve – Characteristics; Budget Line – Consumer's	15
	Equilibrium.	
Unit 2	Demand and Supply Analysis	
-5 1 - 31 - 4-4	Law of Demand with the help of Utility Analysis: Law of Supply	
	Meaning - Factors affecting supply; Price determination in terms of	
	demand and supply; Change in Demand – Expansion, Contraction	15
	and Shift of Demand.	
Unit 3	Elasticity of Demand	
•	Elasticity of demand – Meaning, Types; Price elasticity	
	- Income elasticity - Cross elasticity - Advertising elasticity: Price	
	elasticity of demand – Meaning, Types, Factors Methods	
	Importance; Income elasticity of demand – Meaning Types	15
+ +. =	ractors affecting price elasticity of demand Cross elasticity of	
	demand – Meaning, Types, Advertising elasticity of demand –	
	ivieaning.	
Jnit 4	Cost, Revenue and Production:- Money Cost, Opportunity cost.	
	Short Run and Long Run cost curves – Fixed cost – Variable cost –	
	Total cost – Average fixed cost – Average variable cost – Average	•
	cost - Marginal cost; Relationship between Average cost and	
	Marginal cost; Revenue – Various types of Revenue under different	15
THE RESIDENCE	markets; Production – Meaning, Characteristics Production	13
	Function; Law of Variable Proportion Returns to scale	191
ERE PSA S.	production possibility curve, iso quant. iso cost, producer's	
	equilibrium.	
in the same	Total Lectures / Hours	60

Objective:

J=4

111116

This paper has the focus on economic behaviour of an individual and the firm, which is governed by the principles of demand, consumer surplus and consumer behaviour under various cost revenue and production Function.

Learning Outcome:



On successful completion of the course the students will able to understand consumer behaviour, Demand Supply, Various Cost, Revenue and production Function which will directly influence the decision-making power as manager.

Reference Books:

- 1. K. K. Dewett and Varma: Elements of Economic Theory
- 2. H. L. Ahuja: Advanced Economic Theory
- 3. Varshney and Maheshwari: Managerial Economics
- 4. D. N. Dwivedi: Managerial Economics
- 5. M.L. Seth: Micro Economic
- 6. H. Craig Peterson and W. C. Lewis: Managerial Economics

Structure of Course Examination

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) by the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

Internal Evaluation System 25 Marks **Internal Tests** Class participation / Case analysis and presentation/ assignment, 25 Marks tutorials/ slip tests (announced/ surprised), quizzes etc. 50 Marks

Component, the end semester examination, which will be a written-type examination of at least 2:00 hours duration, would also form an integral component to the evaluation. The ratio of marks to be allotted to Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) and to end semester examination is 50:50.

The external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the semester. The format includes subjective, objective and applications questions so the test of students can be done on parameters like conceptual knowledge, its application in actual sense, his or her memory and presenceof mind. The structure is as under:

University examination will be of 50 Marks and 120 minutes (2.00Hrs.)

Total

Objective Questions (Equal weightage from an modules from Carlotte (any 10 out of 12 or any 5 out of 7) (It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs etc)	(50)		
- 1 inless from all modules from that No. 1 to Omt 100.	ł		
be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practice.			
be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical proofers	(10)		
be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical prosecution of concepts and concepts a	(10)		
Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question was be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying			
A D I A b I A b I	0 marks (Unit No. 1) Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 0 marks (Unit No. 2) Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 0 marks (Unit No. 3) Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying one a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying one a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying one a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying one a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying one a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying one along question, case study application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying one along question, case study application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying one along question.		





Bachelor of Commerce

Semester-I

ID/MD 101 B

Export Import Management (Paper- I)

Units Particulars		No. of Lectures Hours
Unit 1	Export Import Trade and its Regularity Frameworks Export Formalities- Introduction, Different ActsRelated to Export-Import, EXIM Policy, Registration Formalities, General Provision regarding Export and Imports, Deemed Exports	15
Unit 2	Export Sales Contracts Legal Aspect of Export Contract, Domestic & Export Sales Contract, Elements of Export Contract, International Contract Terms (Incoterms) Frustration of Contract, Methods of Dispute Settlement: International Arbitration	15
Unit 3	Export Import Documentation Export Import Documentation- Introduction, importance, types of documents, Commercial Documents, Legal Documents (Regularity), Import Documents.	15
Unit 4	Terms of Payments Export-Import Payments-Introduction, Types of payments, forms of LCs, Parties in documentary credits(LoC), Details in LC, Types of LCs, Documents required under LCs.	15
	Total Lectures / Hours	60

Objective:

Main objective of this syllabus is to make students aware about how export import business function and its day-to-day process and procedures.

Learning Outcome:

There are two biggest ports, SEZs. CFS, ICDs and many more export import related activities in this region of Kachehha This subject may help students skill-based knowledge in the field of export import like procedure, documentations, regulations and payment system.

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Reference Books:

- How to Export Nabhi Publication
- How to Import Nabhi Publication
- Export Management- D C Kapoor, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
- India's Export Policy-Puspa Tarafdar, Deep & Deep Publication Pvt. Ltd.
- Dynamics of Indian Export Trade-Pratima Dikshit, Deep & Deep Publication Pvt. Ltd.
- Import: Do it Yourself-M I Mahajan, Snow White Publication.
- Export: Do it Yourself-M I Mahajan, Snow White Publication

Structure of Course Examination

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) by the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

Internal Evaluation System	25 Marks
Class participation / Case analysis and presentation/ assignment, tutorials/ slip tests (announced/ surprised), quizzes etc.	25 Marks
Total	50 Marks

Component, the end semester examination, which will be a written-type examination of at least 2:00 hours duration, would also form an integral component to the evaluation. The ratio of marks to be allotted to Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) and to end semester examination is 50:50.

The external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the semester. The format includes subjective, objective and applications questions so the test of students can be done on parameters like conceptual knowledge, its application in actual sense, his or her memory and presence of mind. The structure is as under:

	Total	(50)
gt =0	(It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs etc)	
Q.5	(any 10 out of 12 or any 5 out of 7)	(10)
	Objective Questions (Equal weightage from all modules from Unit No. 1 to Unit No. 4)	(10)
٧٠,	10 marks (Unit No. 4)	
Q.4	be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying	(10)
	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could	
Q.3	10 marks (Unit No. 3)	
Q.3	be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying	(10)
	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could	
Q.2	10 marks (Unit No. 2)	
0.2	be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying	(10)
	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could	
Q.1	10 marks (Unit No. 1)	
0.1	be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying	(10)
T	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could	





Bachelor of Commerce Semester-I

ID/MD 101 C

Business Environment (Paper- I)

Units	Particulars	No. of Lecture Hours
Unit 1	Basic concept of Economic Environment	
	Meaning, Elements of Economic Environment, Concept of Social	
	and Cultural Environment, Components of Socio-cultural	
	Environment, Effects of Social Environment on Business, Political	15
	Environmentand its components, Role of Government towards	13
	Business.	
Unit 2	Policies for Business Environment	
	Capital Transfer Policy, Technology Policy, Technology Policy in	
-	Respect to Different Sectors of Economy, India's science and	
	Technology Policy, Investment Policy, Foreign Direct Investment	15
	Advantage and Disadvantage of FDI, Policy of Brawn Dots and	15
	Green Dots.	
Unit 3	Export-Import (EXIM) Policy	
	Meaning, Objectives of Export Import Policy, Export Promotion	
	Policy of India, Import Substitution Policy, Foreign Trade Policy	
	of 1991, Foreign Trade Policy 2009-14. Critical Evaluation of	15
_	Foreign Trade Policy, Recent Foreign Trade Policy of India.	
Unit 4	Special Economic Zones	
	Meaning, Beginning of SEZs, SEZ Act 2005, Features and	
	Incentives in SEZs, Performance and Progress of SEZs in India,	
## FG-	Problems Arising out of Special Economic Zones, Recent	
30 et 414.	Changes in SEZ Policy, Basic Difference Between India and China	15
	on the Development of SEZs.	
	Total Lectures / Hours	
	- Control / Hours	60

Objective:

Students should be aware with the economic environment of Business and Government's different policy and its Implications in the Economy.

Learning Outcome:

On successful completion of the course the students will able to understand economic Environment Business and Government's different policy and its Implications in the Economy.



Reference Books:

- 1. Indian Economy since Independence by Uma Kapila
- 2. Indian Economy-Environment and Policy by Dhingra I.C.
- 3. Economic Environment of Business by Mishra & Puri.
- 4. Business Environment-Tax and Cases by Francis Cherunilam
- 5. Second Generation Economic Reforms in India by Dutta R,

Structure of Course Examination

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) by the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

Internal Evaluation System	Internal Evaluation System
ternal Tests 25 Marks	Internal Tests
ysis and presentation/ assignment, // surprised), quizzes etc.	Class participation / Case analysis and presentation/ assignment, tutorials/ slip tests (announced/ surprised), quizzes etc.
Total 50 Marks	

Component, the end semester examination, which will be a written-type examination of at least 2:00 hours duration, would also form an integral component to the evaluation. The ratio of marks to be allotted to Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) and to end semester examination is 50:50.

The external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the semester. The format includes subjective, objective and applications questions so the test of students can be done on parameters like conceptual knowledge, its application in actual sense, his or her memory and presence of mind. The structure is as under:

	Total	(50)
Q.5	Objective Questions (Equal weightage from all modules from Unit No. 1 to Unit No. 4) (any 10 out of 12 or any 5 out of 7) (It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs etc)	
Q.4	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 4)	(10)
Q.3	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying	(10)
Q.2	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 2)	(10)
Q.1	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 1)	(10)



		B.COM. SEMESTER - II		
Course No	Course Type	Title of Course	Selection	Credi
201A	DSC-N	Advance Accounting	(Select any one)	
201B	DSC-M	(Financial Account – II) Advance Statistics (Mathematical Statistics - I)		4
202A	DSC-M	Advance Accounting (Business Accounting – II)	(Select any one)	
202B	DSC-M	Advance Statistics (Probability Theory - I)		4
201A	MIC			
201B	MIC	Business Administration – II		4
201C	MIC	Business Management – II		
201D	MIC	Banking & Finance – II	(0.1	
201E	MIC	Statistics – II	(Select any one)	
201F	MIC	Computer Application – II		
201A	ID/MD	Accounting – II		
201B	ID/MD	Micro Economics – II		
day and	ID/MD	Export Import Management - II	(Select any one)	4
201A	AEC	Business Environment – II		
20171		Separate basket will be provided for AEC, SEC and CVAC papers by University	(C-1/	2
201 A	SEC	Separate basket will be provided for AEC, SEC and CVAC papers by University	(Select any one)	2
201A	CVAC	Separate basket will be provided for AEC, SEC	(Select any one) (Select any one)	2
		TOTAL	0 == -)	22

Note: The selection of minor subject should be other than the major subject selected





Bachelor of Commerce

Semester-II DSC-M 201A

Financial Account (Paper-II)

Unit No.	Particulars	No. of Lectures / Hours
Unit 1	CONVERSION OF PARTNERSHIP FIRM INTO COMPANY AND PURCHASE [ACQUISITION] OF PARTNERSHIP FIRM'S BUSINESS BY COMPANY Introduction & Meaning Difference of Dissolution of partnership firm and Conversion of Partnership Firm into Company Procedure for Conversion of Partnership firm into Company Purchase Consideration [PC] Accounting treatments to close the books of Partnership Firm Introduction & Meaning Purchase Consideration Goodwill and Capital reserve Accounting treatments: Journal-Ledger Entries and Initial Balance Sheet in the books of Purchasing Company Practical Questions (Accounts in the Books of Purchasing	15
Unit 2	Company only) Practical Questions (accounts in the books of vendor firm only) SELF BALANCING LEDGERS Introduction and Meaning Procedure to introduce the Self Balancing System Accounting treatment, Journal entries and ledgers, Advantages and disadvantages of Self Balancing System, Practical Questions	15
Unit 3	DEPARTMENTAL ACCOUNTS Introduction and Meaning Procedure to introduce the Self Balancing System Accounting treatment, Journal entries and ledgers, AdvantagIntroduction, Meaning and Objectives Advantages of departmental accounting Allocation of expenses Inter departmental transfer Types of Department: Independent Department	15

	- Dependent Department	
	- Dependent Department Methods of Department 1.4	
	- Methods of Departmental Accounting	
	- Accounts of all departments are kept in one book only	
	- Separate Set of books are kept for each department.	
	- Practical Questionses and disadvantages of Self Balancing System,	
	- Practical Questions	
Unit 4	ACCOUNTS OF JOINT LIFE POLICY	15
	- Introduction and Meaning	
	- Accounting Treatment of premium paid by the firm:	
	- When premium is considered as Revenue expenditure	
	- When premium is considered as Capital expenditure	
	- When policy is shown and treated at surrender value and Amount	
	of difference is debited to Profit and Loss A/C	
	- When policy is shown and treated at Surrender Value with the help	
	of Joint Life Policy (JLP) A/C	
777	All partners' Individual policy and Joint Life Policy [Joint and	
	Several policies]	
	- Amount payable to successor of deceased partner	
	- Practical Questions	
	Total	60
		60

Objectives:

The course aims to help learners to acquire conceptual knowledge on financial accounting, to impart skills for recording various kinds of business transactions and to prepare financial statements.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of the course, learners will be able to:

- 1. Compute purchase consideration of business under different methods;
- 2. Recording transactions and preparing accounts for conversion of partnership firm into company in the books of vendor firm;
- -3. Recording transactions of purchase of firm's business and preparing balance sheet in the books of new company;
- 4. Prepare accounts under Self Balancing System;
- Provide services to departmental stores in preparing departmental accounts;
- Give accounting treatment of joint life policy premium paid by firm under different methods.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Dr. M. A. Arulanandam and Dr. K. S. Raman, Advanced Accountancy (Vol.I & II), Edition 2023, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai
- 2.—Robert N Anthony, David Hawkins, Kenneth A. Merchant, Accounting: Text and Cases. McGraw-Hill Education
- Charles T. Horngren and Donna Philbrick, Introduction to Financial Accounting,

Pearson Education.

- 4. J.R. Monga, Financial Accounting: Concepts and Applications. Mayur Paper Backs, Delhi.
- 5. M. C. Shukla, T. S. Grewal and S. C. Gupta. Advanced Accounts. Vol.-I. S. Chand & Co., Delhi.
- 6. S.N. Maheshwari, and S. K. Maheshwari. Financial Accounting. Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 7. Deepak Sehagal. Financial Accounting. Vikas Publishing H House, New Delhi.
- 8. Bhushan Kumar Goyal and HN Tiwari, Financial Accounting, International Book House
- 9. Goldwin, Alderman and Sanyal, Financial Accounting, Cengage Learning.
- 10. Tulsian, P.C. Financial Accounting, Pearson Education.

Structure of Course Examination

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) by the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

Internal Evaluation System

Internal Tests	25 Marks
Class participation / Case analysis and presentation/ assignment, tutorials/ slip tests (announced/ surprised), quizzes etc.	25 Marks
Total	50 Marks

Component, the end semester examination, which will be a written-type examination of at least 2:00 hours duration, would also form an integral component to the evaluation. The ratio of marks to be allotted to Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) and to end semester examination is 50:50.

The external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the semester. The format includes subjective, objective and applications questions so the test of students can be done on parameters like conceptual knowledge, its application in actual sense, his or her memory and presence of mind. The structure is as under:

(10)	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could	Г
(10)	be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying	
	10 marks (Unit No. 1)	
.24.0\	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could	H
(10)	be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying	
	10	
(10)	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could	t
(10)	be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying	
	10 marks (Unit No. 3)	1
(10)	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could	1
(10)	be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying	1
	10 marks (Unit No. 4)	1
(4.0)	Objective Questions (Equal weightage from all modules from Unit No. 1 to Unit No. 4)	+
(10)	(any 10 out of 12 or any 5 out of 7)	
_	(It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs etc)	1
(50)	Total	1



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K.S.K.V. KACHCHH UNIVERSITY

Bachelor of Commerce

Semester-II DSC-M 201B

Mathematical Statistics

Unit	Topics	Content/ Fundamental Concepts	No. of Lectures \Hours
1.	Function,	Concept of a function of single variable	Lectures \Hours
	Limit and Continuity	(linear, quadratic and exponential function	
	Continuity	only) Domain, co-domain and range of a	
		function, Concept of real function,	
	-	Application of function to cost, demand,	
		revenue, profit function, break-even point,	
•		Concept and definition of limit of a function,	15
		meaning of $x \to 0$, $x \to a$, $x \to \infty$. Limit of a function by using tall-1-	
		function by using tabular method. Basic	
40.000	ni danasan	rules of limit, Simple examples on it and	
		examples where f(x) is in a polynomial or rational function of two polynomials.	••
	-	definition of Continuity of $f(x)$, where $f(x)$ is	
		a polynomial of x retional for retion of the	
		a polynomial of x, rational function of 'two polynomials of x.	
2.	Differentiati	Definition of a differentiation, Derivative of	
	on	functions	
		$\frac{1}{x}$, \sqrt{x} , a x + b, a x ² + b x + c by using definition,	
		Rules of derivatives - addition, subtraction,	
		multiplication, division and chain rule (without	4 -
		proof) and their examples by using the standard	15
		functions in the form x^n , a^x , $\log x$, e^{ax} .	
	Application		
-	of	Definition of second order derivative, meaning and definitions of maximum and minimum	
	Differentiati	value of a function and its application in	
	on the party	husiness - cost revenue manager and Ct	
- WILT		business - cost, revenue, monopoly and profit related numerical problems. Application of	4.5
		derivatives in economics - elasticity of demand	15
		and supply andits interpretations, simple	
- 1	Constant see	numeric examples related to it, meaning and	
	T-E	definitions of M.R., A.R., M.C. and A.C.	
	51	relation between η, A.R.	
1477	1	and M.R. and its related examples.	

4.	Matrix Algebra	Definition of Matrix, Different Types of Matrices, Addition, Subtraction and Multiplication of Matrices and related examples. Determinant of Square Matrix (up to order 3 x 3). Adjoint of Matrix and Inverse of a square Matrix (up to order 3 x 3). ion of Simultaneous linear Equations systems with the help of Inverse Matrix (up to 3 variables) and related examples	15
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Course Overview & Course Objectives

Course Overview/ Course Description

This course offers students the knowledge about basic mathematical techniques. This knowledge is necessary for the commerce students. This knowledge they can also apply and verify in other subjects like economics, management, etc. and for the professional and higher studies this course is must.

Course Objectives

- 1. To understands the basic knowledge of the current business and industrial environment and to get acquainted for its translation in to mathematical form.
- 2. To give basic knowledge of techniques of calculus.
- 3. To make them aware of importance of applied mathematical methods
- 4. To make students familiar with relation between formulation and solution of problem.

Course Learning Outcomes/Students' Learning Outcomes (SLO)

Course Learning Outcomes

- 1. This course helps to get feel of real life business problem and its conversion into functional
- 2. This course gives basic knowledge of techniques of calculus which is useful to them for higher studies.
- 3. This course creates the knowledge about the application of derivatives in business and in economics.
- 4. Students get familiarity with the Learning the basics of matrix and its application in business problems

Recommended learning Resources

- 1. Kapoor V. K.: Business Mathematics; Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi.
- 2. J. K. Sharma, Business Statistics, Pearson Education, New Delhi.
- 3. Sancheti & Kapoor, Business Statistics, Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi.
 - 4. Trivedi and Trivedi: Business Mathematics, Pearson India Ltd. New Delhi.

Structure of Course Examination

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) -by-the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

25 Marks
25 Marks
50 Marks

Component, the end semester examination, which will be a written-type examination of at least 2:00 hours duration, would also form an integral component to the evaluation. The ratio of marks to be allotted to Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) and to end semester examination is 50:50.

The external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the semester. The format includes subjective, objective and applications questions so the test of students can be done on parameters like conceptual knowledge, its application in actual sense, his or her memory and presence of mind. The structure is as under:

	Total	(50)
1 24 60	(It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs etc)	(10)
Q.5	Objective Questions (Equal weightage from all modules from Unit No. 1 to Unit No. 4) (any 10 out of 12 or any 5 out of 7)	I
Q.4	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 4)	(10)
Q.3	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 3)	(10)
Q.2	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 2)	(10)
Q.1	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 1)	1 (10



Bachelor of Commerce

Semester-II DSC-M 202A

Business Accounting (Paper-II)

Unit No.	Modules	No. of Lectures / Hours
Unit 1	ROYALTY ACCOUNTS Introduction-Meaning and Contract of Royalty Explanation of special terms Basis of Royalty calculation Accounting calculations of Royalty Accounting treatments: Journal Ledger Entries and Accounts Practical Questions [Excluding Sub-contract of Royalty	15
Unit 2	ACCOUNTS OF FIRE CLAIMS UNDER THE STOCK INSURANCE POLICY AND UNDER CONSEQUENTIAL LOSS POLICY Introduction and Meaning Average Clause Stock Insurance Policy and claim Important accounting terms related to stock insurance policy Claim amount under the Stock Insurance policy for Loss of Stock/ goods Consequential Loss Policy (Loss of Profit Policy) Claim amount under the Consequential Loss Policy (Loss of Profit Policy) Important accounting terms related to Consequential Loss Policy Journal entries for the Sanctioned and Accepted claims Practical Questions	



		Total Lectures / Hours	60
		Practical Questions	
		- Buyback of shares	
		- Bonus shares & Right shares	
		Conversion of shares into stock	
		- Sub-division of shares	
		- Consolidation of shares	
		capital	
-	eri representation de la company de la compa	Provisions of Companies Act 2013 related to alteration of share	
		- Introduction, Meaning	13
	Unit 4	ALTERATION OF SHARE CAPITAL	15
		- Practical Questions	
		- Weighted Average Price method	
		- Base Stock method	
		- HIFO	
		- LIFO	
		- FIFO	
		- Specific Identification method	
		- Methods of Inventory Valuation[including Stock statement]	
		Accounting Standard -2 [Revised]	
-		· Objectives of Inventory Valuation Main valuation points of Indian	1
		- Introduction-Meaning of Inventory and Inventory Valuation	
	Unit 3	INVENTORY VALUATION	15

Objectives:

The course aims to help learners to acquire conceptual knowledge on business accounting, to impart skills for recording various kinds of business transactions and to maintain accounts.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of the course, learners will be able to:

- 1. Record transactions related to royalty and prepare required accounts in the books of lessee and lessor (landlord);
- business losses under stock insurance policy;
- Guide business enterprises in preparing and submitting insurance claim statement against des money: business losses under Consequential Loss Policy;
- Standards; Standards;
- 55 5 Understand provisions of Companies Act 2013 related to alteration of share capital with practical approach.



Suggested Readings:

- 1. Dr. M. A. Arulanandam and Dr. K. S. Raman, Advanced Accountancy (Vol.I & II), Edition 2023, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai
- 2. J.R. Monga, Financial Accounting: Concepts and Applications. Mayur Paper Backs, Delhi.
- 3. G Sudarsana Reddy, Financial Management Principles and Practices, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai.
- 4. M. C. Shukla, T. S. Grewal and S. C. Gupta. Advanced Accounts. Vol.-I. S. Chand & Co., Delhi.
- 5. S.N. Maheshwari, and S.K. Maheshwari. Financial Accounting. Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 6. Deepak Sehagal. Financial Accounting. Vikas Publishing H House, New Delhi.
- 7. Tulsian, P.C. Financial Accounting, Pearson Education.
- 8. M Hanif, A Mukherjee, Corporate Accounting 2nd Edition, McGraw Hill Education, India

Structure of Course Examination

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) by the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

Internal Evaluation System

Internal Tests	25 Marks
Class participation / Case analysis and presentation/ assignment, tutorials/ slip tests (announced/ surprised), quizzes etc.	25 Marks
Total	50 Marks

Component, the end semester examination, which will be a written-type examination of at least 2:00 hours duration, would also form an integral component to the evaluation. The ratio of marks to be allotted to Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) and to end semester examination is 50:50.

The external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the semester. The format includes subjective, objective and applications questions so the test of students can be done on parameters like conceptual knowledge, its application in actual sense, his or her memory and presenceof mind. The structure is as under:

	Total Total	(50)
Q.5	Any Two questions out of four carrying 05 marks each (Unit No. 1 to Unit No. 4)	(10)
Q.4	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 4)	7. (7.7.)
Q.3	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc	(10):
Q.2.	10 mortes (Unit No. 2)	(10)
Q.1	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 1)	(10)



Bachelor of Commerce

Semester-II <u>DSC-M 202B</u> Probability Theory

Course Content

Unit	Topics	Content/ Fundamental Concepts	No. of Lectures / Hours
1.	Probability Theory	Introduction and definition of random experiment, sample space, different types of events, Mathematical, statistical and axiomatic definitions of probability with their limitations, Types of probability - classical, relative, subjective-, Addition and multiplication rules of probability and other corollaries of it, conditional probability, numerical examples based on all these concepts, Bayes' theorem (without proof) and its application up to three events and simple numerical examples have the	
		numerical examples based on it. Meaning and definition of random variable and its type, Definition of probability distribution of random variable, Definition of mathematical expectation of discrete random variable and its properties (without proof), Simple applied examples on mathematical expectation Definition of variance, covariance and its properties. Simple examples based on it. Meaning and definition of Raw and Central moment and its uses Relation between first four raw and central moments (without proof), Concept of coefficient of Skewness and Kurtosis and their interpretations, Simple examples for obtaining the measures by using raw data, grouped data and probability distribution.	15



3.	Discrete: Probability	Meaning and definition of probability distributions and distribution function of	15.
	Distributions -1	randomvariable, Probability mass function of Binomial distribution, its properties and applications, Application base numerical examples. Probability mass function of Poisson distribution, properties, applications and simple Application base examples. (Mathematical proof are ignored in all distribution).	13:
4	Discrete Probability Distributions -2	Meaning and definition of probability mass function of Hyper-geometric distribution, properties, its comparison with Binomial distribution and simple applications based numeric examples on it. Meaning and definition of Probability mass function of Negative Binomial distribution its properties and applications, Numerical examples. Meaning and definition of probability mass function of Geometric distribution, simple applications and their properties and simple examples based on application. (Mathematical proof are ignored in all distribution).	15
		Total Lectures / Hours	60

Course Overview & Course Objectives

Course Overview/ Course Description

This course offers students the knowledge about basics of methods of probability. This knowledge is necessary for the students who are opting statistics subject and for the professional and advanced studies this course will be very advantageous.

Course Objectives

- 1. To make them familiar with the basics of the probability theory.
- 2. To give basic knowledge of tool requires for analyzing the probability distributions.
- 3. To make them aware of importance of probability mass functions.
- 4.4 To make students familiar with various types of distribution functions and their applications.



Course Learning Outcomes/Students' Learning Outcomes (SLO)

Course Learning Outcomes

- 1. This course helps to measure uncertainty or randomness in the occurrence of any event and to use it for the problems of real life problems.
- 2. This course gives idea of the statistical analysis when probabilities or probability distribution function of random variable is known.
- 3. Learning to determining probability in the case of dichotomous outcomes and for the rare events such distributions are used to find probability.
- 4. Attaining knowledge of determining probability in easy and simple manner, familiarity with various types of distributions are to be studied.

Recommended learning Resources

- Levin and Rubin: "Statistics for Management", Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi
- Sancheti & Kapoor: Business Statistics. Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi
- Sancheti & Kapoor: Business Mathematics, Sultan Chand Sons, New Delhi...
- S. C. Gupta, V. K. Kapoor, Fundamentals of Applied Statistics, Sultan Chand & sons, New Delhi.
- S.C. Gupta: "Fundamentals of Mathematica Statistics" S. Chand, New Delhi.

Structure of Course Examination

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) by the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

Internal Evaluation System

Internal Tests	25 Marks
Class participation / Case analysis and presentation/ assignment, autorials/ slip tests (announced/ surprised), quizzes etc.	25 Marks
Total	50 Marks

-Component, the end semester examination, which will be a written-type examination of at least 2:00 non-component duration, would also form an integral component to the evaluation. The ratio of marks to be allotted to Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) and to end semester examination is 50:50.

The external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the semester. The format includes subjective, objective and applications questions so the test of students can presence of mind. The structure is as under:



	Total	(50)
Q.5	Objective Questions (Equal weightage from all modules from Unit No. 1 to Unit No. 4) (any 10 out of 12 or any 5 out of 7) (It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs etc)	
Q.4	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 4)	(10)
Q.3	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying	(10)
Q.2	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 2)	(10)
Q.1	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 1)	(10)





Bachelor of Commerce Semester-II MIC 201A

Business Administration (Paper-II) (Management principles and applications)

Unit No.	Modules	No. of Lectures / Hours
Unit 1	INTRODUCTION Meaning and importance of management; Coordination mechanisms in organisations; Management theories- classical, neo-classical and modern constructions of management; Managerial functions; Managerial roles (Mintzberg); Managerial competencies.	15
Unit 2	PLANNING & ORGANISING Organisational objective setting; Decision making environment (certainty, risk, uncertainty); Techniques for individual and group decision-making; Planning vis-à-vis Strategy- meaning and elements of business firm environment- micro, meso, and macro; Industry structure, Business-level strategic planning. Decentralization and Delegation; Factors affecting organisational design; Departmentalization; Organisational structures and Organograms: traditional and modern, comparative suitability and changes over time; formal- informal organisations' interface.	15
Unit 3	DIRECTING AND CONTROLLING Motivation- meaning, importance and factors affecting motivation; Leadership- meaning, importance and factors affecting leadership, leadership styles, and followership. Controlling- Principles of controlling; Measures of controlling and accountability for performance.	15
Unit 4	CONTEMPORARY ISSUES IN MANAGEMENT Management challenges of the 21st Century; Factors reshaping and redesigning management purpose, performance and reward perceptions-Internationalisation, Digitalisation, Entrepreneurship & innovation, Values & ethics, Workplace diversity, Democracy and Sociocracy, Subaltern management ideas from India.	15
	Total Lectures / Hours	60

Objectives:

The course aims to familiarize the learner with extant and emerging management theories and practices for reflective and holistic thinking on management principles and practices.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of the course, learners will be able to:

- 1. Describe the various levels of management and applicability of management principles.
- 2. Evaluate a company's competitive landscape as per porter's five-force model.
- 3. Demonstrate various types of authority, delegation and decentralization in authority
- Demonstrate various types of leadership styles and identify the motivation techniques used by leaders.



5:- Discuss the impact of emerging issues in managements Suggested Readings:

1. Drucker, P. F. (1954). The Practice of Management. Newyork: Harper & Row.

2. Gupta C.B. and Mathur S. Management Principles and Applications. ScholarTech Press, Delhi.

3. Griffin. Management Principles and Application. Cengage.

4. Koontz, H., & Weihrich, H. (2012). Essentials of Management: An International and Leadership Perspective. McGraw Hill Publications

5. Kumar, Pardeep. Management: Principles and Applications. JSR PublicationHouse

LP,Delhi.

6. Laasch, O. (2022), Principles of Management, 2e, Sage Textbook

7. Mahajan, J.P. and Mahajan Anupama. Management Principles and Applications. VikasPublications.

8. Mitra J.K.(2018). Principles of Management. Oxford University Press.

9. Rao, V.S.P. Management Principles and Applications. Taxmann Publications.

10. Tulsian, P.C. & Pandey, V. —Business Organisation & Management, Pearson Education, India

Structure of Course Examination

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) by the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

Component, the end semester examination, which will be a written-type examination of at least 2:00 hours duration, would also form an integral component to the evaluation. The ratio of marks to be allotted to Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) and to end semester examination is 50:50.

The external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the semester. The format includes subjective, objective and applications questions so the test of students can be done on parameters like conceptual knowledge, its application in actual sense, his or her memory and presence of mind. The structure is as under:

Q.1	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 1)	. (10)
Q.2	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts practical problem etc.	(10)
Q.3.	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc.	2200
Q.4	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each QR Any-one question-which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 4)	(10)
Q.5	Any Two questions out of four carrying 05 marks each (Unit No. 1 to Unit No. 4)	(10)
	Kiishno Total	(50)



Bachelor of Commerce

Semester-II MIC_201B

Business Management (Paper-II)

(Digital Marketing)

_	Unit No.	Modules	
			No. of Lectures / Hours
	Unit 1	INTRODUCTION	15
0		Concept, scope, and importance of digital marketing. Traditional marketing versus digital marketing. Challenges and opportunities for digital marketing. Digital penetration in the Indian market. Benefits to the customer; Digital marketing landscape: an overview. Ethical issues and legal challenges in digital marketing. Regulatory framework for digital marketing in India.	1
	Unit 2	DIGITAL MARKETING MANAGEMENT	15
EN CONTRACTOR		Digital-marketing mix. Segmentation, Targeting, Differentiation, and Positioning: Concept, levels, and strategies in a digital environment; Digital technology and customer-relationship management. Digital consumers and their buying decision process.	
	Unit 3	DIGITAL MARKETING PRESENCE	15
		Concept and role of Internet in marketing. Online marketing domains. The P.O.E.M framework. Website design and Domain name branding. Search engine optimization: stages, types of traffic, tactics. Online advertising: types, formats, requisites of a good online advertisement. Buying models. Online public relation management. Direct marketing: scope and growth. Email marketing, Facebook marketing, YouTube and Video marketing, Twitter Marketing, InstagramMarketing: types and strategies.	
	Unit 4	INTERACTIVE MARKETING AND ARTIFICIAL	15
ALTA ALTA ALTA	Oblition. Cap	Interactive marketing: concept and options. Social media marketing: concept and tools. Online communities and social networks. Blogging: types and role. Video marketing: tools and techniques. Mobile marketing tools. PPC marketing. Payment options. Introduction of Artificial Intelligence in Marketing, How does All Work, Benefit of AI in Marketing Automation, Content creation with AI, AI Tools available for Digital marketing.	
-		Total Lectures / Hours	60
			00



Objectives:

The course aims to provide knowledge about the concepts, tools, techniques, and relevance of digital marketing in the present changing scenario. It also enables the learners to learn the application of digital marketing tools and acquaint about the ethical and legal aspects involved therein.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of the course, learners will be able to:

1. Identify and assess the impact of digital technology in transforming the business environment and also the customer journey;

2. Explain the way marketers think, conceptualize, test continuously to optimize their product search on digital platforms;

3. Illustrate the measurement of effectiveness of a digital marketing campaign;

4. Introduction of AI in Digital Marketing;

5. Demonstrate their skills in digital marketing tools such as SEO, Social media, andBlogging for engaging the digital generation;

6. Explain the need for regulatory framework for digital marketing in India.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Chaffey, D., Chadwick, F. E., Johnston, K., & Mayer, R. (2008). Internet Marketing:Strategy, Implementation, and Practice. New Jersey: Pearson Hall.
- 2. Frost, R. D., Fox, A., & Strauss, J. (2018). E- Marketing. Abingdon: Routledge.
- 3. Gupta, S. (2018). Digital Marketing. Delhi: Tata McGraw Hill Education.
- 4. Kapoor, N. (2018). Fundamentals of E-Marketing. Delhi: Pinnacle India.
- 5. Kotler, P., Kartajaya, H., & Setiawan, I. (2017). Digital Marketing: 4.0 Moving from Traditional to Digital. New Jersey: John Wiley & Sons.
- 6. Ryan, D., & Calvin, J. (2016). Understanding Digital Marketing: Marketing Strategies forengaging the Digital Generation. London: Kogan page.
- 7. Blanchard, O. A. (2011). Social Media ROI: Managing and Measuring Social Media Effortsin Your Organisation. Indianapolis: Que Publishing.
- 8. Charlesworth, A. (2018). Digital Marketing: A Practical Approach. Abingdon: Routledge.
- 9. Gay, R., Charlesworth, A., & Esen, R. (2007). Online Marketing: ACustomer-led Approach. Oxford: Oxford University Press.
- 10. Tasner, M. (2015). Marketing in the Moment: The Digital Marketing Guide to generatingmore sales and reaching your customer first. London: Pearson.



Structure of Course Examination

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) by the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

Internal Evaluation System	
Internal Tests	25 Marks
Class participation / Case analysis and presentation/ assignment, tutorials/ slip tests (announced/ surprised), quizzes etc.	25 Marks
Total	50 Marks

Component, the end semester examination, which will be a written-type examination of at least 2:00 hours duration, would also form an integral component to the evaluation. The ratio of marks to be allotted to Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) and to end semester examination is 50:50.

The external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the semester. The format includes subjective, objective and applications questions so the test of students can be done on parameters like conceptual knowledge, its application in actual sense, his or her memory and presence of mind. The structure is as under:

	Total	(50)
Q.5	Objective Questions (Equal weightage from all modules from Unit No. 1 to Unit No. 4) (any 10 out of 12 or any 5 out of 7) (It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs etc)	(10)
Q.4	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 4)	(10)
Q.3	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 3)	
Q.2	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 2)	(10)
Q.1	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 1)	





Bachelor of Commerce

Semester-II

MIC 201C

Banking & Finance (Paper-II)

(Banking law & practice)

Unit No.	Modules	No. of Lectures / Hours
Unit 1	THE NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENT ACT 1881 Definition of negotiable Instrument Promissory note, Bill of exchange, and Cheque, Holder, Holder in due course, Payment in due course, Negotiation, Endorsement, Dishonour of Negotiable Instruments, Noting and Protest, Penalties in case of dishonour of certain cheques, Negotiable Instruments Act, 2002: Instruments	15
	(Amendment) Act, 2018.	
Unit 2	THE RESERVE BANK OF INDIA & CREDIT REGULATION Evolution, Organization: Central Board, local boards and departments in the central office, RBI as currency authority: RBI asbanker to the government, RBI's supervision over commercial banks, Licensing of banks. Regulations relating to capital, Reserves and liquid assets of operation and management, Training, Deposit insurance Penalties, RBI Act 2018, and Monetary Policy Committee. RBI and Regulation of Digital Financial Services in India, 2012 to 2016 Objectives – RBI's instruments of general credit control: Bank Rate, Reserve requirements and OMOs, RBI's direct credit regulation – Regulation of non- banking institutions – Credit planning in India. Promotional functions of the RBI: RBI and rural credit – RBI and industrial finance – RBI and exponcredit – RBI and exchange control.	15
Unit 3	SECURITIZATION AND RECONSTRUCTION OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND ENFORCEMENT OF SECURITY	15
Franklijska Praktiska Praktiska	INTEREST ACT, 2002 Regulation of securitization and reconstruction of financial assets and financial institutions, Enforcement of security interest, Centra registry, Offences and penalties, relevant amendments between 2004 and 2008 and Amendments in SARFAESI Act 2016.	.1



Unit 4	CREDIT REGULATION	15
4 J - 2 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7	Objectives – RBI's instruments of general credit control: Bank Rate,	
	Reserve requirements and OMOs, RBI's direct credit regulation -	
	Regulation of non-banking institutions – Credit planning in India.	
	Promotional functions of the RBI:	
	RBI and rural credit – RBI and industrial finance – RBI and export	
	credit – RBI and exchange control.	
	Total Lectures / Hours	60

Objectives:

The main objective of the course is to develop an understanding of the Indian Banking System and various banking law and practices in India.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of the course, learners will be able to:

- 1. After completion of the course, learners will be able to: Understand about Indian banking system;
- 2. Gain an in depth knowledge about the RBI Act, 1934;
- 3. Know about securitization and reconstruction of financial assets and enforcement ofsecurity interest Act, 2002;
- 4. Explain provisions and legal provisions of prevention of money laundering Act, 2002;
- 5. Understand in detail credit regulations in India.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Basu A.K: Fundamentals of Banking- Theory and practice; A Mukerjee and co
- 2. Sayers R.S: Modern Banking; Oxford University Press.
- 3. Panandikar S.G. and Mithani DM: Banking in India; Orient Longman.
- 4. Sundharam and Varshini, "Banking Law, Theory and Practicies", Sultan Chand & Sons, 2003.
- 5. Santhanam, "Banking and Financial System", Margham Publications, Chennai, 2006.
- 6. Banking: Law and practice in India MaheshwarBanking and Financial system VasantDesa.
- 7. Fundamentals of Banking Dr.R. S. S. Swami
- 8. Bank Management By Vasant Desai -Himalaya Publication.
- 9. Bank and Institutional Management By Vasant Desai Himalaya Publication
- 10. E. Gordon & K. Natrajan: Banking Theory, Law & Practice", Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai.
- Publishing House.
- Macmillan Publication.

 12. Principles and Practices of Banking: Indian Institute of Banking & Finance-
 - 13. Srivastava S. P.; Banking Theory & Practice Annual Publication.

Structure of Course Examination

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) by the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

Internal Evaluation System

Internal Tests	25 Marks	
Class participation / Case analysis and presentation/ assignment, tutorials/ slip tests (announced/ surprised), quizzes etc.	25 Marks	
Total	50 Marks	

Component, the end semester examination, which will be a written-type examination of at least 2:00 hours duration, would also form an integral component to the evaluation. The ratio of marks to be allotted to Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) and to end semester examination is 50:50.

The external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the semester. The format includes subjective, objective and applications questions so the test of students can be done on parameters like conceptual knowledge, its application in actual sense, his or her memory and presence of mind. The structure is as under:

	Total	(50)
Q.5	Objective Questions (Equal weightage from all modules from Unit No. 1 to Unit No. 4) (any 10 out of 12 or any 5 out of 7) (It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs etc)	(10)
Q.4	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 4)	(10)
Q.3	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 3)	(10)
Q.2	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 2)	(10)
Q.1	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 1)	(10)





Bachelor of Commerce

Semester-II

MIC 201D

Statistics (Paper-II)

PROBABILITY AND DISCRETE PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTION

Unit	Particulers	No. of Lectures\ Hours
1	PROBABILITY	Hours
	➤ Introduction to Probability	
	> Terms Used in Probability	
	Random Experiment	
	➤ Sample Space	
	Event and Definition of Various Events.	
	Mathematical, Statistical and Axiomatic Definitions of	15
	Probability	
	Addition, Multiplication Rule and Sub Rules of the	
	Probability (Without Proof)	
	Conditional Probability	
	Bayes' Theorem (Without Proof)	
	Simple Examples of Probability up to Three Events	
2	MATHEMATICAL EXPECTATIONS	
	➤ Meaning of Random variable	
	Discrete	
	Continuous	
	Mathematical Expectation of a function for Discrete	
	Random Variable	
	Properties of Mathematical Expectation (WithoutProof)	
	Expectation and Variance of a Random Variables for	15
	Discrete Case only (Without Proof)	
	Mean, Variance and Covariance in Terms of	
	Expectation (Up to Two Variables only)	
3	Examples Related to Discrete Random Variables	
3	DISCRETE DISTRIBUTIONS -I	
	Concept of Probability Distribution	
	Probability Mass Function	
	Properties (Without Proof)	
	Introduction to Poisson Distribution	15
707	Properties and Uses of Poisson Distribution	13
	Introduction to Hypergeometric Distribution	
15.	Properties and Uses of Hypergeometric	
	Practical Examples Related to these Distributions	



4	DISCRETE DISTRIBUTIONS -II	
	Probability Mass Function	
	 Introduction to Negative Binomial Distribution 	
	Properties and Uses of Negative Binomial	
	Distribution	15
	➤ Geometric Distribution	
	Properties and Uses of Geometric Distribution	
	 Practical Examples Related to these Distributions 	
	Total Lectures / Hours	60

COURSE OBJECTIVES

Probability and Discrete Probability Distribution is a foundational course in probability theory that introduces students to the concepts and applications of probability in various fields. The course aims to develop students' understanding of probability and its discrete distributions, enabling them to solve problems involving uncertainty and randomness.

PRE - REQUISITE

A strong foundation in basic mathematics is essential for understanding the concepts of probability. Students should be familiar with arithmetic, algebra, and basic mathematical operations. An understanding of basic set theory is often necessary, as probability theory deals with events and their relationships in sample spaces. The learner should have basic knowledge of combinatorial principles, such as permutations and combinations, is often required. Combinatory is used to count the number of possible outcomes in various scenarios. Familiarity with basic probability terminology, such as events, outcomes, sample spaces, and probabilities, can be beneficial. This knowledge may be gained from introductory statistics or mathematics courses. Basic familiarity with mathematical notation, symbols, and concepts used in probability, such as summation, factorial notation, and set notation.

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon successful completion of a course on Probability and Discrete Probability Distribution, Students will have a solid understanding of the fundamental concepts of probability, including events, sample spaces, and the rules of probability. They will be able to interpret probabilities in various contexts involving uncertainty and randomness. Students will be proficient in applying combinatorial principles, such as permutations and combinations, to calculate the number of possible outcomes in different scenarios. Students will be able to define and analyze discrete random variables. They will understand the concept of probability mass function (PMF) and calculate probabilities associated with specific outcomes and sets of outcomes. Students will be skilled in calculating the expected value (mean) and variance of discrete random variables. Overall, completing a course on Probability and Discrete Probability Distribution should enable students to think probabilistically, understand the probabilistic aspects of data, and apply these concepts to various practical scenarios in their academic and professional pursuits.



REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. "Introduction to Probability and Mathematical Statistics" by Prasanna Sahoo (published by CRCPress)
 - 2. "Probability and Statistics" by T.K. V. Iyengar (published by S. Chand Publishing)
 - 3. "Fundamentals of Probability, with Stochastic Processes" by Saeed Ghahramani (published by PHILearning Private Limited)
 - 4. "Probability and Random Processes" by S.V. Prabhu and P.G. Sankaran (published by John Wiley& Sons India Pvt. Ltd.)
 - 5. "A First Course in Probability and Statistics" by B.L.S. Prakasa Rao (published by UniversitiesPress)

Structure of Course Examination

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) by the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

Internal Tests	25 Marks
Class participation / Case analysis and presentation/ assignment, tutorials/ slip tests (announced/ surprised), quizzes etc.	25 Marks
Total	50 Marks

Component, the end semester examination, which will be a written-type examination of at least 2:00 hours duration, would also form an integral component to the evaluation. The ratio of marks to be allotted to Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) and to end semester examination is 50:50.

The external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the semester. The format includes subjective, objective and applications questions so the test of students can be done on parameters like conceptual knowledge, its application in actual sense, his or her memory and presence of mind. The structure is as under:

	Total	(50)
Q.3	Objective Questions (Equal weightage from all modules from Unit No. 1 to Unit No. 4) (any 10 out of 12 or any 5 out of 7) (It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs etc)	(10)
Q.4	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 4)	(10)
Q.3	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 3)	(10)
Q.2	carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 2)	(10)
Q.1	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 1)	(10)





Bachelor of Commerce Semester-II MIC 201 E

Computer Application (Paper II)

(Internet and Web Page Development Using HTML)

Unit	Particulars	No. of Lectures \ Hours
1.	THEORY OF INTERNET Introduction to Internet History of Internet, Internet services, Intranet, Internet Vs Intranet, Governance on Internet, Internet Technology and Protocol - OSI Reference model, TCP/IP Protocol, Network protocols, Network components — switches, routers, gateways, Types of Internet	15
2.	Applications of Internet Internet Tools and Multimedia, WWW, Evolution of Web, Elements of WWW, Web browsers, Search engine, search criteria, E-mail – concepts, structure, protocols, addresses, security & netiquettes.	15
3.	PRACTICLE FOR WEBDESIGN WITH HTML Introduction to HTML Introduction of HTML & SGML, Skeleton of HTML, Tools required for HTML, HTML tags & attributes – Basics, Formatting, List, Anchor tag & Hyperlinks, Images and Image map, Tables.	15
4.	PRACTICAL OF CSS Web Page Development Using HTML Frames and Floating Frames, Forms, Style Sheets, URL Anatomy.	15
	Total Lectures / Hours	60

Objective

The purpose of this course is to expose students to basics of Internet & its applications, toenable students gain knowledge of designing and developing web page using HTML.

Recommended & suggested reference Books:

- 1) Internet Technology and Web Design, ISRD Group, TMH Publication
- 2) Internet and Web Design, Doeacc "O" Level, Firewall Media.
- 3) Designing Interactive Websites, by James L Mohler & Jon M Duff, CENGAGE
- 4) World Wide Web design with HTML, by C. Xavier, TMH Publication.
- 5) Computer Fundamentals and Information Technology, by Bharat & Co.
- 6) Internet the Complete Reference, by Young.
- 7) Internet for Every One Techworld, by Leon.
- 8) Computer Application, by Vimal Pandya & Dr. G. N. Jani, Akshar Publication.
- 9) Computer Application II, by Vimal Pandya, HK Arts College Publication

Structure of Course Examination

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) by the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

Internal Evaluation System

Internal Tests	25 Marks
Class participation /Case analysis and presentation/ assignment, tutorials/slip tests(announced/surprised), quizzes etc.	25Marks
Total	50Marks

Component, the end semester examination, which will be a written-type examination of at least 1:00 hours duration, would also form an integral component to the evaluation. The ratio of marks to be allotted to Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) and to end semester examinations 50: 50. The external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the semester. The format includes subjective, objective and applications questions so the test of students can be done on parameters like conceptual knowledge, its application in actual sense, his or her memory and presence of mind. The structure is as under:

University Theory examination will be of 25 Marks and 60minutes (1.00Hrs.)

Answer two short questions comming 05 mg day 1 OD 4	44.00
This were two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question	(10)
which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical	
problem etc. carrying10marks(UnitNo.1)	
Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question	(10)
which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical	()
problem etc. carrying10marks(UnitNo.2)	
	(5)
Unit No. 2) (any 5 out of 7)	(3)
etc)(UnitNo.1 AND 2)	
	(25)
	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc. carrying10marks(UnitNo.1) Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc. carrying10marks(UnitNo.2) Objective Questions (Equal weight age from all modules from UnitNo.1to Unit No. 2) (any 5 out of 7) (It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs etc)(UnitNo.1 AND 2)

Practical University examination will be of 25 Marks based on unit 3 and 4.





Bachelor of Commerce Semester-II MIC 201F ACCOUNTING -II (Paper-II)

Unit No.	Modules	No. of Lectures / Hours
Unit 1	Evolution of Accounting Evolution of Accounting in India, Evolution of Double Entry System of Accounting, Cost Accounting, Management Accounting, Auditing, Emerging Areas in Accounting such as Responsibility Accounting, Environmental Accounting, Automated Accounting Process, Block chain, Forensic Accounting, AI Accounting, Big Data in Accounting	15
Unit 2	Accounting of Share Capital Meaning and Types of Shares and Share Capital, Minimum Subscription, Prospectus, Concept of Book Building Process and ASBA, Issue of shares to pubic at par and Premium, Over Subscription and Under Subscription of shares, Calls in arrears and Calls in Advance, Pro-rata allotment of shares, forfeiture and reissue of shares, Issue of Shares for consideration other than cash, Private Placement and Employees Stock Option Plan (ESOP), Presentation of Share Capital in Balance Sheet	
Unit 3	Accounting of Debentures Meaning and Types of Debentures, Issue of Debentures to public for cash at Par, Premium and Discount, Issue of Debentures for consideration other than cash, Issue of Debentures as Collateral Securities and its presentation in Balance Sheet, Issue of Debentures with terms of redemption, Interest on Debentures with TDS, Writing off Discount/Loss on issue of Debentures.	
Unit 4	Preparation and Presentation of Final Account of a Company a per Companies Act 2013 with latest amendments (Maximum 20 balances to be given in Trial balance and maximum 4 adjustments to be asked in full question of Financial Statements)	s 15
	Total Lectures / Hours	60



COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To make aware about Evolution of Accounting by providing insights about various developments in the subject.
- > To provide comprehensive understanding of all aspects relating to corporate accounting practices and presentation of financial statements in organizations.

To enable the students to understand the procedure of preparing the accounts of corporate enterprises with the help of the principles and regulations governing the same.

To acquaint students with the legal formats and procedures pertaining to share capital and debentures.

COURSE OUTCOME:

- > Foundational Knowledge of Accounting Evolution
- > Prepare financial statements for external reporting in compliance with the Companies Act and IndAS
- > Functional skills of Accounting for Share Capital
- > Functional skills of Accounting for Debentures

REFERENCE BOOKS

- -1. Bhushan Kumar Goyal & Dr H.N. Tiwari: Financial Accounting Taxmann November-2022
- 2. M C Shukla, S C Gupta & T S Grewal: Advanced Accounts, S. Chand Publishing 2017
- 3. T. Horngren Charles, L. Sundern Gary, et al.: Introduction to Financial Accounting Pearson Publishing 2022

Structure of Course Examination

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) by the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

Internal Tests	25 Marks
Class participation / Case analysis and presentation/ assignment, tutorials/ slip tests (announced/ surprised), quizzes etc.	25 Marks
Total	50 Marks

Component, the end semester examination, which will be a written-type examination of at least 2:00 hours duration, would also form an integral component to the evaluation. The ratio of marks to be allotted to Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) and to end semester examination is 50:50.

The external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the semester. The format includes subjective, objective and applications questions so the test of students can be done on parameters like conceptual knowledge, its application in actual sense, his or her memory and presence of mind. The structure is as under:

	A state of the sta	
Q.1	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 1)	(10)
 Q.2	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 2)	(10)

	Total	(50)
Q.5	Objective Questions (Equal weightage from all modules from Unit No. 1 to Unit No. 4) (any 10 out of 12 or any 5 out of 7) (It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs etc)	(10)
Q.4	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 4)	(10)
Q.3	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 3)	(10)





Bachelor of Commerce

Semester-II

ID/MD 201A

Micro Economics (Paper-II)

Unit No.	Modules	No. of
		Lectures
		/ Hours
Unit 1	Perfect Competitions	15
	Meaning, Characteristics, AR and MR in a perfectly competitive	
	market; Equilibrium conditions – Firm and Industry – Short Run and Long Run.	
Unit 2	Monopoly	15
	Meaning, Characteristics, AR and MR in Monopoly; Price	
	Determination - Equilibrium Conditions, Short Run and Long Run;	
	Price Discrimination – Meaning, Type, Possibility and Profitability;	
	Monopsony –Concept.	
Unit 3	Imperfect Competition	15
	Monopolistic Competition – Meaning, Features, AR and MR in	
	monopolistic competition; Price Determination - Equilibrium	
	Conditions, Short Run and Long Run; Oligopoly and Duopoly –	
	Meaning, Characteristics of Oligopoly and Duopoly, Kinked Demand	
	Curve, Cournot Model of Duopoly.	
Unit 4	Theory of Distribution	15
	Marginal Productivity Theory of Distribution, Rent - Classical and	
	Modern, Quasi Rent. Concept of Profit – Risk-bearing Theory,	
	Uncertainty Theory, Innovation Theory of Profit.	
	Total Lectures / Hours	60

Objectives:

This paper has the focus on economic behaviour of an individual firm and Industry in various market situations with resource distribution and profit theory.

Learning Outcomes:

On successful completion of the course the students will able to understand producer's equilibrium in the short run and long run, price and output determination under various types of markets. This will enhance the managerial capability of the students also.



Reference Books:

- 1. K. K. Dewett and Varma: Elements of Economic Theory
- 2. H. L. Ahuja: Advanced Economic Theory
- 3. Varshney and Maheshwari: Managerial Economics

Structure of Course Examination

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) by the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

Internal Evaluation System

Internal Tests	25 Marks
Class participation / Case analysis and presentation/ assignment, tutorials/ slip tests (announced/ surprised), quizzes etc.	25 Marks
Total	50 Marks

Component, the end semester examination, which will be a written-type examination of at least 2:00 hours duration, would also form an integral component to the evaluation. The ratio of marks to be allotted to Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) and to end semester examination is 50:50.

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	Total	(50)
Q.5	Objective Questions (Equal weightage from all modules from Unit No. 1 to Unit No. 4) (any 10 out of 12 or any 5 out of 7) (It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs etc)	(10)
Q.4	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 4)	(10)
Q.3	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 3)	(10)
Q.2	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 2)	(10)
Q.1	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 1)	(10)





Bachelor of Commerce Semester-II

ID/MD_201B

Export Import Management (Paper-II)

Unit No.	Particulers	No. of
		Lectures
		/ Hours
Unit 1	Preparation for Shipment.	15
	Introduction, Packaging of Goods, Nature of Export Cargo,	
	Conference Practice, Chartering Practices, Air Freighting, Quality	
	Control and Pre-Shipment Inspection, Self-Certification, ISO 9000,	
	Role of Clearing and Forwarding Agent, Movement of Goods to Port:	
Unit 2	Shipment of Export Cargo:	15
	Introduction, Stages of Shipment, Central Excise Formalities, Legal	
	Framework, Customs Clearance Stages, Documentary Requirements,	
	Procedural Formalities, Port Procedures:	
Unit 3	Import Cargo Clearance:	15
	Introduction, Legal Framework, Foreign Trade (Development and	
	Regulation) Act, 1992, Basic Information, Documents and Duties,	
	Documents, Types of Bill of Entry, Duties, Stages of Custom	
	Clearance, Procedure of Custom Clearance:	
Unit 4	Unit-4 Cargo Insurance:	15
	Cargo Insurance- Introduction, Need for cargo Insurance, Nature of	
*	Cargo insurance policy, Insurance contract, Indemnity and Insurance	
	value, Kinds of perils, types of losses, Types of policies, Insurance	
	claims, Documents for claims.	
	Total Lectures / Hours	60

Objectives:

Main objective of this syllabus is to make students aware about how export import business function operates like preparation & shipment, cargo insurance etc.

Learning Outcomes:

This subject may help students to get knowledge about operation parts that how goods are exported and imported with all commercial and legal aspects.



Reference Books:

How to Export - Nabhi Publication.

How to Import - Nabhi Publication.

Export Management- D C Kapoor, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.

India's Export Policy-Puspa Tarafdar, Deep & Deep Publication Pvt. Ltd.

Dynamics of Indian Export Trade-Pratima Dikshit, Deep & Deep Publication Pvt.

Structure of Course Examination

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) by the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

Internal Evaluation System

Internal Tests

Class participation / Case analysis and presentation/ assignment, tutorials/ slip tests (announced/ surprised), quizzes etc.

Total

50 Marks

Component, the end semester examination, which will be a written-type examination of at least 2:00 hours duration, would also form an integral component to the evaluation. The ratio of marks to be allotted to Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) and to end semester examination is 50:50.

The external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the semester. The format includes subjective, objective and applications questions so the test of students can be done on parameters like conceptual knowledge, its application in actual sense, his or her memory and presence of mind. The structure is as under:

	Total	(50)
Q.5	Objective Questions (Equal weightage from all modules from Unit No. 1 to Unit No. 4) (any 10 out of 12 or any 5 out of 7) (It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs etc)	(10)
Q.4	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 4)	(10)
Q.3	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 3)	(10)
Q.2	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 2)	(10)
Q.1	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 1)	(10)





Bachelor of Commerce

Semester-II ID/MD 201C

Business Environment (Paper-II)

Unit No.	Modules	No. of Lectures / Hours
Unit 1	International Institutions: International Monetary Fund (IMF) Objectives, Functions and working of IMF, SDR, World Bank, Objectives, Functions, World Bank and India, World Trade Organisation (WTO), Objectives and Functions and Working of WTO, Asian Development (ADB) Objections and Functions.	15 d
	Domestic Economic Environment: Agriculture Policy- Meaning and Importance Agriculture Policy in India, Performance of Agriculture Policy in India during Planning Period. Basic Issues in Agriculture in India, Causes of Low Productivity in Indian Agriculture, Remarks in Agriculture policy. Industrial Policy of India: Significance of Industrial Policy, Industrial Policy of 1948, New Industrial Policy of 1991, An Appraisal of the New Industrial Policy, Monopoly Restricted Trade Practice (M.R.T.P) Act 1969 and Competition Commission 2003. Labour Policy- Meaning, Need and Principles of Labour Legislation, Impact of Economic Reforms on Labour Policy.	15
	Human Resource Development & Environment Policy: Meaning, Human Resource Policy in India, Impact of HR policy on Health Care and Education, sustainable Development and Environmental Protection, Causes of Environmental Degradation, Environment Policy in India. Fotal Lectures / Hours	15
-	total Lectures / Hours	60

Objectives:

of Business and Government's different policy and its Implications in the Economy.

Learning Outcomes:

On successful completion of the course the students will able to understand macro-economic environment of Business and Government's different policy and its Implications in the Economy.

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References:

- 1. Indian Economy Since Independence by Uma Kapila
- 2. Indian Economy-Environment and Policy by Dhingra I.C.
- 3. Economic Environment of Business by Mishra & Puri.
- 4. Business Environment-Tax and Cases by Francis Cherunilam
- 5. Second Generation Economic Reforms in India by Dutta R.

Structure of Course Examination

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) by the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

Internal Evaluation System	
Internal Tests	25 Marks
Class participation / Case analysis and presentation/ assignment, tutorials/ slip tests (announced/ surprised), quizzes etc.	25 Marks
Total	50 Marks

Component, the end semester examination, which will be a written-type examination of at least 2:00 hours duration, would also form an integral component to the evaluation. The ratio of marks to be allotted to Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) and to end semester examination is 50:50.

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	Total	(50)
Q.5	(any 10 out of 12 or any 5 out of 7) (It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs etc)	(=0)
-	Objective Questions (Equal weightage from all modules from Unit No. 1 to Unit No. 4)	(10)
Q.4	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 4)	(10)
Q.3	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which count be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying	(10)
Q.2	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 2)	(10)
Q.1	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 1)	(10)



Course No.	Course Type	Title of Course	Selection	Credits
301 A	DSC-M	Advance Accounting (Cost Account – I)	(Select anyone)	
301 B	DSC-M	Advance Statistics (Sampling Techniques)		4
302 A	DSC-M	Advance Accounting (Business Accounting – III)	(Select anyone)	4
302 B	DSC-M	Advance Statistics (Linear Optimization)		4
303A	DSC-M	Advance Accounting (Personal Tax Planning & Management – I)	(Select anyone)	
303B	DSC-M	Advance Statistics (Statistics for Economics)		4
301A	ID/MD	Micro Economics - III	(Select anyone)	
301B	ID/MD	Export Import Management -III	(Sciect anyone)	4
301C	ID/MD	Business Environment - III		7
301	AEC	Separate basket will be provided for AEC, SEC and CVAC papers	(Select any one)	2
301	SEC	Separate basket will be provided for AEC, SEC and CVAC papers	(Select anyone)	2
301	CVAC (IKS)	Separate basket will be provided for AEC, SEC and CVAC papers	(Select anyone)	2
		TOTAL r subject should be other than the major subj		22



Bachelor of Commerce

Semester-III DSC-M 301A

Cost Account (Paper-I)

Unit No.	Particulars	No. of
		/ Hours
Unit 1	INTRODUCTION OF COST ACCOUNTING & MATERIAL COST [A] Concept and Nature of Cost Accounting: Concept of cost and costing, Importance and features of costing, Cost Element – meaning & classification, Concept of cost unit, cost center, meaning of 'unit' from the view point of producer, Establishment of an ideal cost accounting system [B] Material Cost: - Material: Introduction, Meaning and Types - Material Control Techniques: Objectives and Importance - Process of Material (Accounting and Control of Material Cost) > Purchase of Materials > Receipt and Inspection of Goods > Store-Keeping (Including Practical Questions Relating to CalculateLevels of Material, Inventory Turnover Ratio) - Practical Questions	15
Unit 2	EMPLOYEE COST - Introduction, meaning and classification of employee cost - Requisite of a good wage and incentive system - Concept and Treatment of Idle Time-Over Time and Fringe Benefits - Concept of employee productivity and cost - Principles of determining Wage Rate - Employee turnover - Wage Systems: > Essentials of Wage System > Traditional Wage Systems: 1. Time wage system 2. Piece wage system Incentive Wage Systems: (A) Individual Incentive Systems: Halse Premium Plan (2) Rowan Premium Plan (3) Taylor's different Wage Rate System (4) Merrick's different Wage Rate System (5) Bendeaux Plan (6) Gantt's Bonus and Task Plan (B) Ground Incentive Schemes: (1) Profit Sharing (2) Co-Partnership - Practical Questions	



Unit 3	OVERHEADS	15
	- Introduction, meaning and definition	15
	- General Principles for overheads	
	- Meaning and Methods of cost absorption	
	- Classification of Overheads (1) Functional 2) Element wise and Behaviour wise)	
	- Absorption [Recovery] of overheads (Including Practical Questions) ➤ Apportionment of Overheads over Various Departments	
	Re-Apportionment of Service Department Cost to ProductionDepartments	
	➤ Allocation of overheads (Excluding Practical Questions of MachineHour Rate)	
	 Treatment of Over-Absorption and Under-Absorption of Overheads Practical Questions 	5
Unit 4	PROCESS COSTING	15
Omt 4		15
	- Introduction, Meaning and Features of Process Costing	
	- Normal and abnormal loss and gain	
	- Application of process costing	
	- Joint-Products and By-Products	
	- Practical Questions of simple process costing only (Excluding inter processprofit and equivalent production)	
	Total	60

Objectives:

- The course aims to develop understanding among learners about contemporary cost concept and rational approach towards cost systems and cost ascertainment.
- The course also aims to provide knowledge about various methods of cost determination under specific situations and to acquire the ability to use information determined through cost accounting for decision making purpose.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of the course, learners will be able to:

- 1. Understand concept and nature of cost and cost accounting;
- 2. Determine various types of cost of production;
- 3. Know the valuation of materials and material control techniques;
- 4. Compute employee cost, employee productivity, and employee turnover;
- 5. Allocation and apportionment of overheads.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Arora, M.N. Cost Accounting Principles and Practice, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi
- 2. Banarjee, B. (2014). Cost Accounting Theory and Practice. New Delhi: PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Kishor, R. M. (2019). Taxman's Cost Accounting. New Delhi: Taxmann Publication Pvt. Ltd. Lal,
- 4. J., & Srivastava, S. (2013). Cost Accounting. New Delhi: McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Mowen, 5. M. M., & Hansen, D. R. (2005). Cost Management. Stanford: Thomson.
- 6. Jawahar Lal, Cost Accounting, McGraw Hill Education.
- 7. P.C. Tulsian, Practical Costing, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
 - 8. M.Y. Khan, P.K. Jain., Theory and Problems in Cost Accounting, Tata McGraw Hill Publications.
- 9. Maheshwari, S.N. and S.N. Mittal, Cost Accounting: Theory and Problems, Shri Mahavir Book Depot, New Delhi.
 - 10. Study Material of CA Course (New) Intermediate Level Paper 3: Cost and Management Accounting. (https://www.icai.org/post.html?post_id=17759)



Structure of Course Examination

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) by the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

Internal Evaluation System

Internal Tests	25 Marks
Class participation / Case analysis and presentation/ assignment, tutorials/ slip tests (announced/ surprised), quizzes etc.	25 Marks
Total	50 Marks

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	Total	(50)
Q.5	Objective Questions (Equal weightage from all modules from Unit No. 1 to Unit No. 4) (any 10 out of 12 or any 5 out of 7) (It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs etc)	(10)
Q.4	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 4)	(10)
Q.3	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 3)	(10)
Q.2	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 2)	(10)
Q.1	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 1)	(10)



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K.S.K.V. KACHCHH UNIVERSITY

Bachelor of Commerce

Semester-III DSC-M 301B

Sampling Techniques

	Unit No.	Particulars	No of Lectures/ Hours
	Unit 1	Sampling Methods	110415
		Meaning of population and sample	
		➤ Need for sampling	
	1	> Definition of population size and sample size	
		Points to be considered for determining sample size	
	1	Theoretical description of different sampling methods	
		(i) Non probabilistic sampling methods: convenience, quota, judgmental, purposive	15
		(ii) Probabilistic sampling methods: simple random sampling method,	
		stratified random sampling method, systematic sampling method,	
		two stage sampling method, cluster sampling method, sequential	
		sampling method, and their comparisons.	
	Unit 2	Probabilistic sampling methods – 1	
		Simple Random Sampling with Replacement and Without	
-		Replacement.	
		Estimates Of Population Mean.	
		➤ In SRSWOR Prove That	
		(A) $\sum (\overline{y}) = \overline{y}$ (B) $\sum (s^2) = S^2$ (C) $V(\overline{y}) = \left(\frac{N-n}{Nn}\right)S^2$	15
		(D) $Cov(x, y) = \left(\frac{N-n}{Nn}\right) \frac{1}{N-1} \sum (x-x)(y-y)$	13
		> SRS Of Attributes	
		Size Of SRS And for Specified Precision. Related Examples and	
		Problems.	
	Unit 3	Probabilistic sampling methods – 2	
		Stratified Random Sampling Method: Description STRS Method	
		with Advantages	
		Estimates of Population Mean and its Variance.	
1		Allocation Of Sample Size.	
-		Cost Function and Proof of Stratified Sampling Vis Sample	
		Random Sampling. Related Examples and Problems	
生相談		Systematic Sampling Method: Linear And Non-Systematic	15
		Sampling Sampling	10
- 127-27	=	Estimates Of Population And Its Variance	
· Pantari		Systematic Sampling Vis Simple Random Sampling And Stratified	
		Sampling And Proof Of For Linear Trend. Related Example And Problem.	
-	Unit 4 I	Probabilistic sampling world 1 2	
		Probabilistic sampling methods – 3	
	,	Cluster Sampling Method, Estimates of Population Mean & it's'	15
-		Variances. Related Example and Problem.	10



> Two Stage Sampling Method	- I	
	1	
> PPS Sampling Method		
Sampling And Non sampling Error		
	Total	60

COURSE OBJECTIVES

> Students should be familiar with the basic estimating statistical techniques and the sampling techniques. Student should able to understand the application sampling techniques in the various field.

COURSE OUTCOMES

- Identify and define the population to be studied.
- > Identify and describe common methods of sampling.
- > Discuss problems of bias that should be avoided when selecting a sample.
- > To make them familiar with various types of the Sampling Technique.
- > To explain and to compare various allocations using Non probabilistic sampling methods & probabilistic sampling methods
- > To draw a conclusion about the best sampling procedure.
- be able to analyze data from multi-stage surveys

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Sampling Techniques: Cochran W.G
- 2. Applied Statistics: Mukhopadhyay P
- 3. Sampling Methods & Experiment Designs (In Gujarati):Dr. S. M. Shah & Dr. M.C. Jaiswal
- 4. Fundamentals of statistics V. K. Kapoor (Sultan and Chand)
- 5. Applied statistics S. C. Gupta and V. K. Kapoor
- 6. Theory and Methods of Survey Sampling Parimal Mukhopadhyay (Perntice Hall of India, New Dlehi)

Note: Latest Editions of the above books may be used.

Structure of Course Examination

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) by the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

Internal Evaluation System

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Total	50 Marks

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	Total	(50)
Q.5	Objective Questions (Equal weightage from all modules from Unit No. 1 to Unit No. 4) (any 10 out of 12 or any 5 out of 7) (It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs etc)	(10)
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Q.3	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 3)	(10)
Q.2	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 2)	(10)
Q:1	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 1)	(10)



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K.S.K.V. KACHCHH UNIVERSITY

Bachelor of Commerce

Semester-III DSC-M 302A

Business Accounting (Paper- III)

Unit No.	Particulars	No. of Lectures / Hours
Unit 1	VALUATION OF GOODWILL - Introduction, - Meaning- Characteristics-Need of valuation - Alertness for Factors leading to Goodwill and its' valuation - Accounting treatment of goodwill - Methods for valuation of goodwill - Practical Questions	15
Unit 2	VALUATION OF SHARES - Introduction - Meaning- Characteristics-Need of valuation - Alertness for Factors leading to Shares and its' valuation - Methods for valuation of Shares - Valuation of Right shares and Bonus shares - Practical Questions	15
Unit 3	 PROFIT PRIOR TO AND AFTER INCORPORATION OF COMPANY Introduction Meaning –Legal requirements Time Ratio and Sales Ratio –calculation and explanation Basis of Allocation proportion–ratio for income and expenditure items toascertain profit or loss prior to incorporation and after Incorporation. Practical Questions 	15
Unit 4	ACCOUNTS OF FARM Introduction-Meaning of Farm and Farm Accounting Utility and importance of Farm Accounting in India Types of Incomes of farm Expenses of farm Assets and Liabilities of farm Special Items related to farm Practical Questions including final accounts of farm	15
	Total	60

Course Objectives:

- The course aims to help learners to acquire conceptual knowledge on business accounting,
- To impart skills for recording various kinds of business transactions and to maintain accounts.



Learning Outcomes:

After completion of the course, learners will be able to:

- 1. Understand the meaning of goodwill and need of valuation of goodwill. Calculate value of goodwill with different methods;
- 2. Understand the meaning of share and need of valuation of share. Calculate value of share with different methods;
- 3. Know concept of pre and post profit. Allocate incomes and expenditures between prior to and after incorporation of company;
- 4. Understand different activities of agriculture and prepare final accounts of agriculture;

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Amitabha Mukherjee and Mohammed Hanif; Modern Accounting,
- 2. Ashok Sehagal Deepak Sehagal; Advanced Accounting (Taxmann Allied Services, Delhi
- 3. Cost Accounting by S.P. Iyenger (S. Chand & Sons)
- 4. Costing-Methods and Techniques, by S.P. Jain & K.L. Narang (Kalyani Publishers)
- 5. Dr. R.K. Sharma and Dr. R.S. Popli; Accountancy (Self Tutor),
- 6. Dr.B.M.Agrawal and Dr. M.P.Gupta; Advanced Accounting,
- 7. Gupta and Gupta; Principles and Practice of Accounting, (Sultan Chand & Sons, Delhi)
- 8. M.C.Shukla and T.S.Grewal; Advanced Accounts, (Sultan Chand & Sons, Delhi)
- 9. Narayan Swamy; Financial Accounting, (Prentice Hall India, New Delhi)
- 10. P.C. Tulsian; Financial Accounting, (Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co., New Delhi)
- 11. Practical Costing by Khanna, Pandey, Ahuja, Arora (S. Chand & Sons)
- 12. Practical Costing by P.C. Tulsian (Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd)
- 13. R.S.N Pillai, Bhagawathi, S.Uma; Practical Accounting (S. Chand & Co. New Delhi)
- 14. Robert N Anthony, David Hawkins, Kenneth A. Merchant, *Accounting: Text and Cases*. McGraw-Hill Education

Structure of Course Examination

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) by the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

Internal Evaluation System

Internal Tests	25 Marks
Class participation / Case analysis and presentation/ assignment, tutorials/ slip tests (announced/ surprised), quizzes etc.	25 Marks
Total	50 Marks

Component, the end semester examination, which will be a written-type examination of at least 2:00 hours duration, would also form an integral component to the evaluation. The ratio of marks to be allotted to Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) and to end semester examination is 50:50.

The external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the examination taken at the end of the external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the examination taken at the end of the external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the examination taken at the examination



	Total	(50)
Q.5	Objective Questions (Equal weightage from all modules from Unit No. 1 to Unit No. 4) (any 10 out of 12 or any 5 out of 7) (It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs etc)	(10)
Q.4	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 4)	(10)
Q.3	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 3)	(10)
Q.2	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 2)	(10)
Q.1	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 1)	(10)



Bachelor of Commerce

Semester-III DSC-M 302B

Linear Optimization

USA USA	Linear Optimization	
Unit No.	Particulars	NO OF Lectures/ Hours
Unit 1	Liner Programming	Hours
	➤ Introduction to L.P.P.	
	Structure and Assumptions of a L.P.P.	
	Limitations & uses of a L.P.P.	
	General Mathematical Model of L.P.P.	
	Simple Linear Programming, Model Formulation (up to three	15
	variables)	
	➤ Important Definitions Graphical Solution Method, Some Special	
	Cases (Multiple Optimal Solution, Unbounded Solution,	
	Infeasible Solution)	
Unit 2	Simplex Method -1	
	Definition of slack and surplus variables and other basic terms like	
	basic solution, basic feasible solution, initial basic feasible	
	solution	
	> Standard form of L.P.P.	15
	➤ Introduction to Simplex Method	15
	Simplex algorithm for solving LPP	
	➤ Simple Simplex Algorithm (Problems with constraints "≤" and	
T	"=" types only).	
Unit 3	Simplex Method - 2	
	➤ Definition of artificial variable, unrestricted variables, Big M and Two-Phase Method of solving L.P.P	
	Some Complications and their resolution (Unrestricted variables,	4.
	Degeneracy),	15
=	> Special Types of Linear Programming Solutions (Multiple	
- DE	Optimal Solution, Unbounded Solution, Infeasible Solution).	
Unit 4	Introduction to other types of programming	
	Meaning and uses of dual LPP	
	simple examples of obtaining Dual from given Primal LPP	
FRANCE TO	Integer programming, Goal programming and Dynamic	15
	programming (only theory)	
	> The Dual Simplex Method	
	Total	60

COURSE OBJECTIVES

The students will get the knowledge of operations research, linear programming and its application.

Student should able to understand the application of statistical methods in the various field.

COURSE OUTCOMES

- > Understand the concept of Liner Optimization.
- > Understand the concept of linear programming problem
- > Explain and solve Linear programming problem using simplex method, dual simplex method and carry out sensitivity analysis of LPP.
- Understand the concept of Integer programming, Goal programming and Dynamic programming
- Understand the concept of The Dual Simplex Method

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Loomba & N. Paul: Linear Programming Tata Mc Graw Hill, New Delhi.
- 2. Gass S. I.: Linear Programming Methods & Applications, Mc Graw Hill.
- 3. J.K.Sharma: O.R. Theory and Applications, Macmillan India Ltd.
- 4. Anderson, Sweeney, Williams, An Introduction to Management Science Quantitative
- Approach to Decision Making, Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- 5. Barry Render, Ralph M. Stair, Michael E. Hanna, Quantitative Analysis for Management, Pearson Education (Singapore) Pvt. Ltd.
- 6. Gupta P.K., Man Mohan: Operation Research Statistical Analysis -, Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi
- 7. G. Srinivasan: Operation Research, Prentice Hall India

Structure of Course Examination

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) by the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

Internal Evaluation System

Internal Evaluation System	
Internal Tests	25 Marks
Class participation / Case analysis and presentation/ assignment, tutorials/ slip tests (announced/ surprised), quizzes etc.	25 Marks
Total	50 Marks

Component, the end semester examination, which will be a written-type examination of at least 2:00 hours duration, would also form an integral component to the evaluation. The ratio of marks to be allotted to Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) and to end semester examination is 50:50.

The external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the semester. The format includes subjective, objective and applications questions so the test of students can be done on parameters like conceptual knowledge, its application in actual sense, his or her memory and presenceof mind. The structure is as under:

Q.1	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 1)	(10)
Q.2	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying	(10)
Q.3	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 3)	(10)

•		(It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs etc) Total	(50)
-	Q.5	Objective Questions (Equal weightage from all modules from Unit No. 1 to Unit No. 4) (any 10 out of 12 or any 5 out of 7)	(10)
PANALES	Q.4	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 4)	(10)



Bachelor of Commerce

Semester-III DSC-M 303A

Personal Tax Planning & Management (Paper- I)

Unit No.	Particulars	No. of Lectures / Hours
Unit 1	 BASIC CONCEPTS Introduction to Income Tax Act 1961 Basic concepts (Only Theory):	15
Unit 2	TAX PLANNING UNDER THE HEAD OF SALARY INCOME - Introduction - Income under the head "Salary" - Tax planning for salary income - Computation/Determination of income tax under the head of salary - Practical Questions	15
Unit 3	TAX PLANNING UNDER THE HEAD OF HOUSE PROPERTY - Introduction - Income under the head "House Property" - Tax planning for House Property incomes - Computation/Determination of income tax under the head of House Property - Practical Questions	
Uñit 4	TAX PLANNING UNDER THE HEAD OF INCOME FROM OTHER SOURCES - Introduction - Income under the head "Other Sources" - Tax planning for Income from other sources - Computation/Determination of income tax under the head of Other Source - Practical Questions	
	Total	60

Course Objectives:

- The course aims to enable learners to understand the importance of tax planning and use various instruments and measures for tax planning.
- It also aims to explain how systematic investment and selection of investment avenues can help intax planning.
- The course provides an insight into tax management by developing an understanding of the provisions relating to deduction and collection of tax at source, advance tax, refund, assessment procedures and provisions relating to income-tax authorities and appeals and revisions.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of the course, learners will be able to:

- 1. Examine how tax planning is useful and essential for every tax payer and to understand the concept of tax evasion and tax planning from direct taxes point of view;
- 2. Determine residential status and its relationship with tax planning. Examine how tax planning is permitted under different provisions of the Income Tax Act;
- 3. Assess the tax liability of individuals and HUFs having income under different heads, by considering tax planning measures providing for optimal tax relief;
- 4. Examine the provisions relating to survey, search and seizure and the related powers of various income-tax authorities;

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Singhania, V. K., & Singhania, K. Direct Taxes: Law & Practice. New Delhi: Taxmann Publication.
- 2. Ahuja, G., & Gupta, R. Direct Taxes Ready Reckoner. New Delhi: Wolters Kluwer India Private Limited.
- 3. Gaur, V. P., Narang, D. B., & Gaur, P. Income Tax Law and Practice. New Delhi: Kalyani Publishers.
- 4. Journals- 'Income Tax Reports' Company Law Institute of India Pvt. Ltd. Chennai
- 5. Journals- 'Taxman' Taxman Allied Services Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi
- 6. Journals- 'Current Tax Reporter' Jodhpur

Structure of Course Examination

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) by the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

Internal Evaluation System

Internal Tests	25 Marks
Class participation / Case analysis and presentation/ assignment, tutorials/ slip tests (announced/ surprised), quizzes etc.	25 Marks
Total	50 Marks

Component, the end semester examination, which will be a written-type examination of at least 2:00 hours duration, would also form an integral component to the evaluation. The ratio of marks to be allotted to Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) and to end semester examination is 50:50.

The external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the and a semester. The format includes subjective, objective and applications questions so the test of students can be done on parameters like conceptual knowledge, its application in actual sense, his or her memory and presence of mind. The structure is as under:

	Total	(50)
Q.5	Objective Questions (Equal weightage from all modules from Unit No. 1 to Unit No. 4) (any 10 out of 12 or any 5 out of 7) (It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs etc)	(10)
Q.4	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 4)	(10)
Q.3	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 3)	(10)
Q.2	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 2)	(10)
Q.1	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 1)	(10)





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K.S.K.V. KACHCHH UNIVERSITY

Bachelor of Commerce

Semester-III DSC-M 303B

Statistics for Economics

Unit No.	Particulars	No. of Lectures / Hours
Unit 1	Demand Analysis & Monopoly & Duopoly Problems	7 110 11 5
	Concept of Demand & Supply	
	Laws of Demand & Supply	
	Demand curve and supply curve	
	➤ Market Equilibrium	
	Elasticity of a function, price elasticity of demand and supply.	
	Elasticity of cost function, method of determines the price elasticity of demand.	
	Average revenue, marginal revenue, average cost, marginal cost,	4.5
	condition for total revenue, maximization and total cost	15
	minimization, total revenue curve.	
	Relation between price elasticity of the demand, average revenue and	
	marginal revenue, uses of price elasticity of demand.	
	Discussion of monopoly problems classical duopoly problems (idea only).	
	Effect of Taxation on Market Equilibrium & Monopoly.	
	Simple examples of monopoly under perfect competition.	
	 Difference between monopoly & duopoly problems 	
Unit 2	production & Utility function	
	Definition of production function and its properties.	
	Various production functions.	
	Maximization of the profit with illustrations.	
	Average production and marginal production.	
	Homogeneous production function and elasticity of productivity.	
	Euler's theorem with proof.	
	Cobb-Douglas production function.	15
	Maximization of production functions subject to cost function.	
1	Concept of Utility, Utility index, marginal Utility.	
	➤ Utility function and its properties.	
	Indifference curves, standard forms of utility function.	
	Maximization of Utility, compensated demand function,	
Jul - 12 - 17	Utility function on basis of income and Leisure. Examples	
	Index Numbers	
iaes o lsija	Definition, limitations, characteristics, and uses of index numbers	
meer out	Construction of whole sale price index number and cost of living	
	index number	
EZ -	Construction of index number by suing aggregate expenditure	15
	method and family budget method using Laspeyre's, Paasche's,	
7000	Fisher's, Marshall Edgeworth's and Dorbish Bowley's formulae,	
	Weighted mean formulae	

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	Deflating, Splicing, Time Reversal Test (TRT) and Factor Reversal	
	Test (FRT). Simple examples.	
Unit 4	Distribution of Income and Economic Models	
	Concept of Income Distribution models	
	> Study of Paroto's income distribution analysis and interpretations.	
	➤ Lorentz curve of concentration	
	Fitting of Pareto and Lorentz curves - numerical examples only.	15
	 Classical models- structural equations and structural parameters of model, 	
	Linear homogeneous equation system, study of (i) price determination model and (ii) income determination model.	
	Total	60

COURSE OBJECTIVES

The field of Statistics deals with collection, organization, analysis, interpretation and presentation of data. This module plays a vital role in understanding economic data such as the relationship between the quantity and price, supply and demand, economic output, GDP, per capita income of nations etc. Statistics help in formulating different economic laws such as the Law of Demand, Law of Supply, Elasticity of Demand, Elasticity of Supply, etc., were developed using the inductive method of generalization.

COURSE OUTCOMES

Statistics for economics concerns itself with the collection, processing, and analysis of specific economic data. It helps students to understand and analyze economic theories and denotes correlations between variables such as demand, supply, price, output, national income and economical models etc., with the help of different techniques and tools, it helps economy understand and solve these economic problems efficiently. Student shall be able to understand the behavior of consumers toward the purchase and usage of a commodity or service by considering different determinants of supply and demand.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. David R. Anderson/Dennis J. Sweeney/Thomas A. Williams/Jeffrey D. Camm/James J Cochran: Statistics for Business & Economics
- 2. E.K. Ummer Basic Statistics for Economics, Business, and Finance
- 3. Dhingra IC, Garg VK Economic Development & Policy in India
- 4. Dhingra IC, Garg VK Principles of Macro Economics
- 5. Bruce Hansen Probability and Statistics for Economists
- 6. Dr D.P. Jain Statistics for Economics

Structure of Course Examination

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) by the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

Internal Evaluation System

Internal Tests

Class participation / Case analysis and presentation/ assignment, tutorials/ slip tests (announced/ surprised), quizzes etc.

Total

Total

50 Marks

Component, the end semester examination, which will be a written-type examination of at least 2:00 hours duration, would also form an integral component to the evaluation. The ratio of marks to be allotted to Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) and to end semester examination is 50:50.

The external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the semester. The format includes subjective, objective and applications questions so the test of students can be done on parameters like conceptual knowledge, its application in actual sense, his or her memory and presence of mind. The structure is as under:

University examination will be of 50 Marks and 120 minutes (2.00Hrs.)

	Total	(50)
Q.5	Objective Questions (Equal weightage from all modules from Unit No. 1 to Unit No. 4) (any 10 out of 12 or any 5 out of 7) (It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs etc)	(10)
Q.4	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 4)	(10)
Q.3	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 3)	(10)
Q.2	e a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 0 marks (Unit No. 2)	
Q.1	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 1)	

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K.S.K.V. KACHCHH UNIVERSITY

Bachelor of Commerce

Semester-III ID/MD 301A

Micro Economics - III

Unit No.	Particulars	No. of
CHILITO.		Lectures
		/ Hours
Unit 1	Unit-1 Managerial Economics: Nature and Importance: Meaning, characteristics and importance of managerial Economics, Scope, functions and responsibilities of managerial Economics, Difference between pure economics and managerial economics, managerial economics and its relation with other branches of knowledge.	15
Unit 2	Unit-2 Basic Concepts and Methods of Analysis: Basic concepts: The incremental concepts, the opportunity cost concepts, the concept of time perspective, the equi-marginal concept. Tools of analysis: constant and variable factors, functions and graphs. Method of Analysis: Scientific method, models and case studies.	
Unit 3	Unit-3 Demand Analysis and Estimation: Meaning, objectives and importance of demand analysis, Concept of demand, demand function, determinants of demand. Demand distinctions/types: Consumer's goods demand and producers goods demand, durable demand and non-durable goods demands, derive demand and independence demand, firm's demand and industry demand, individual demand and market demand.	
Unit 4	Unit-4 Demand Forecasting: Meaning, objectives and types of demand forecasting, Usefulness and factors affecting demand forecasting, different method of demand forecasting, some statistical method of demand forecasting, demand forecasting for new products Standards of best demand forecasting methods.	7
	Total	60

Course Objectives: The purpose of this course is to apply micro economic concepts and techniques in evaluating business decisions taken by firms. The emphasis is on explaining how tools of standard price theory can be employed to formulate a decision, evaluate alternative courses of action and finally choose among alternatives.

Learning Outcomes:

Apply the knowledge of the mechanics of supply and demand, estimation and forecasting of demand to explain working of markets of different products. Described how changes in demand and supply affect markets. Understand the choices made by a rational producers/manager in this competitive world.

Reference Books:

1. K. K. Dewett and Varma: Elements of Economic Theory

2. H. L. Ahuja: Advanced Economic Theory

3. Varshney and Maheshwari: Managerial Economics

4. D. N. Dwivedi: Managerial Economics

5. M. L. Seth: Micro Economic

6. H. Craig Peterson and W. Cris Lewis: Managerial Economics

Structure of Course Examination

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) by the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

Internal Evaluation System

Internal Tests	25 Marks
Class participation / Case analysis and presentation/ assignment, tutorials/ slip tests (announced/ surprised), quizzes etc.	25 Marks
Total	50 Marks

Component, the end semester examination, which will be a written-type examination of at least 2:00 hours duration, would also form an integral component to the evaluation. The ratio of marks to be allotted to Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) and to end semester examination is 50:50.

The external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the semester. The format includes subjective, objective and applications questions so the test of students can be done on parameters like conceptual knowledge, its application in actual sense, his or her memory and presence of mind. The structure is as under:

		Total	(50)
Historiani, e S	RETUR	(It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs etc)	
y	Q.5	(any 10 out of 12 or any 5 out of 7).	(10)
tron alle	modules	Objective Questions (Equal weightage from all modules from Unit No. 1 to Unit No. 4)	
	Q.4	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 4)	(10)
	Q.3	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 3)	(10)
devices the second	Q.2	10 marks (Unit No. 2)	(10)
0	Q.1	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 1)	(10)



K.S.K.V. KACHCHH UNIVERSITY

Bachelor of Commerce

Semester-III ID/MD 301B

Export Import Management - III

Unit No.	Particulars	No. of
CHIL 110.		Lectures
		/ Hours
Unit 1	Unit-1: What is Export, Why Export and How to Export? Definition of Export, Why Export, Comparative Advantage, Import-Substitution Problems, How Exports Benefit a Country, Why Should a Businessman Export Risk of Expanding in-to Domestic or Foreign Markets, How to Export, Basineroblems of Exports, Assessing Export Potential, Management's Goals and Priorities, Building up A Market Profile.	
Unit 2	The state of the s	
Unit 3	Unit-3 Export Marketing Mix & Marketing Channels: Introduction: Elements of Marketing Mix, Marketing Mix of Manufacturers, Marketing Channels, Role of marketing channels, Variation in Basic Marketing Channels, Methods of Entry into Foreign Market, Distribution Channels, Functions of Distribution Channels, Direct Marketing, Advantages and Disadvantages of Indirect Marketing, Type of importers	15
Unit 4	Unit-4 Sales Promotion and Export Pricing:	15
	Planning the Selling, Planning Sales Promotion Literature, Selling to Buyers from Abroad, Persona Selling by Visits Abroad, Sending Export Samples to Prospective Buyers, Export Control Items, Export Procedure of sample Items Export Costing and Pricing, Methods for Export Pricing. (25%)	
	Total	60

Course Objectives: Main objective of this course to inspire and motivate the students about how to do export and import business. This chapter will help to understand about marketing aspects of export & import business.

Course Outcomes: There are two biggest ports, SEZs. CFS, ICDs and many more export import related activities in this region of Kachchh. This subject may help students to get Export import practice base knowledge to get employment and entrepreneurial opportunities to the local commerce graduates.



Reference Books:

- 1. 1. How to Export, Nabhi Publication.
- 2. How to Import, Nabhi Publication
- 3. Madhurima Lall, Sultan Ahemad, Export Import Procedure and Documentation, Sultan Chand & Sons.
- 4. D. C. Kapoor, Export Management, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
- 5. Philip Kotler, Marketing Management, Pearson.

Structure of Course Examination

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) by the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

Internal Tests	25 Marks
Class participation / Case analysis and presentation/ assignment, tutorials/ slip tests (announced/ surprised), quizzes etc.	25 Marks
Total	50 Marks

Component, the end semester examination, which will be a written-type examination of at least 2:00 hours duration, would also form an integral component to the evaluation. The ratio of marks to be allotted to Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) and to end semester examination is 50:50.

The external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the semester. The format includes subjective, objective and applications questions so the test of students can be done on parameters like conceptual knowledge, its application in actual sense, his or her memory and presence of mind. The structure is as under:

the other program is a	0.1	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could	1
	Q.1	be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 1)	(10)
0	Q.2	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 2)	(10)
7.4	Q.3	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 3)	(10)
	Q.4	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 4)	(10)
	Q.5	Objective Questions (Equal weightage from all modules from Unit No. 1 to Unit No. 4) (any 10 out of 12 or any 5 out of 7) (It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs etc)	(10)
. THE		Total	(50)



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K.S.K.V. KACHCHH UNIVERSITY

Bachelor of Commerce Semester-III ID/MD 301C

Business Environment - III

Unit No.	Particulars	No. of Lectures / Hours
Unit 1	Unit- 1: Money and National Income: Money – Meaning, Functions, Components of Money Supply; National Income – Meaning, Various Concepts of National Income, Methods of measuring NI with its limitations.	15
Unit 2	Unit- 2: International Trade and Balance of Payment: Foreign Trade – Trends, Quantum, Composition, Direction; Foreign Trade Policy – Import Policy and Export Policy; New EXIM Policy; Balance of Payment – Meaning, Structure, Trends.	15
Unit 3	Unit- 3: Monetary Policy: RBI – Functions; Components of Money Supply; Monetary Policy – Meaning, Objectives, Tools, Evaluation; Working and Problems of Nationalised Banks and Private Banks.	15
Unit 4	Unit- 4: Fiscal Policy: Fiscal Policy – Meaning, Objectives, Tools; Indian Tax Structure – Characteristics, Defects, GST- concept; Public Expenditure – Meaning objectives, causes of growth of public expenditure; Deficit Financing – Types Need, Effects.	15
	Total	60

Course Objective: This subject will impart learning of various theories of international trade, economics of international trade, theories and practice of trade regulations and restrictions in the international trade including trade cartels and market blockade.

Course Outcome: After the completion of this course the students will be able to understand the concept, meaning and forms of economic integration, its impact on the developing countries, regional trade blocs and the advantages and disadvantages of globalization.



Reference Books:

- 1. Misra S.K. and V.K. Puri, Indian Economy, Himalaya Publishing Co., Bombay
- 2. Ruddar Datt and KPM Sundharam: Indian Economy.

Structure of Course Examination

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) by the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

Internal Tests	25 Marks
Class participation / Case analysis and presentation/ assignment, tutorials/ slip tests (announced/ surprised), quizzes etc.	25 Marks
Total	50 Marks

Component, the end semester examination, which will be a written-type examination of at least 2:00 hours duration, would also form an integral component to the evaluation. The ratio of marks to be allotted to Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) and to end semester examination is 50:50.

The external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the semester. The format includes subjective, objective and applications questions so the test of students can be done on parameters like conceptual knowledge, its application in actual sense, his or her memory and presence of mind. The structure is as under:

	Total	(50)
Q.5	Objective Questions (Equal weightage from all modules from Unit No. 1 to Unit No. 4) (any 10 out of 12 or any 5 out of 7) (It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs etc)	(10)
Q.4	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 4)	(10)
Q.3	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 3)	
Q.2	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 2)	
Q.1	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 1)	



Course No.	Course Type	Title of Course	Selection	Credits
401 A	DSC-M	Advance Accounting (Cost Account – II)	(Select anyone)	4
401 B	DSC-M	Advance Statistics (Continuous Probability Distribution)		
402 A	DSC-M	Advance Accounting (Business Accounting – IV)	(Select anyone)	4
402 B	DSC-M	Advance Statistics (Optimization Technique)		
403A	DSC-M	Advance Accounting (Personal Tax Planning & Management – II)	(Select anyone)	
403B	DSC-M	Advance Statistics (Industrial Statistics)		4
401A	MIC	Business Administration – III		4
401B	MIC	Business Management – III		
401C	MIC	Banking & Finance – III	(Select anyone)	
401D	MIC	Statistics – III		
401E	MIC	Computer Application – III		
401F	MIC	Accounting – III		
401	AEC	Separate basket will be provided for AEC, SEC and CVAC papers by University	(Select any one)	2
401	SEC	Separate basket will be provided for AEC, SEC and CVAC papers by University	(Select anyone)	2
401	CVAC	Separate basket will be provided for AEC, SEC and CVAC papers by University	(Select anyone)	2
		and CVAC papers by Chrycistry TOTAL	(201000 1111) 0110)	22



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K.S.K.V. KACHCHH UNIVERSITY

Bachelor of Commerce Semester-IV

DSC -M 401A

Cost Account - II

	Unit No	. Particulars	No. of Lectures / Hours
0	Unit 1	Unit Costing: - Introduction and Meaning - Elements of Cost - Cost sheet - Tender Price and Estimated Cost Sheet - Practical Questions	15
# C	Unit 2	Reconciliation of Cost and Financial Account - Introduction & Meaning - Causes of difference in Result (Profit/ Loss) of Cost and Financial Accounts - Need of Reconciliation of Cost and Financial Accounts - Procedure of Reconciliation ➤ Methods of preparing Reconciliation statement ➤ Reconciliation statement pro-forma ➤ Overheads account : Preparing Rule and method - Practical Questions	15
0	Unit 3	Contract Costing Introduction-Meaning and characteristics Expenses and of Contract Special items [Certified Work, Uncertified Work and Work-in-Progress] Ascertainment of Profit or Loss on contract Types of Contract 1. Fixed Price Contract 2. Cost-Plus Contract 3. Sub -Contract 4. Escalation Clause Practical Questions (Excluding practical questions to prepare Final accounts in	15
Renata 1	Unit 4	the books of Contractor) Job and Batch Costing Introduction-Job costing: Meaning and characteristics Job Costing and Contract Costing Importance- advantages and limitations of job costing	15

Course Objectives:

- The course aims to develop understanding among learners about contemporary cost concept and rational approach towards cost systems and cost ascertainment.

- The course also aims to provide knowledge about various methods of cost determination under specific situations and to acquire the ability to use information determined through cost accounting for decision making purpose.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of the course, learners will be able to:

- 1. Understand concept of cost unit and ascertain the cost per unit;
- 2. Make reconciliation of cost and financial accounts;
- 3. Determine cost under contract costing;
- 4. Determine cost under job and batch costing.

Reference Books:

- 1. Arora, M.N. Cost Accounting Principles and Practice, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi
- 2. Banarjee, B. (2014). Cost Accounting Theory and Practice. New Delhi: PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Kishor, R. M. (2019). Taxman's Cost Accounting. New Delhi: Taxmann Publication Pvt. Ltd. Lal,
- 4. J., & Srivastava, S. (2013). Cost Accounting. New Delhi: McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Mowen,
- 5. M. M., & Hansen, D. R. (2005). Cost Management. Stanford: Thomson.
- 6. Jawahar Lal, Cost Accounting, McGraw Hill Education.
- 7. P.C. Tulsian, Practical Costing, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
- 8. M.Y. Khan, P.K. Jain, Theory and Problems in Cost Accounting, Tata McGraw Hill Publications.
- 9. Maheshwari, S.N. and S.N. Mittal, Cost Accounting: Theory and Problems, Shri Mahavir Book Depot, New Delhi.
- 10. Study Material of CA Course (New) Intermediate Level Paper 3: Cost and Management Accounting.

Structure of Course Examination

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) by the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

Internal Evaluation System	
Internal Tests	25 Marks
Class participation / Case analysis and presentation/ assignment, utorials/ slip tests (announced/ surprised), quizzes etc.	25 Marks
Total	50 Marks

-Component, the end semester examination, which will be a written-type examination of at least 2:00 hours duration, would also form an integral component to the evaluation. The ratio of marks to be allotted to Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) and to end semester examination is 50:50.

The external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the semester. The format includes subjective, objective and applications questions so the test of students can be done on parameters like conceptual knowledge, its application in actual sense, his or her memory and presence of mind. The structure is as under:



		Total	(50)
	Q.5	Objective Questions (Equal weightage from all modules from Unit No. 1 to Unit No. 4) (any 10 out of 12 or any 5 out of 7) (It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs etc)	(10)
-	Q.4	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 4)	(10)
	-Q.3	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 3)	(10)
•	Q.2	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 2)	(10)
	Q.1	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 1)	(10)

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K.S.K.V. KACHCHH UNIVERSITY

Bachelor of Commerce

Semester-IV

DSC-M 401B

Continuous Probability Distribution

Unit No.	Particulars	No. of Lectures / Hours
Unit 1	Introduction to Continuous Distributions	15
	 Overview of probability distributions 	
	Difference between discrete and continuous distributions	
	➤ Characteristics of continuous distributions	
	Probability Generating function	
	➤ Moment Generating function	
	> Characteristics function	
Unit 2	The Normal Distribution	15
	 Normal distribution and its Properties with application 	
	> Standard normal distribution, z-scores, properties and application of	
	standard normal distribution	
	> Statements of p.d.f. with derivations of their Generating functions, mean	
	and variance, other properties and their practical applications. All types of	
	numerical examples	
Unit 3	The Weibull, Gamma, Beta Type -I and Type -II Distributions	15
	➤ Weibull, Gamma, Beta Type –I and Type –II distribution and its Properties	
	with application	
	> Statements of p.d.f. with derivations of their Generating functions, mean	
	and variance, other properties and their practical applications.	
	> All types of numerical examples	
Unit 4	Exponential Distribution	15.
	Exponential distribution and its Properties with application	-
	> Statements of p.d.f. with derivations of their Generating functions, mean	
	and variance, other properties and their practical applications.	
	➤ All types of numerical examples	
	Uniform Distribution	
	➤ Uniform distribution and its Properties with application	
	> Statements of p.d.f. with derivations of their Generating functions, mean	
	and variance, other properties and their practical applications.	
	➤ All types of numerical examples	
	Total	60

COURSE OBJECTIVES

Continuous Probability distribution models and evaluates numerous real-world phenomena and anticipates future outcomes based on previous observations and trends. Statistics, economics, finance, engineering, and natural-sciences all employ probability distributions to understand and make decisions when clouded by uncertainty. The main objective of this module is to give an introduction to some widely used continuous distribution.

COURSE OUTCOMES

Students would be able to understand Probability distribution models and evaluate them. Probability distributions are used to describe the populations of real-life variables and compare them.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1) Agresti, A. and B. Finlay, Statistical Methods for the Social Science, 3rd Edition, Prentice Hall, 1997.
- 2) Daniel, W. W. and C. L. Cross, C. L., Biostatistics: A Foundation for Analysis in the Health Sciences, 10th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2013.
- 3) Hogg, R. V., J. Mckean and A. Craig, Introduction to Mathematical Statistics, Macmillan Pub. Co. Inc., 1978.
- 4) Meyer, P. L., Introductory Probability and Statistical Applications, Oxford & IBH Pub, 1975.
- 5) Stephens, L. J., Schaum's Series Outline: Beginning Statistics, 2nd Edition, McGraw Hill, 2006.
- 6) Triola, M. F., Elementary Statistics, 13th Edition, Pearson, 2017.
- 7) Weiss, N. A., Introductory Statistics, 10th Edition, Pearson, 2017.

Structure of Course Examination

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) by the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

Internal Evaluation System

Internal Tests	25 Marks
Class participation / Case analysis and presentation/ assignment, tutorials/ slip tests (announced/ surprised), quizzes etc.	25 Marks
Total	50 Marks

Component, the end semester examination, which will be a written-type examination of at least 2:00 hours duration, would also form an integral component to the evaluation. The ratio of marks to be allotted to Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) and to end semester examination is 50:50.

The external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the semester. The format includes subjective, objective and applications questions so the test of students can be done on parameters like conceptual knowledge, its application in actual sense, his or her memory and presence of mind. The structure is as under:

University examination will be of 50 Marks and 120 minutes (2.00Hrs.)

	Q.1	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 1)	(10)
	-:Q:2	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 2)	(10)
i stric in ore	iciQi3.	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 3)	(10)
TERRITAN EN ERGEN ET JERR	==Q.4	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 4)	(10)
÷ 12	Q.5	Objective Questions (Equal-weightage from all modules from Unit No. 1 to Unit No. 4) (any 10 out of 12 or any 5 out of 7)	(10)

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(It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs etc)	ile.
Total	(50)





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K.S.K.V. KACHCHH UNIVERSITY

Bachelor of Commerce

Semester-IV DSC -M 402 A

Business Accounting - IV

Unit No.	. Particulars	No. of Lectures / Hours
Unit 1	Accounts of General Insurance Company Introduction – Meaning-Types of Insurance IRDA and Insurance management [Including main Accounting Provisions ofInsurance Act- 1938, 1956, 1972, 1993 and amendments onwards and Companies Act - 2013) Only Brief introduction of vertical format of Profit & Loss Accounts and Vertical General Balance sheet. Practical Questions (Relating to prepare only Vertical Revenue Statement-Scheduled Format, excluding practical problems final accounts of general insurancecompany)	15
Unit 2	 Insolvency Accounts (Under the Provincial Insolvency Act – 1920) Introduction-Meaning Insolvency and Insolvent Brief knowledge of Insolvency Act and Procedure for declaring Insolvent Statement of Affairs- Deficiency Account – Specific items in accordance with legal matters of accounting treatments Practical Questions: (In the case of proprietor firm and of partnership firmUnder The provincial insolvency act-1920) 	
Unit 3	Operating Costing – 1 (Road Transportation) - Introduction - Meaning and Characteristics - Unit of operating cost - Operating Costing of Transportation - Road Transportation unit cost - Statement of Operating Cost: Items and Pro-forma Practical Questions relating to Road Transportation	15
Unit 4	 Operating Costing – 2 (Hotel, Hospital and Theatre) Meaning and scope of service costing, Factors in ascertaining service cost Unit of operating cost for hotel, hospital, theatre Statement of Operating Cost: Items and Pro-forma for hotel, hospital, theatre Practical Questions relating to hotel, hospital, theatre 	15
	Total	60

Course Objectives:

- The course aims to impart advanced knowledge on financial accounting applicable in business enterprises of special nature.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of the course, learners will be able to:

1. Know concept of general insurance and types of insurance.

2. Determine financial result of general insurance company;

3. Understand procedure of insolvency. Prepare statement of affairs and deficiency account underthe provincial insolvency act-1920.

4. Determine cost of road transportation under operating costing.

5. Determine cost of hotel, hospital and theatre industry under operating costing

Reference Books:

- 1. M.C.Shukla and T.S.Grewal; Advanced Accounts, (Sultan Chand & Sons, Delhi)
- 2. Narayan Swamy; Financial Accounting, (Prentice Hall India, New Delhi)

3. Dr.B.M.Agrawal and Dr. M.P.Gupta; Advanced Accounting,

4. Amitabha Mukherjee and Mohammed Hanif; Modern Accounting,

- 5. Gupta and Gupta; Principles and Practice of Accounting, (Sultan Chand & Sons, Delhi)
- 6. P.C. Tulsian; Financial Accounting, (Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co., New Delhi)

7. Dr. R.K. Sharma and Dr. R.S. Popli; Accountancy (Self Tutor),

- 8. R.S.N Pillai, Bhagawathi, S.Uma; Practical Accounting (S. Chand & Co. New Delhi)
- 9. Ashok Sehagal Deepak Sehagal; Advanced Accounting (Taxmann Allied Services, Pvt. Ltd; New Delhi
- 10. Robert N Anthony, David Hawkins, Kenneth A. Merchant, Accounting: Text and Cases. McGraw-Hill Education

Structure of Course Examination

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Internal Tests	25 Marks
Class participation / Case analysis and presentation/ assignment, tutorials/ slip tests (announced/ surprised), quizzes etc.	25 Marks
Total	50 Marks

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0.1	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying	(10)
	10 marks (Unit No. 1)	

	Total	(50)
Q.5	Objective Questions (Equal weightage from all modules from Unit No. 1 to Unit No. 4) (any 10 out of 12 or any 5 out of 7) (It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs etc)	(10)
Q.4 ·	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 4)	(10)
Q.3	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 3)	(10)
Q.2	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 2)	(10)

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K.S.K.V. KACHCHH UNIVERSITY

Bachelor of Commerce

Semester-IV DSC -M 402B

Optimization Technique

Unit No.	Particulars	No. of Lectures / Hours
Unit 1	 Transportation Problem (TP) ➤ Meaning of balanced and unbalanced Transportation Problem (TP) ➤ General Transportation table and its mathematical form for balanced TP ➤ Initial basic feasible solution (IBFS) and its cost by North-West Corner Method (NWCM), Least Cost (Matrix Minima) Method (LCM), Vogel's Approximation Method (VAM), examples based on these methods for 	15
	balanced and unbalanced TP Modified Distribution (MODI) Method, Optimality Tests, Degeneracy in T.P., Unbalanced T.P	
Unit 2	Assignment Problem (AP) and Replacement Problem (RP) Meaning of balanced Assignment problem (AP), its mathematical form Hungarian method for solving A.P. in the cases of minimization and	15
	maximization problem Constrained Assignment Problem Applications of Assignment Problems Traveling Salesman Problem	
	Meaning of Replacement Problem, simple examples of Replacement Problem when the units are deteriorating with time and the value of money remains unchanged.	
Unit 3	 Queuing Theory and Sequencing Problem ▶ Basic Concept for a Queuing system, Study of (M/M/1:∞/FIFO) AND (M/M/m:∞/FIFO) (without Prof) queues with simple properties application of queuing theory without any mathematical derivation ▶ Problems of sequencing ▶ Sequencing of n jobs on two and three machines 	15
TI24 A	> Application of sequencing Problems PERT and CPM Techniques	15
Unit 4	 Meaning and characteristics of PERT Explanation of basic terms like activity, event, dummy activity, optimistic 	->
	time, pessimistic time, most likely time, expected time. > Fulkerson's rules for numbering the events > Meaning of Critical Path Method (CPM), > Differences between PERT and CPM	(124 Min
	 Earliest start time, Earliest finish time, Latest start time, Latest finish time, total float time of activity Uses and limitations of PERT and CPM and simple examples on the basis of 	-

	Total	60
	Project Evaluation and Review Technique (PERT), Applications of CPM and PERT	
 >	Determination of Floats: Total Float, Free Float and Independent Float,	
	all above	

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- > The students will get the knowledge of operations research, optimization Technique and its application.
- > Student should able to understand the application of statistical methods in the various field.

COURSE OUTCOMES

- Understand the concept of Optimization Technique.
- > Gain knowledge about Assignment and transportation problems.
- > Solve Assignment and transportation problems to obtain optimum solution.
- > Gain knowledge about sequencing problems, travelling salesman problem and various methods to solve sequencing problems.
- > Understand basic concepts of queuing models and will be able to write and solve the steady state equations for various queuing models.
- ➤ Understand different concepts of Network Analysis, Construct Network Diagrams, draw conclusion from Network using PERT analysis and CPM analysis.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Gupta P.K., Man Mohan: Operation Research Statistical Analysis -, Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi
- 2. G. Srinivasan: Operation Research, Prentice Hall India
- 3. H. A. Taha, Operations. Research, Macmillan Publishing Co. Inc.
- 4. Vohra N.D, Quantitative Techniques in Management Tata Mc Graw Hill, New Delhi.
- 5. J. K. Sharma: O.R. Theory and Applications, Macmillan India Ltd.
- 6. Anderson, Sweeney, Williams, An Introduction to Management Science Quantitative Approach to Decision Making, Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- 7. Barry Render, Ralph M. Stair, Michael E. Hanna, Quantitative Analysis for Management, Pearson Education (Singapore) Pvt. Ltd.

Structure of Course Examination

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1	Internal Evaluation System	a antili di 14 fêst
	Internal Tests	25 Marks
	Class participation / Case analysis and presentation/ assignment, tutorials/ slip tests (announced/ surprised), quizzes etc.	25 Marks
	Total	50 Marks



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	Total	(50)
Q.5	Objective Questions (Equal weightage from all modules from Unit No. 1 to Unit No. 4) (any 10 out of 12 or any 5 out of 7) (It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs etc)	(10)
Q.4	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 4)	(10)
Q.3	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 3)	(10)
Q.2	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 2)	(10)
Q.1	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 1)	(10)



K.S.K.V. KACHCHH UNIVERSITY

Bachelor of Commerce

Semester-IV DSC -M 403 A

Personal Tax Planning & Management - II

Unit No.	Particulars	No. of Lectures / Hours
Unit 1	Income Tax Computation Under The Head-Business or Profession ➤ Introduction and Meaning ➤ Income under the head "Business or Profession" ➤ Tax planning measures relating to income from Business or Profession ➤ Computation of income tax under the head of Business or Profession	15
Unit 2	Income Under The Head-Capital Gains ➤ Introduction ➤ Income under the head "Capital Gains" ➤ Tax planning measures relating to income from Capital Gains ➤ Computation of income tax under the head of Capital Gains	15
Unit 3	 Tax Planning Through Investments Introduction Tax planning through various tax saving investment avenues available for individuals and HUF like Mutual funds unit linked insurance plans, Bonds, Equity linked savings schemes, Post office savings schemes and others. Tax deductions under Income-tax Act. 	15
Unit 4	Tax Management Deduction, collection and recovery of tax: Advance tax, tax deduction at source, tax collection at source, refund Assessment Procedures, Income – Tax Authorities and Appeal and Revision: Income-tax authorities, filing return of income, self-assessment, summary assessment, scrutiny assessment, best judgement assessment, time limit forcompletion of assessments and appeals and revisions.	15
	Total	60

Course Objectives:

The course aims to enable learners to understand the importance of tax planning and use various instruments and measures for tax planning.

It also aims to explain how systematic investment and selection of investment avenues can help in tax planning.

The course provides an insight into tax management by developing an understanding of the provisions relating to deduction and collection of tax at source, advance tax, refund, assessment



procedures and provisions relating to income-tax authorities and appeals and revisions.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of the course, learners will be able to:

- 1. Examine how tax planning is permitted under different provisions of the Income Tax Act;
- 2. Determine tax liability under the head of Business or Profession;
- 3. Determine tax liability under the head of Capital Gains;
- 4. Choose the avenues of investment with an intent to reduce tax liabilities and identify merits and limitations of different means of investments and examine various provisions relating to deduction and collection of tax at source and advance tax obligations;
- 5. Examine the provisions relating to survey, search and seizure and the related powers of various income-tax authorities.

Reference Books:

- 1. Ahuja, G., & Gupta, R. (2018). Direct Taxes Ready Reckoner. New Delhi: Wolters Kluwer India Private Limited.
- 2. Gaur, V. P., Narang, D. B., & Gaur, P. (2018). *Income Tax Law and Practice*. New Delhi: Kalyani Publishers.
- 3. Singhania, V. K., & Singhania, K. (2020). Direct Taxes: Law & Practice. New Delhi: Taxmann Publication.

Structure of Course Examination

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Internal Evaluation System	
Internal Tests	25 Marks
Class participation / Case analysis and presentation/ assignment, tutorials/ slip tests (announced/ surprised), quizzes etc.	25 Marks
Total	50 Marks

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ουQ:1	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 1)	(10)
Q.2	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 2)	(10)
Q.3	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 3)	(10)

	Total	(50)
Q.5	Objective Questions (Equal weightage from all modules from Unit No. 1 to Unit No. 4) (any 10 out of 12 or any 5 out of 7) (It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs etc)	(10)
Q.4	10 marks (Unit No. 4)	(10)

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K.S.K.V. KACHCHH UNIVERSITY

Bachelor of Commerce

Semester-IV DSC -M 403 B

Industrial Statistics

Unit No.	Particulars	No. of Lectures / Hours
Unit 1	Business forecasting - I	15
	Meaning and uses of Business Forecasting	
	> Different methods of Forecasting: Regression Analysis, Index Numbers,	
	Economic models, Input output models, Opinion poll method,	
	Extrapolation, Graphical method (Only theoretical explanation of these	
	methods)	
	> Least Square method for linear and quadratic relationship between the variables	
	Examples based on these two methods along with their theoretical explanation	
Unit 2	Business forecasting - II	15
	> Meaning and uses of time series	
	> Various components of time series, determination of trend by using	
	graphical, moving average and least square method	
	> To separate seasonal component by using sale forecasts and seasonal	
	variation by using moving average method, link relative method, with	
	examples.	
	Exponential Smoothing Method with examples.	
Unit 3	Input - Output Analysis	15
	➤ Meaning of Input - output analysis	
	> Assumption and limitations	
	> Leontief's static open model - importance and application of the model	
	➤ Simple examples up to the matrix of order 3×3	4.5
Unit 4	Interpolation - Extrapolation	15
	> Meaning and definition of Interpolation-Extrapolation	
	> Application / uses and Assumptions	
	➤ Binomial Expansion Method and Newton's Method of advancing	
	differences.	
	➤ Simple examples.	- T- T- Z- A
- 11	Total	60

COURSE OBJECTIVES

> Statistics plays an important role in industries, companies, and markets like manufacturing, quality control, quality assurance, it helps with decision making, forecasting, performance measurement, planning, and identifying relationships between variables, market research, identifying trends, measuring marketing program effectiveness, and determining consumer preferences to inform marketing strategies.

COURSE OUTCOMES

Industrial Statistics is crucial in business as it helps students to make decisions based on historical data and ongoing trends, analyze data for decision-making, revealing trends, forecasting performance, optimizing operations, and driving strategic planning to enhance profitability and reduce risks.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Anand M. Joglekar: Industrial Statistics: Practical Methods and Guidance for Improved Performance
- 2. Chaman L. Jain: Fundamentals of Demand Planning and Forecasting
- 3. J. Eric Wilson: Predictive Analytics for Business Forecasting & Planning
- 4. Thomas S. Wallace: Sales & Operations Planning: Beyond the Basics
- 5. Charles Chase Demand-Driven Forecasting: A Structured Approach
- 6. Al & C. L. Jain Migliaro: An Executive's Guide to Econometric Forecasting

Structure of Course Examination

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) by the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

Internal Evaluation System

Internal Tests	25 Marks
Class participation / Case analysis and presentation/ assignment, tutorials/ slip tests (announced/ surprised), quizzes etc.	25 Marks
Total	50 Marks

Component, the end semester examination, which will be a written-type examination of at least 2:00 hours duration, would also form an integral component to the evaluation. The ratio of marks to be allotted to Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) and to end semester examination is 50:50.

The external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the semester. The format includes subjective, objective and applications questions so the test of students can be done on parameters like conceptual knowledge, its application in actual sense, his or her memory and presence of mind. The structure is as under:

	Q.1.	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 1)	(10)
	Q.2	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 2)	(10)
	;Q.3	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 3)	(10)
		Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 4)	(10)
: 21 OTH THE T	Q.5	Objective Questions (Equal weightage from all modules from Unit No. 1 to Unit No. 4) (any 10 out of 12 or any 5 out of 7) (It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs etc)	(10)
int.		F SEF4 Total State of the Park	(50)

K.S.K.V. KACHCHH UNIVERSITY

Bachelor of Commerce

Semester-IV

MIC 401 A

Business Administration – III (HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT)

Unit No.	Particulars	No. of Lectures
		/ Hours
Unit 1	INTRODUCTION: Personal Management: Introduction, Meaning, Definition, Features, Importance Human Resource Management: Introduction, Meaning, Definition, Features, Objectives, Scope Functions, Importance, Limitations, HRM and Personal Management, HRM in India, Challenges.	15
Unit 2	ACQUISITION OF HUMAN RESOURCE: Human resource planning: Introduction, Meaning, Definition, Features, Need, Objectives, Importance, Factors affecting to HRP, Job analysis, Job description and job specification.	15
Unit 3	RECRUITMENT AND SELECTION: Recruitment: Introduction, Meaning, Definition, Recruitment Policy, Situational Factors Affecting Recruitment, Scientific and non-scientific recruitment process, Sources of Recruitment (Internal and External), Methods of Recruitment. Selection: Introduction, Meaning, Definition, Selection Process including types of trade test, Test and interview.	15
Unit 4	Appointment and Induction. TRAINING AND DEVELOPMENT: Introduction, Meaning, Definition, Importance, Needs, Types, Scope of training, Training and development methods, Training process outsourcing.	15
	Total	60

Course Objectives:

To acquaint learners with the techniques and principles to manage human resources of an organization.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of the course, learners will be able to;

- (1) Understand the basic concepts of a personnel management and Human resources:
- (2)Know about the principles, polices and practice of human resources management.
- Prepare human resource plans and maintain human resource records.
 - (4) Enable the employees to attain balance the work life.
 - (5) Prepare a report on job analysis and organize an induction programme in an organization
 - (6) Analyze the applicability and use of different kinds of training and development strategies in real life scenarios.

Reference Books:

- (1) Mondy, A. W., & Noe, R. M. (1999). Human Resource Management. London: Pearson.
- (2) Decenzo, D. A., & Robbins, S. P. (2009). Fundamentals of HRM. NewJersey: Wiley.
- (3) Dessler, G., & Varkkey, B. (2011). Human Resource Management. New Delhi: Pearson Edu.
- (4) Chhabra, T. N. (2004). Human Resource Management. Delhi: Dhanpat Rai & Co...
- (5) Aswathappa, K. (2007). Human Resource Management. New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill.
- (6) French, W. L. (1994). Human Resource Management. Boston: Haughten Miffin.
- (7) Gupta, C. B. (2018). Human Resource Management. Delhi: Sultan Chand & Sons.
- (8) Rao, V. S. P. (2002). Human Resource Management: Text and Cases. Delhi: Excel Books.

Note: Learners are advised to use the latest edition of readings.

Structure of Course Examination

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) by the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

Internal Evaluation System

Internal Tests	25 Marks
Class participation / Case analysis and presentation/ assignment, tutorials/ slip tests (announced/ surprised), quizzes etc.	25 Marks
Total	50 Marks

Component, the end semester examination, which will be a written-type examination of at least 2:00 hours duration, would also form an integral component to the evaluation. The ratio of marks to be allotted to Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) and to end semester examination is 50:50.

The external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the semester. The format includes subjective, objective and applications questions so the test of students can be done on parameters like conceptual knowledge, its application in actual sense, his or her memory and presence of mind. The structure is as under:

3-3-		Total Total	(50)
of Laist, dhe	His	(It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs etc)	
	Q.5	(any 10 out of 12 or any 5 out of 7)	(10)
s mem all:	auto	Objective Questions (Equal weightage from all modules from Unit No. 1 to Unit No. 4)	
*		10 marks (Unit No. 4)	
infermation acq	Q.4	be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying	(10)
O. marks w.3	TIR	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could	
84	-	10 marks (Unit No. 3)	-
Man dicti			
31200000000	45	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could	
	`	10 marks (Unit No. 2)	
	Q.2	be allong question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying	(10)
		Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could	
	Q.1	10 marks (Unit No. 1)	(10)
- Lynne II	Q.1	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying	(10)
		Answer two short questions comming of montes each OP Any one question which could	

K.S.K.V. KACHCHH UNIVERSITY

Bachelor of Commerce

Semester-IV-

MIC 401 B

<u>Business Management – III</u> (INVENTORY MANAGEMENT)

Unit No.	Particulars	No. o
		Lecture
		/ Hour
CIIIC I	INTRODUCTION TO INVENTROY MANAGEMENT Introduction-Meaning, need to managing inventory, objectives, Merits and demerits of keeping inventory, Inventory Management: Meaning and Objectives, System of Inventory Management, Importance of inventory Management, Prerequisites for good inventory Management	15
Unit 2	MATERIAL PURCHASE AND MATERIAL INSPECTION (A)Material Purchase -Introduction- Meaning – importance, Material Requisition form, Process of Material Purchase (B) Material receiving and inspection of goods: Introduction, Meaning of Material receiving, Inspection of Materials Meaning and Importance	15
Unit 3	MATERIAL STORAGE AND MATERIAL CONTROL (A) Material Storage: Introduction and Meaning, Function of storage keeping, Material storage Organization – Meaning and Formation, Affecting Factors in Formation of Material Organization, Procedure of Material storage Department Bin- card, Methods of Pricing for issuing of Material (Excluding Practical Question), (FIFO – LIFO – HIFO – NIFO -Simple Average -Weighted Average) (B) Material Control: Introduction, Meaning, Objectives and Importance, Scope and Function, Methods of Material Control, Different levels of Material, Limitation of Material Control	15
Unit 4	MATERIAL HANDLING Introduction, Meaning, Objectives and Importance, Types of Material Handling, Affecting Factors at Material Handling, Guiding principles Material Handling, Equipment of Material Handling, Modern Trends of Material Handling	15
	Total	60

Course Objectives:

The course aims to familiarize the students with material which is the essential element of cost.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of the course, learners will be able to: 1. Analyse material purchase and inspection. 2. Evaluate the various methods of material control. 3. Examine the dynamics of the most suitable methods of pricing for issuing of material. 4. Examine and understand modern trends of material handling.

Structure of Course Examination

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) by the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

Internal Evaluation System

Internal Tests	25 Marks
Class participation / Case analysis and presentation/ assignment, tutorials/ slip tests (announced/ surprised), quizzes etc.	25 Marks
Total	50 Marks

Component, the end semester examination, which will be a written-type examination of at least 2:00 hours duration, would also form an integral component to the evaluation. The ratio of marks to be allotted to Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) and to end semester examination is 50:50.

The external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the semester. The format includes subjective, objective and applications questions so the test of students can be done on parameters like conceptual knowledge, its application in actual sense, his or her memory and presence of mind. The structure is as under:

	Total	(50)
Q.5	Objective Questions (Equal weightage from all modules from Unit No. 1 to Unit No. 4) (any 10 out of 12 or any 5 out of 7) (It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs etc)	(10)
Q.4	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 4)	(10)
Q.3	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 3)	(10)
Q:2	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 2)	(10)
Q.1	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 1)	(10)

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K.S.K.V. KACHCHH UNIVERSITY

Bachelor of Commerce

Semester-IV MIC 401 C

Banking & Finance – III

Unit No.	Particulars Particulars	No.	of
		Lectu	ıres
		/ Ho	urs
Unit 1	PRIVATE AND MULTINATIONAL BANKS - Privatization in Banking sector - Arguments in favour of Privatization in Banking sector - Guidelines of RBI for Private banks - Banks of the Private sector - Multinational banks.		5
Unit 2	INTRODUCTION TO NEW BANKING INSTITUTIONS - Meaning and types of New Banking Institutions; - Detailed Explanation of, (I) Payment Banks (ii) Small Finance Banks (iii) MUDRA Bank (iv) Mahila Bank (v) Local Area Bank (LAB)	1:	5
Unit 3	DEVELOPMENT PLANS OF BANK - Introduction - Merchant travelling banking - Deposit insurance scheme - Mutual funds - Modernization in the Banking sector - NBFCs - Development of NBFCs - Extent of online banking	1:	5
Unit 4	BANK FINANCE Meaning and importance Objectives of finances - Types of finance in reference to Securities - Different types of Securities - Government and stock exchange securities - Land and Building - Documents of Goods' Life and Entitlement of goods' Insurance Policy - Debtors Fixed Deposits		5
	Total	6	0

Course Objectives:

To aware about some basic mechanism of banking system.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of the course, learners will be able to:

- (1) To get knowledge regarding different sorts /types of Banks.
- (2) To be aware regarding the newly introduced Banking Institutions.
- (3) To aware about the different development plans of Banks.
- (4) To awail about the BANK Financing policies and procedures and practices and also get knowledge of Indian Banking activities.

Structure of Course Examination

Internal Evaluation System

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) by the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

Internal Tests 25 Marks

Class participation / Case analysis and presentation/ assignment, tutorials/ slip tests (announced/ surprised), quizzes etc.	25 Marks
Total	50 Marks

Component, the end semester examination, which will be a written-type examination of at least 2:00 hours duration, would also form an integral component to the evaluation. The ratio of marks to be allotted to Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) and to end semester examination is 50:50.

The external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the semester. The format includes subjective, objective and applications questions so the test of students can be done on parameters like conceptual knowledge, its application in actual sense, his or her memory and presence of mind. The structure is as under:

	Total	(50)
Q.5	Objective Questions (Equal weightage from all modules from Unit No. 1 to Unit No. 4) (any 10 out of 12 or any 5 out of 7) (It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs etc)	(10)
Q:4	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 4)	(10)
Q.:	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 3)	(10)
Q.2	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 2)	(10)
Q.	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 1)	

K.S.K.V. KACHCHH UNIVERSITY

Bachelor of Commerce

Semester-IV

MIC_401 D

Statistics (Paper - III) Industrial Statistics

Unit No. Particulars	No. o
	Lecture
	7/ Hour
Unit 1 Business forecasting - I	15
Meaning and uses of Business Forecasting	
> Different methods of Forecasting: Regression Analysis, Index Number	rs,
Economic models, Input output models, Opinion poll metho	d,
Extrapolation, Graphical method (Only theoretical explanation of the	se
methods)	
> Least Square method for linear and quadratic relationship between the	he
variables	
Examples based on these two methods along with their theoretic	al
explanation	
Unit 2 Business forecasting - II	15
Meaning and uses of time series	
> Various components of time series, determination of trend by using	ng
graphical, moving average and least square method	
> To separate seasonal component by using sale forecasts and season	ıal
variation by using moving average method, link relative method, w	ith
examples.	
Exponential Smoothing Method with examples.	
Unit 3 Input - Output Analysis	15
➤ Meaning of Input - output analysis	
> Assumption and limitations	
➤ Leontief's static open model - importance and application of the model	
➤ Simple examples up to the matrix of order 3×3	
Unit 4 Interpolation - Extrapolation	-15
➤ Meaning and definition of Interpolation- Extrapolation	
> Application / uses and Assumptions	
Binomial Expansion Method and Newton's Method of advanci	ng
differences.	
➤ Simple examples.	11 11
Total	60

COURSE OBJECTIVES

Statistics plays an important role in industries, companies, and markets like manufacturing, quality control, quality assurance, it helps with decision making, forecasting, performance measurement, planning, and identifying relationships between variables, market research, identifying trends, measuring marketing program effectiveness, and determining consumer preferences to inform marketing strategies.

COURSE OUTCOMES

Industrial Statistics is crucial in business as it helps students to make decisions based on historical data and ongoing trends, analyze data for decision-making, revealing trends, forecasting performance, optimizing operations, and driving strategic planning to enhance profitability and reduce risks.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Anand M. Joglekar: Industrial Statistics: Practical Methods and Guidance for Improved Performance
- 2. Chaman L. Jain: Fundamentals of Demand Planning and Forecasting
- 3. J. Eric Wilson: Predictive Analytics for Business Forecasting & Planning
- 4. Thomas S. Wallace: Sales & Operations Planning: Beyond the Basics
- 5. Charles Chase Demand-Driven Forecasting: A Structured Approach
- 6. Al & C. L. Jain Migliaro: An Executive's Guide to Econometric Forecasting

Structure of Course Examination

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) by the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

Internal Evaluation System

Internal Tests	25 Marks
Class participation / Case analysis and presentation/ assignment, tutorials/ slip tests (announced/ surprised), quizzes etc.	25 Marks
Total	50 Marks

Component, the end semester examination, which will be a written-type examination of at least 2:00 hours duration, would also form an integral component to the evaluation. The ratio of marks to be allotted to Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) and to end semester examination is 50:50.

The external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the semester. The format includes subjective, objective and applications questions so the test of students can be done on parameters like conceptual knowledge, its application in actual sense, his or her memory and presence of mind. The structure is as under:

	Q.1	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 1)	(10)
. 1	Q.2	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 2)	(10)
* 8% 27 .X		Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long-question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 3)	(10)
	1000	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 4)	(10)
	Q.5	Objective Questions (Equal weightage from all modules from Unit No. 1 to Unit No. 4) (any 10 out of 12 or any 5 out of 7). (It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs etc)	(10)
B manufacture in		Total Como Rock	(50)

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K.S.K.V. KACHCHH UNIVERSITY

Bachelor of Commerce

Semester-IV

MIC 401 E

Computer Application – III (DBMS)

UnitNo	Particulars	No.of Lectures / Hours
Unit1	THEORY OF DBMS	15
	> Introduction	
	Definition of DBMS	
	> File processing system Vs DBMS	
	➤ Limitation of file processing system	1
	Comparison of File processing system and DBMS	
	Advantages and Disadvantages of DBMS	
	➤ Users of DBMS	-
	Database Designers, Application programmer	
	Sophisticated Users, End Users	1
	Capabilities of good DBMS	
	Overall System structure	
Unit2	THEORY OF Data Models AND RDBMS	15
	➢ Object Based Logical Model	
	Record Base Logical Model	
	Relational Model, Network Model, Hierarchical Model	
	> Entity Relationship Model	-
	Entity Set, Attribute, Relationship Set	
	Entity Relationship Diagram (ERD)	
	Extended features of ERD	
	> Relational Databases	
	> Terms - Relation, Tuple, Attribute, Cardinality, Degree, Domain	
	> Keys - Super Key, Candidate Key, Primary Key, Foreign Key	
	Relational Algebra Operations - Select, Project, Union, Difference,	
	Intersection, Cartesian, Product, Natural Join	
Unit3	PRACTICAL BASED ON MS ACCESS	15
CIIIG	> Working with MS-Access	10
	➤ MS ACCESS –OVERVIEW Overview	
	MS ACCESS —Objects Tables, Query, Form, Report	
	> MS ACCESS —Data Types	
	 Create Blank Database, MS ACCESS —Create Tables, Adding Data, 	
	> Create Forms	
	> Inserting data using Forms	
	> Query Data	
Unit4	PRACTICAL OF QUERY	15
CIIIC4	➤ MS ACCESS —Query Criteria ,Create an Update Query,	15
***	> Create a Delete Query,	
	Create a Belief Query,Create a Report Using Report Design,	
	Formatting Reports,	
	➤ MS ACCESS —BUILT-IN-FUNCTIONS,	
	Date & Time Functions Date Diff() Function Format() Function IIf()	
	Function,	
	MS ACCESS —Data Import MS ACCESS —Data Export	

Course Objectives:

- To impart Data Processing and Analyzing related skills to the students
- To provide students with the skills to design and implement efficient and effective databases that can meet the requirements of modern applications.
- To teach students how to use DBMS to manage and manipulate data in a database.
- To develop skill for programming in DBMS.

Learning Outcomes:

- Ability to identify and solve common database design and implementation problems.
- Understanding of the key issues involved in processing data in a database.
- Ability to process the data using programming technique.

Reference Books:

- 1. Foxpro 2.5 Made Simple by R. K. Taxali, BPB Publication
- 2. Programming in Foxpro 2.6 by Gagan Sahoo, Khanna Publication

Structure of Course Examination

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation(CCE) by the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

Internal Evaluation System

Internal Tests	25 Marks
Class participation /Case analysis and presentation/ assignment, tutorials/slip	25Marks
tests(announced/surprised),quizzes etc.	
Total	50Marks

Component, the end semester examination, which will be a written-type examination of at least 1:00 hours duration, would also form an integral component to the evaluation. The ratio of marks to be allotted to Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) and to end semester examinations 50:50.

The external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the semester. The format includes subjective, objective and applications questions so the test of students can be done on parameters like conceptual knowledge, its application in actual sense, his or her memory and presence of mind. The structure is as under:

University Theory examination will be of 25 Marks and 60minutes (1.00Hrs.)

	Office sity Theory examination will be of 25 warks and commutes (1.00)	(10)
Q.1	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question	
	which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical	
	problem etc. carrying10marks(UnitNo.1)	
Q.2	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question	(10)
	which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical	
	problem etc. carrying10marks(UnitNo.2)	
Q.3	Objective Questions (Equal weight age from all modules from UnitNo.1to	(5)
	Unit No. 2) (any 5 out of 7)	
44742 T 547	(It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs	
	etc)(UnitNo.1 AND 2)	
Total		(25)

The set of 15 Marks has Practical University examination will be of 25 Marks based on unit 3 and 4.



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K.S.K.V. KACHCHH UNIVERSITY

Bachelor of Commerce

Semester-IV MIC 401 F

ACCOUNTING - III

Unit No.	Particulars	No. of Lectures / Hours
Unit 1	Introduction to Cost Accounting: Meaning and definition; Need for Cost Accounting; Advantage and limitations; Cost Accounting and Financial Accounting; Cost concepts and cost objects; Elements of cost and classification of costs; methods of costing; Techniques of costing (with emphasis on Uniform costing); Cost centre and Cost unit; Installation of good cost accounting system.	15
Unit 2	Materials: Definition of inventory; Materials and material control; Objectives of material control; Its necessity and advantages; Purchase and stores routine; Control of inventory through EOQ, determination of various stock levels, JIT and ABC system; Methods of pricings of issues of material - FIFO, LIFO, Base Stock price, Weighted average price, periodic weighted average price, standard price and replacement price; Meaning and treatment of Waste, Scrap, Spoilage and Defectives	15
Unit 3	Labour: Direct and Indirect Labour cost; Labour cost accounting and Labour records; Remuneration methods - Time wage system and piece wage system; Bonus systems (Individual and Group incentive plans) - Halsey Premium plan, Rowan Plan, Taylor's differential piece rate system, Bedeaux Plan, Merrick's multiple piece rate system, Gantt task & bonus system, Profit sharing and Co-partnership; Requisites of good wage incentive plan; Labour turnover; Cost of Labour turnover & its treatment; Concept of Idle time & its treatment; Over time premium; Casual worker & out worker; Holiday & Leave with pay; Cost of Apprentice; Employee welfare cost; Fringe benefits; Bonus and Gratuity.	15
E WES	(A)Overheads including Activity Based Costing: Definition; Classification of overheads; Techniques for segregation of	15

(B) Co	nceptual Understanding of activity based costing	
Total		60

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- > To make aware about Evolution of Accounting by providing insights about various developments in the subject.
- > To make students acquainted with cost accounting and equipthem to prepare cost statement.
- > To enable students to understand objectives and scope of Cost Accounting.
- > To enable students to understand Classification of Costs
- > To enable students to understand analysis of overheads, allocation, absorption and apportionment of overheads.

COURSE OUTCOME:

- Understand concept and nature of cost and cost accounting;
- > Determine various types of cost of production;
- Know the valuation of materials and material control techniques;
 - > Allocation and apportionment of overheads.
 - > Students would be able to understand objectives and scope of Cost Accounting.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- (1) Cost Accounting: Principles & Practice, MN AroraVikas Publishing House
- (2) Practical Costing N K sharma Shree Niwas Publication
- (3) Cost Accounting Dr P C Tulsian S.Chand
- (4) Cost Accounting Dr Murthy & S Gurusamy The McGraw Hill Companies

Structure of Course Examination

Evaluation for each course shall be done by a Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) by the concerned course teacher as well as by an end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of the course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

Internal Evaluation System

Internal Tests	25 Marks
Class participation / Case analysis and presentation/ assignment, tutorials/ slip tests (announced/ surprised), quizzes etc.	25 Marks
Total	50 Marks

Component, the end semester examination, which will be a written-type examination of at least 2:00 hours duration, would also form an integral component to the evaluation. The ratio of marks to be allotted to Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) and to end semester examination is 50:50.

The external evaluation pattern would be based on the written examination taken at the end of the reversed ensemesters. The format includes subjective, objective and applications questions so the test of students can like its application in actual sense, his or her memory and presence of mind. The structure is as under:



	Total	(50)
Q.5	Objective Questions (Equal weightage from all modules from Unit No. 1 to Unit No. 4) (any 10 out of 12 or any 5 out of 7) (It can include definitions, FIBs, True or False, one line answers, MCQs etc)	(10)
Q.4	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 4)	(10)
Q.3	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 3)	(10)
Q.2	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 2)	(10)
Q.1	Answer two short questions carrying 05 marks each OR Any one question which could be a long question, case study, application of concepts, practical problem etc carrying 10 marks (Unit No. 1)	(10)

